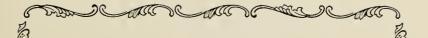


Gift of Enid Sichel In Memory of her mother









Historical Dramas

MARY STUART

THE MAID OF ORLEANS

THE BRIDE OF MESSINA

BY

FRIEDRICK SCHILLER

Volume II

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MARY STUART.

A TRAGEDY.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

ELIZABETH, Queen of England.
MARY STUART, Queen of Scots, a
Prisoner in England.
ROBERT DUDLEY, Earl of Leicester.
GEORGE TALBOT, Earl of Shrewsbury.
WILLIAM CECIL, Lord Burleigh,
Lord High Treasurer.
EARL OF KENT.
SIR WILLIAM DAVISON, Secretary
of State.
SIR AMIAS PAULET, Keeper of MARY.
SIR EDWARD MORTIMER, his Nephew.
COUNT L'AUBESPINE, the French

Ambassador.

O'KELLY, Mortimer's Friend.

Count Bellievre, Envoy Extraordinary from France.
Sir Drue Drury, another Keeper of Mary.
Sir Andrew Melvil, her House Steward.
Burgovne, her Physician.
Hannah Kennedy, her Nurse.
Margaret Curl, her Attendant.
Sheriff of the County.
Officer of the Guard.
French and English Lords.
Soldiers.
Servants of State belonging to Elizabeth.
Serrants and Female Attendants of the Queen of Scots.

ACT I.

Scene I.

A common apartment in the Castle of Fotheringay.

Hannah Kennedy, contending violently with Paulet, who is about to break open a closet; Drury with an iron crow.

KEN. How now, sir? what fresh outrage have we here? Back from that cabinet!

PAULET. Whence came the jewel?
I know 'twas from an upper chambor thrown;
And you would bribe the gardener with your trinkets.
A curse on woman's wiles! In spite of all
My strict precaution and my active search,

Still treasures here, still costly gems concealed! And doubtless there are more where this lay hid.

[Advancing towards the cubinet

Ken. Intruder, back! here lie my lady's secrets.

Paul. Exactly what I seek. [Drawing forth papers Kennedy. Mere trifling papers;

The amusements only of an idle pen,
To cheat the dreary tedium of a dungeon.
PAUL. In idle hours the evil mind is busy.

KEN. Those writings are in French.

Paulet. So much the worse!

That tongue betokens England's enemy,

KEN. Sketches of letters to the Queen of England. Paul. I'll be their bearer. Ha! what glitters here?

[He touches a secret spring, and draws out jewels from a private drawer.

A royal diadem enriched with stones,

And studded with the fleur-de-lis of France.

[He hands it to his assistant.

Here, take it, Drury; lay it with the rest.

Exit Drury.

[And ye have found the means to hide from us Such costly things, and screen them, until now, From our inquiring eyes?]

Kennedy. Oh, insolent

And tyrant power, to which we must submit.

Paul. She can work ill as long as she hath treasures;

For all things turn to weapons in her hands.

Kennedy (supplicating).

Oh, sir! be merciful; deprive us not Of the last jewel that adorns our life! 'Tis my poor lady's only joy to view This symbol of her former majesty;

Your hands long since have robbed us of the rest.

Paul. 'Tis in safe custody; in proper time

'Twill be restored to you with scrupulous care. Ken. Who that beholds these naked walls could say

That majesty dwelt here? Where is the throne? Where the imperial canopy of state?

Must she not set her tender foot, still used

To softest treading, on the rugged ground?

With common pewter, which the lowliest dame Would scorn, they furnish forth her homely table.

Paul. Thus did she treat her spouse at Stirling once; And pledged, the while, her paramour in gold.

Ken. Even the mirror's triffing aid withheld.

PAUL. The contemplation of her own vain image Incites to hope, and prompts to daring deeds.

Ken. Books are denied her to divert her mind.
Paul. The Bible still is left to mend her heart.
Ken. Even of her very lute she is deprived!

Paul. Because she tuned it to her wanton airs.

KEN. Is this a fate for her, the gentle born,

Who in her very cradle was a queen?
Who, reared in Catherine's luxurious court,
Enjoyed the fulness of each earthly pleasure?
Was't not enough to rob her of her power,
Must ye then envy her its paltry tinsel?
A noble heart in time resigns itself
To great calamities with fortitude;
But yet it ents one to the soul to part

At once with all life's little outward trappings!

PAUL. These are the things that turn the human heart

To vanity, which should collect itself In penitence; for a lewd, vicious life,

Want and abasement are the only penance.

KEN. If youthful blood has led her into error,
With her own heart and God she must account:—

There is no judge in England over her.
Paul. She shall have judgment where she hath transgressed.

Ken. Her narrow bonds restrain her from transgression Paul. And yet she found the means to stretch her arm

Into the world, from out these narrow bonds,
And, with the torch of civil war, inflame
This realm against our queen (whom God preserve,
And arm assassin bands. Did she not rouse
From out these walls the malefactor Parry,
And Babington, to the detested crime
Of regicide? And did this iron grate
Prevent her from decoying to her toils
The virtuous heart of Norfolk? Saw we not

The first, best head in all this island fall A sacrifice for her upon the block?
[The noble house of Howard fell with him.] And did this sad example terrify
These mad adventurers, whose rival zeal Plunges for her into this deep abyss?
The bloody scaffold bends beneath the weight Of her new daily victims; and we ne'er Shall see an end till she herself, of all The guiltiest, be offered up upon it.
Oh! curses on the day when England took This Helen to its hospitable arms.

KEN. Did England then receive her hospitably?
Oh, hapless queen! who, since that fatal day
When first she set her foot within this realm,
And, as a suppliant—a fugitive—
Came to implore protect ion from her sister,
Has been condemmed, despite the law of nations,
And royal privilege, to weep away
The fairest years of youth in prison walls.
And now, when she hath suffered everything
Which in imprisonment is hard and bitter,
Is like a felon summoned to the bar,
Foully accused, and though herself a queen,
Constrained to plead for honor and for life.

She came amongst us as a murderess, Chased by her very subjects from a throne Which she had oft by vilest deeds disgraced. Sworn against England's welfare came she hither, To call the times of bloody Mary back, Betray our church to Romish tyranuv, And sell our dear-bought liberties to France. Say, why disdained she to subscribe the treaty Of Edinborough — to resign her claim To England's crown — and with one single word, Traced by her pen, throw wide her prison gates? No: - she had rather live in vile confinement, And see herself ill-treated, than renounce The empty honors of her barren title. Why acts she thus? Because she trusts to wiles, And treacherous arts of base conspiracy;

And, hourly plotting schemes of mischief, hopes To conquer, from her prison, all this isle.

Ken. You mock us, sir, and edge your cruelty
With words of bitter scorn: — that she should form
Such projects; she, who's here immured alive,
To whom no sound of comfort, not a voice
Of friendship comes from her beloved home;
Who hath so long no human face beheld,
Save her stern gaoler's unrelenting brows;
Till now, of late, in your uncourteous cousin
She sees a second keeper, and beholds
Fresh bolts and bars against her multiplied.

Paul. No iron-grate is proof against her wiles. How do I know these bars are not filed through? How that this floor, these walls, that seem so strong Without, may not be hollow from within, And let in felon treachery when I sleep? Accursed office, that's intrusted to me, To guard this cunning mother of all ill! Fear scares me from my sleep; and in the night I, like a troubled spirit, roam and try The strength of every bolt, and put to proof Each guard's fidelity: — I see, with fear, The dawning of each morn, which may confirm My apprehensions: - yet, thank God, there's hope That all my fears will soon be at an end; For rather would I at the gates of hell Stand sentinel, and guard the devilish host Of damned souls, than this deceitful queen.

KEN. Here comes the queen.

PAULET. Christ's image in her hand
Pride, and all worldly lusts within her heart.

Scene II.

The same. Enter Mary, veiled, a crucifix in her hand. Kennedy (hastening toward her).

O gracious queen! they tread us under foot; No end of tyranny and base oppression; Each coming day heaps fresh indignities, New sufferings on thy royal head. Mary. Be calm—

Say, what has happened?

Kennedy.

Is forced — thy papers — and thy only treasure,
Which with such pains we had secured, the last
Poor remnant of thy bridal ornaments
From France, is in his hands — naught now remains
Of royal state — thou art indeed bereft!

Mary. Compose yourself, my Hannah! and believe

'Tis not these baubles that can make a queen — Basely indeed they may behave to us, But they cannot debase us. I have learned To use myself to many a change in England; I can support this too. Sir, you have taken By force what I this very day designed To have delivered to you. There's a letter Amongst these papers for my royal sister Of England. Pledge me, sir, your word of honor, To give it to her majesty's own hands, And not to the deceitful care of Burleigh.

Paul. I shall consider what is best to do.

Mary. Sir, you shall know its import. In this letter I beg a favor, a great favor of her,—
That she herself will give me audienee,—she!
Whom I have never seen. I have been summoned Before a court of men, whom I can ne'er Acknowledge as my peers—of men to whom My heart denies its confidence. The queen Is of my family, my rank, my sex;
To her alone—a sister, queen, and woman—Can I unfold my heart.

Paulet. Too oft, my lady,
Have you intrusted both your fate and honor
To men less worthy your esteem than these.

Mary. I, in the letter, beg another favor,
And surely naught but inhumanity
Can here reject my prayer. These many years
Have I, in prison, missed the church's comfort,
The blessings of the sacraments — and she
Who robs me of my freedom and my crown,

Who seeks my very life, can never wish
To shut the gates of heaven upon my soul.
PAUL. Whene'er you wish, the dean shall wait upon you
Mary (interrupting him sharply).

Talk to me not of deans. I ask the aid

Of one of my own church — a Catholic priest.

PAUL. [That is against the published laws of England.]

Mary. The laws of England are no rule for me.

I am not England's subject; I have ne'er
Consented to its laws, and will not bow
Before their cruel and despotie sway.
If 'tis your will, to the unheard-of rigor
Which I have borne, to add this new oppression,
I must submit to what your power ordains;
Yet will I raise my voice in loud complaints.]
I also wish a public notary,
And secretaries, to prepare my will —
My sorrows and my prison's wretchedness

Prey on my life — my days, I fear, are numbered —

I feel that I am near the gates of death.

Paul. These serious contemplations well become you.

Mary. And know I then that some too ready hand
May not abridge this tedious work of sorrow?

I would indite my will and make disposal
Of what belongs to me.

Paul. This liberty
May be allowed to you, for England's queen
Will not enrich herself by plundering you.

Mary. I have been parted from my faithful women,
And from my servants; tell me, where are they?
What is their fate? I can indeed dispense
At present with their service, but my heart
Will feel rejoiced to know these faithful ones
Are not exposed to suffering and to want!

Paul. Your servants have been cared for; [and again You shall behold whate'er is taken from you:

And all shall be restored in proper season.]

[Going

Mary. And will you leave my presence thus again, And not relieve my fearful, anxions heart From the fell torments of uncertainty? Thanks to the vigilance of your hateful spies, I am divided from the world; no voice Can reach me through these prison-walls; my fate Lies in the hands of those who wish my ruin. A month of dread suspense is passed already Since when the forty high commissioners Surprised me in this castle, and erected, With most unseemly haste, their dread tribunal; They forced me, stunned, amazed, and unprepared, Without an advocate, from memory, Before their unexampled court, to answer Their weighty charges, artfully arranged. They came like ghosts,—like ghosts they disappeared,

And since that day all mouths are closed to me. In vain I seek to construe from your looks Which hath prevailed — my cause's innocence. And my friends' zeal — or my foes' cursed counsel. Oh, break this silence! let me know the worst; What have I still to fear, and what to hope.

PAUL. Close your accounts with heaven.

Mary. From heaven I hope

For mercy, sir; and from my earthly judges I hope, and still expect, the strictest justice. Paul. Justice, depend upon it, will be done you.

MARY. Is the suit ended, sir?

Paulet. I cannot tell.

MARY. Am I condemned?

PAUL. I eannot answer, lady.
MARY. [Sir, a good work fears not the light of day.
PAUL. The day will shine upon it, doubt it not.]
MARY. Despatch is here the fashion. Is it meant

The murderer shall surprise me, like the judges?
PAUL. Still entertain that thought and he will find you
Better prepared to meet your fate than they did.

Mary (after a pause).

Sir, nothing can surprise me which a court Inspired by Burleigh's hate and Hatton's zeal, Howe'er mjust, may venture to pronounce: But I have yet to learn how far the queen Will dare in execution of the sentence. Paul. The sovereigns of England have no fear But for their conscience and their parliament. What justice hath deereed her fearless hand Will execute before the assembled world.

Scene III.

The same. Mortimer enters, and without paying attention to the Queen, addresses Paulet.

Mort. Uncle, you're sought for.

[He retires in the same manner. The Queen remarks it, and turns towards Paulet, who is about to follow him.

Mary. Sir, one favor more:

If you have aught to say to me — from you
I can bear much — I reverence your gray hairs;
But cannot bear that young man's insolence;
Spare me in future his immanuered rudeness.

PAUL. I prize him most for that which makes you hate him:

He is not, truly, one of those poor fools
Who melt before a woman's treacherous tears.
He has seen much — has been to Rheims and Paris,
And brings us back his true old English heart.
Lady, your cunning arts are lost on him. [Exit.

Scene IV.

MARY, KENNEDY.

KEN. And dare the ruffian venture to your face
Such language! Oh, 'tis hard — tis past endurance
Mary (lost in reflection).

In the fair moments of our former splendor We lent to flatterers a too willing ear; — It is but just, good Hannah, we should now Be forced to hear the bitter voice of censure.

Ken. So downeast, so depressed, my dearest lady?
You, who before so gay, so full of hope,
Were used to comfort me in my distress;
More gracious were the task to check your mirth
Than chide your heavy sadness.

Mary. Well I know him -

It is the bleeding Darnley's royal shade, Rising in anger from his darksome grave: And never will be make his peace with me Until the measures of my woes be full.

Ken. What thoughts are these —

Mary. Thou may'st forget it, Hannah;

But I've a faithful memory—'tis this day

Another wretched anniversary

Of that regretted, that unhappy deed — Which I must celebrate with fast and penance.

KEN. Dismiss at length in peace this evil spirit.

The penitence of many a heavy year,
Of many a suffering, has atoned the deed;
The church, which holds the key of absolution,
Pardons the crime, and heaven itself's appeared.

Mary. This long-atoned crime arises fresh

And bleeding from its lightly-covered grave; My husband's restless spirit seeks revenge; No sacred bell can exorcise, no host

In priestly hands dismiss it to his tomb.

KEN. You did not murder him; 'twas done by others.

Mary. But it was known to me; I suffered it,

And lured him with my smiles to death's embrace. Ken. Your youth extenuates your guilt. You were

Of tender years.

Mary. So tender, yet I drew This heavy guilt upon my youthful head.

XEN. You were provoked by direst injuries,
And by the rude presumption of the man,
Whom out of darkness, like the hand of heaven,
Your love drew forth, and raised above all others.
Whom through your bridal chamber you conducted
Up to your throne, and with your lovely self,
And your hereditary crown, distinguished:
[Your work was his existence, and your grace
Bedewed him like the gentle rains of heaven.]
Could he forget that his so splendid lot
Was the creation of your generous love?
Yet did he, worthless as he was, forget it.
With base suspicions, and with brutal manners,

He wearied your affections, and became
An object to you of deserved disgust:
The illusion, which till now had overcast
Your judgment, vanished; angrily you fled
His foul embrace, and gave him up to scorn.
And did he seek again to win your love?
Your favor? Did he e'er implore your pardon?
Or fall in deep repentance at your feet?
No; the base wretch defied you; he, who was
Your bounty's creature, wished to play your king,
[And strove, through fear, to force your inclination.]
Before your eyes he had your favorite singer,
Poor Rizzio, murdered; you did but avenge
With blood the bloody deed——

Mary. And bloodily,

I fear, too soon 'twill be avenged on me: You seek to comfort me, and you condemn me.

KEN. You were, when you consented to this deed,
No more yourself; belonged not to yourself;
The madness of a frantic love possessed you,
And bound you to a terrible seducer,
The wretched Bothwell. That despotic man
Ruled you with shameful, overbearing will,
And with his philters and his hellish arts
Inflamed your passions.

Mary. All the arts he used

Were man's superior strength and woman's weakness,

KEN. No, no, I say. The most pernicions spirits
Of hell he must have summoned to his aid,
To cast this mist before your waking senses.
Your ear no more was open to the voice
Of friendly warning, and your eyes were shut
To decency; soft female bashfulness
Deserted you; those checks, which were before
The seat of virtuous, blushing modesty,
Glowed with the flames of unrestrained desire.
You east away the veil of secrecy,
And the flagitious daring of the man
O'creame your natural coyness: you exposed
Your shame, unblushingly, to public gaze:
You let the murderer, whom the people followed

With eurses, through the streets of Edinburgh, Before you bear the royal sword of Scotland In triumph. You begirt your parliament With armed bands; and by this shameless farce, There, in the very temple of great justice, You forced the judges of the land to clear The murderer of his guilt. You went still further-O God!

MARY. Conclude - nay, pause not - say for this

I gave my hand in marriage at the altar.

Ken. O let an everlasting silence veil

That dreadful deed: the heart revolts at it. A erime to stain the darkest eriminal! Yet you are no such lost one, that I know. I nursed your youth myself — your heart is framed For tender softness: 'tis alive to shame, And all your fault is thoughtless levity. Yes, I repeat it, there are evil spirits, Who sudden fix in man's unguarded breast Their fatal residence, and there delight To act their dev'lish deeds; then hurry back Unto their native hell, and leave behind Remorse and horror in the poisoned bosom. Since this misdeed, which blackens thus your life, You have done nothing ill; your conduct has Been pure; myself ean witness your amendment. Take courage, then; with your own heart make peace Whatever cause you have for penitence, You are not guilty here. Nor England's queen, Nor England's parliament can be your judge. Here might oppresses you: you may present Yourself before this self-created court With all the fortitude of innocence.

Mary. I hear a step.

Kennedy. It is the nephew — In.

Scene V.

The same. Enter Mortimer, approaching cautiously. Mortimer (to Kennedy).

Step to the door, and keep a careful watch, I have important business with the queen.

MARY (with dignity).

MARY.

I charge thee, Hannah, go not hence - remain.

Mort. Fear not, my gracicus lady—learn to know me. [He gives her a card.

She examines it, and starts back astonished.

Heavens! What is this?

MORTIMER (to KENNEDY). Retire, good Kennedy;

See that my uncle comes not unawares.

Mary (to Kennedy, who hesitates, and looks at the Queen inquiringly).

Go in; do as he bids you.

[Kennedy retires with signs of wonder.

Scene VI.

MARY, MORTIMER.

Mary. From my uncle In France—the worthy Cardinal of Lorrain?

[She reads.]

"Confide in Mortimer, who brings you this; You have no truer, firmer friend in England."

[Looking at him with astonishment

Can I believe it? Is there no delusion
To cheat my senses? Do I find a friend
So near, when I conceived myself abandoned
By the whole world? And find that friend in you,
The nephew of my gaoler, whom I thought
My most involvente enemy?

My most inveterate enemy?

Mortimer (kneeling). Oh, pardon,
My gracious liege, for the detested mask,
Which it has cost me pain enough to wear;
Yet through such means alone have I the power
To see you, and to bring you help and rescue.

Mary. Arise, sir; you astonish me; I cannot So suddenly emerge from the abyss Of wretchedness to hope: let me conceive

This happiness, that I may credit it.

MORT. Our time is brief: each moment I expect
My uncle, whom a hated man attends;
Hear, then, before his terrible commission

Surprises you, how heaven prepares your rescue.

Mary. You come in token of its wondrous power.

Mort. Allow me of myself to speak.

Mary. Say on.

Morr. I scarce, my liege, had numbered twenty years, Trained in the path of strictest discipline And nursed in deadliest hate to papacy, When led by irresistible desire For foreign travel, I resolved to leave My country and its puritanic faith Far, far behind me: soon with rapid speed I flew through France, and bent my eager course On to the plains of far-famed Italy. 'Twas then the time of the great jubilee:— And crowds of palmers filled the public roads; Each image was adorned with garlands; 'twas As if all human-kind were wandering forth In pilgrimage towards the heavenly kingdom. The tide of the believing multitude Bore me too onward, with resistless force, Into the streets of Rome. What was my wonder, As the magnificence of stately columns Rushed on my sight! the vast triumphal arches, The Colosseum's grandeur, with amazement Struck my admiring senses; the sublime Creative spirit held my soul a prisoner

I ne'er had felt the power of art till now.

The church that reared me hates the charms of sense:

In the fair world of wonders it had framed.

It tolerates no image, it adores
But the unseen, the incorporeal word.
What were my feelings, then, as I approached
The threshold of the churches, and within,
Heard heavenly music floating in the air:
While from the walls and high-wrought roofs there
streamed

Crowds of celestial forms in endless train — When the Most High, Most Glorious pervaded My captivated sense in real presence! And when I saw the great and godlike visions, The Salutation, the Nativity,

The Holy Mother, and the Trinity's Descent, the luminous transfiguration:
And last the holy pontiff, clad in all The glory of his office, bless the people!
Oh! what is all the pomp of gold and jewels With which the kings of earth adorn themselves! He is alone surrounded by the Godhead; His mansion is in truth an heavenly kingdom, For not of earthly moulding are these forms!

Mary. O spare me, sir! No further. Spread no more Life's verdant carpet out before my eyes, Remember I am wretched, and a prisoner.

Mort. I was a prisoner, too, my queen; but swift
My prison-gates flew open, when at once
My spirit felt its liberty, and hailed
The smiling dawn of life. I learned to burst
Each narrow prejudice of education,
To crown my brow with never-fading wreaths,
And mix my joy with the rejoicing crowd.
Full many noble Scots, who saw my zeal,
Encouraged me, and with the gallant French
They kindly led me to your princely uncle,
The Cardinal of Guise. Oh, what a man!
How firm, how clear, how manly, and how great!
Born to control the human mind at will!
The very model of a royal priest;

A ruler of the church without an equal!

MARY. You've seen him then, — the much loved, honored man,

Who was the guardian of my tender years! Oh, speak of him! Does he remember me? Does fortune favor him? And prospers still His life? And does he still majestic stand, A very rock and pillar of the church?

Mort. The holy man descended from his height,
And deigned to teach me the important creed
Of the true church, and dissipate my doubts.
He showed me how the glimmering light of reason
Serves but to lead us to eternal error:
That what the heart is called on to believe
The eye must see: that he who rules the church

Must needs be visible; and that the spirit Of truth inspired the councils of the fathers. How vanished then the fond imaginings And weak conceptions of my childish soul Before his conquering judgment, and the soft Persussion of his tongue! So I returned Back to the bosom of the holy church, An I at his feet abjured my heresies.

Maky. Then of those happy thousands you are one, Whom he, with his celestial eloquence, Like the immortal preacher of the mount, Has turned and led to everlasting joy!

Morr. The duties of his office called him soon To France, and I was sent by him to Rheims, Where, by the Jesuits' anxions labor, priests Are trained to preach our holy faith in England. There, mongst the Scots, I found the noble Morgan, And your true Lesley, Ross's learned bishop, Who pass in France their jovless days of exile. I joined with heartfelt zeal these worthy men, And fortified my faith. As I one day Roamed through the bishop's dwelling, I was struck With a fair female portrait; it was full Of touching would rous charms; with magic might It moved my inmost soul, and there I stood Speechless, and overmastered by my feelings. "Well," cried the bishop, "may von linger thus In deep emotion near this lovely face! For the most beautiful of womankind, Is also matchless in calamity. She is a prisoner for our holy faith, And in your native land, alas! she suffers."

MARY is in great a jitation. He pauses
MARY. Excellent man! All is not lost, indeed,
While such a friend remains in my misfortunes!

Morr. Then he began, with moving eloquence,
To paint the sufferings of your martyrdom;
He showed me then your lofty pedigree,
And your descent from Tudor's royal house.
He proved to me that you alone have right
To reign in England, not this upstart queen,

The base-born fruit of an adult'rous bed, Whom Henry's self rejected as a bastard. [He from my eyes removed delusion's mist, And taught me to lament you as a victim, To honor you as my true queen, whom I, Deceived, like thousands of my noble fellows, Had ever hated as my country's foe.] I would not trust his evidence alone; I questioned learned doctors; I consulted The most authentic books of heraldry; And every man of knowledge whom I asked Confirmed to me your claim's validity. And now I know that your undoubted right To England's throne has been your only wrong, This realm is justly yours by heritage, In which you innocently pine as prisoner. Which is the source of all my sufferings.

Mary. Oh, this unhappy right! - 'tis this alone

MORT. Just at this time the tidings reached my ears Of your removal from old Talbot's charge, And your committal to my uncle's earc. It seemed to me that this disposal marked The wond'rous, outstretched hand of favoring heaven; It seemed to be a loud decree of fate, That it had chosen me to resene you. My friends concur with me; the eardinal Bestows on me his counsel and his blessing, And tutors me in the hard task of feigning. The plan in haste digested, I commenced My journey homewards, and ten days ago On England's shores I landed. Oh, my queen. [He pauses.

I saw then, not your picture, but yourself -Oh, what a treasure do these walls enclose! No prison this, but the abode of gods, More splendid far than England's royal court. Happy, thrice happy he, whose envied lot Permits to breathe the selfsame air with you! It is a prudent policy in her To bury you so deep! All England's youth Would rise at once in general mutiny,

And not a sword lie quiet in its sheath: Rebellion would uprear its giant head, Through all this peaceful isle, if Britons once Beheld their captive queen.

MARY. 'Twere well with her

If every Briton saw her with your eyes!

Mont. Were each, like me, a witness of your wrongs, Your meekness, and the noble fortitude With which you suffer these indignities — Would you not then emerge from all these trials Like a true queen? Your prison's infamy, Hath it despoiled your beauty of its charms? You are deprived of all that graces life, Yet round you life and light eternal beam. Ne'er on this threshold can I set my foot, That my poor heart with anguish is not torn, Nor ravished with delight at gazing on you. Yet fearfully the fatal time draws near, And danger hourly growing presses on. I can delay no longer — can no more Conceal the dreadful news.

Mary.

It is pronounced? Speak freely—I can bear it.

Mort. It is pronounced! The two-and-forty judges

Have given the verdict, "guilty"; and the Houses Of Lords and Commons, with the citizens Of London, eagerly and urgently Demand the execution of the sentence:—

The queen alone still craftily delays,
That she may be constrained to yield, but not From feelings of humanity or mercy.

MARY (collected).

Sir, I am not surprised, nor terrified.

I have been long prepared for such a message.

Too well I know my judges. After all
Their cruel treatment I can well conceive
They dare not now restore my liberty.
I know their aim: they mean to keep me here
In everlasting bondage, and to bury,
In the sepulchral darkness of my prison,
My vengeance with me, and my rightful claims.

Morr. Oh, no, my gracious queen; - they stop not there:

Oppression will not be content to do

Its work by halves:—as long as e'en you live, Distrust and fear will haunt the English queen.

No dungeon can inter you deep enough;

Your death alone can make her throne secure.

MARY. Will she then dare, regardless of the shame,

Mary. Will she then dare, regardless of the shame, Lay my erowned head upon the fatal block?

MORT. She will most surely dare it, doubt it not. MARY. And can she thus roll in the very dust

Her own, and every monarch's majesty?

Morr. She thinks on nothing now but present danger,

Nor looks to that which is so far removed.

MARY. And fears she not the dread revenge of France? MORT. With France she makes an everlasting peace;

And gives to Anjou's duke her throne and hand. Mary. Will not the King of Spain rise up in arms?

Morr. She fears not a collected world in arms?

If with her people she remains at peace, Mary. Were this a spectacle for British eyes?

Morr. This land, my queen, has, in these latter days,

Seen many a royal woman from the throne
Descend and mount the scaffold: — her own mother
And Catherine Howard trod this fatal path;

And was not Lady Grey a crowned head?

Mary (after a pause).

No, Mortimer, vain fears have blinded you;
'Tis but the honest care of your true heart,
Which conjures up these empty apprehensions.
It is not, sir, the scaffold t at I fear:
There are so many still and seeret means
By which her majesty of England may
Set all my claims to rest. Oh, trust me, ere
An executioner is found for me,
Assassins will be hired to do their work.
'Tis that which makes me tremble, Mortimer:
I never lift the goblet to my lips
Without an inward shuddering, lest the draught

May have been mingled by my sister's love. Мокт. No: — neither open or disguised murder

Shall e'er prevail against you : — fear no more;

All is prepared; — twelve nobles of the land Are my confederates, and have pledged to-day, Upon the sacrament, their faith to free you, With dauntless arm, from this captivity. Count Aubespine, the French ambassador, Knows of our plot, and offers his assistance: 'Tis in his palace that we hold our meetings.

MARY. You make me tremble, sir, but not for joy!
An evil boding penetrates my heart.
Know you, then, what you risk? Are you not

scared

By Babington and Tiehburn's bloody heads,
Set up as warnings upon London's bridge?
Nor by the ruin of those many victims
Who have, in such attempts, found certain death,
And only made my chains the heavier?
Fly hence, deluded, most unhappy youth!
Fly, if there yet be time for you, before
That erafty spy, Lord Burleigh, track your schemes,
And mix his traitors in your secret plots.
Fly hence:—as yet, success hath never smiled
On Mary Stuart's champions.

Mo, TIMER.

By Babington and Tichburn's bloody heads
Set up as warnings upon London's bridge;
Nor by the ruin of those many vietims
Who have, in such attempts, found certain death:
They also found therein immortal honor,

And death, in rescuing you, is dearest bliss.

Mary. It is in vain: nor force nor guile can save me:—

My enemies are watchful, and the power
Is in their hands. It is not Paulet only
And his dependent host; all England guards
My prison gates: Elizabeth's free will

Alone can open them.

MORTIMER. Expect not that.

MARY. One man alone on earth ean open them.

MORT. Oh, let me know his name!

MARY. Lord Leicest

MORTIMER.

Lord Leicester. He!

[Starts back in wonder.

The Earl of Leicester! Your most bloody foe,
The favorite of Elizabeth! through him ——

Mary. If I am to be saved at all, 'twill be

Through him, and him alone. Go to him, sir;

Freely confide in him: and, as a proof

You come from me, present this paper to him. [She takes a paper from her bosom; Mortimer draws

back, and hesitates to take it.

It doth contain my portrait: — take it, sir; I've borne it long about me; but your uncle's Close watchfulness has cut me off from all Communication with him; — you were sent

This mystery.

Mary. Lord Leicester will resolve it.

Confide in him, and he'll confide in you.

Who comes?

Kennedy (entering hastily).

'Tis Paulet; and he brings with him

A nobleman from court.

MORTIMER. It is Lord Burleigh.

Collect yourself, my queen, and strive to hear The news he brings with equanimity.

He retires through a side door, and Kennedy follows

Scene VII.

Enter LORD BURLEIGH, and PAULET.

PAULET (to MARY).

him.

You wished to-day assurance of your fate; My Lord of Burleigh brings it to you now; Hear it with resignation, as beseems you.

Mary. I hope with dignity, as it becomes My innocence, and my exalted station.

Bur. I come deputed from the court of justice.

Mary. Lord Burleigh lends that court his willing tongue,

Which was already guided by his spirit.

PAUL. You speak as if no stranger to the sentence.

MARY. Lord Burleigh brings it; therefore do I know it.

Paul. [It would become you better, Lady Stuart, To listen less to hatred.

MARY. I but name
My enemy: I said not that I hate him.]
But to the matter, sir.

Burleigh. You have acknowledged

The jurisdiction of the two-and-forty.

Mary. My lord, excuse me, if I am obliged
So soon to interrupt you. I acknowledged,
Say you, the competence of the commission?
I never have acknowledged it, my lord;
How could I so? I could not give away
My own prerogative, the intrusted rights
Of my own people, the inheritance
Of my cwn son, and every monarch's honor
[The very laws of England say I could not.]
It is enacted by the English laws
That every one who stands arraigned of crime
Shall plead before a jury of his equals:
Who is my equal in this high commission?
Kings only are my peers.

Burleigh. But yet you heard The points of accusation, answered them

Before the court—

Mary. 'Tis true, I was deceived
By Hatton's crafty counsel: — he advised me,
For my own honor, and in confidence
In my good cause, and my most strong defence,
To listen to the points of accusation,
And prove their falsehoods. This, my lord, I did
From personal respect for the lords' names,
Not their nsurped charge, which I disclaim.

Bur. Acknowledge you the court, or not, that is
Only a point of mere formality,
Which cannot here arrest the course of justice.
You breathe the air of England; you enjoy
The law's protection, and its benefits;
You therefore are its subject.

Mary. Sir, I breathe
The air within an English prison walls:—
Is that to live in England; to enjoy

Protection from its laws? I scareely know And never have I pledged my faith to keep them. I am no member of this realm; I am.

An independent, and a foreign queen.

Bur. And do you think that the mere name of queen Can serve you as a charter to foment In other countries, with impunity, This bloody discord? Where would be the state's Security, if the stern sword of justice Could not as freely smite the guilty brow Of the imperial stranger as the beggar's?

MARY. I do not wish to be exempt from judgment,

It is the judges only I disclaim.

Bur. The judges? How now, madam? Are they then Base wretches, snatched at hazard from the erowd? Vile wranglers that make sale of truth and justice; Oppression's willing hirelings, and its tools? Are they not all the foremost of this land, Too independent to be else than honest, And too exalted not to soar above The fear of kings, or base servility? Are they not those who rule a generous people In liberty and justice; men, whose names I need but mention to dispel each doubt, Each mean suspicion which is raised against them? Stands not the reverend primate at their head, The pious shepherd of his faithful people, The learned Talbot, keeper of the seals, And Howard, who commands our conquering fleets? Say, then, eould England's sovereign do more Than, out of all the monarchy, elect The very noblest, and appoint them judges In this great suit? And were it probable That party hatred could corrupt one heart; Can forty chosen men unite to speak A sentence just as passion gives command?

Maky (after a short pause).

I am struck dumb by that tongue's eloquence. Which ever was so ominous to me. And how shall I, a weak, untutored woman, Cope with so subtle, learned an orator?

Yes truly; were these lords as you describe them, I must be mute; my cause were lost indeed, Beyond all hope, if they pronounce me guilty. But, sir, these names, which you are pleased to praise, These very men, whose weight you think will crush

I see performing in the history Of these dominions very different parts: I see this high nobility of England, This grave majestic senate of the realm, Like to an eastern monarch's vilest slaves, Flatter my uncle Henry's sultan fancies: I see this noble, reverend House of Lords, Venal alike with the corrupted Commons, Make statutes and annul them, ratify A marriage and dissolve it, as the voice Of power commands: to-day it disinherits, And brands the royal daughters of the realm With the vile name of bastards, and to-morrow Crowns them as queens, and leads them to the throne. I see them in four reigns, with pliant conscience, Four times abjure their faith; renounce the pope With Henry, yet retain the old belief; Reform themselves with Edward; hear the mass Again with Mary; with Elizabeth,

Who governs now, reform themselves again.
Bur. You say you are not versed in England's laws,
You seem well read, methinks, in her disasters.

Mary. And these men are my judges?

[As Lord Burleigh seems to wish to speek.

My lord treasurer,

Towards you I will be just, be you but just
To me. 'Tis said that you consult with zeal
The good of England, and of England's queen;
Are honest, watchful, indefatigable;
I will believe it. Not your private ends,
Your sovereign and your country's weal alone,
Inspire your counsels and direct your deeds.
Therefore, my noble lord, you should the more
Distrust your heart; should see that you mistake not
The welfare of the government for justice.

I do not doubt, besides yourself, there are Among my judges many upright men: But they are Protestants, are eager all For England's quiet, and they sit in judgment On me, the Queen of Scotland, and the papist. It is an ancient saying, that the Scots And England to each other are unjust; And hence the rightful custom that a Scot Against an Englishman, or Englishman Against a Scot, cannot be heard in judgment. Necessity prescribed this cautious law; Deep policy of lies in ancient customs: My lord, we must respect them. Nature cast Into the ocean these two fiery nations Upon this plank, and she divided it Unequally, and bade them fight for it. The narrow bed of Tweed alone divides These daring spirits; often hath the blood Of the contending parties dyed its waves. Threatening, and sword in hand, these thousand years,

From both its banks they watch their rival's

motions,

Most vigilant and true confederates,
With every enemy of the neighbor state.
No foe oppresses England, but the Scot
Becomes his firm ally; no civil war
Inflames the towns of Scotland, but the English
Add fuel to the fire: this raging hate
Will never be extinguished till, at last,
One parliament in concord shall unite them,
One common sceptre rule throughout the isle.

Bur. And from a Stuart, then, should England hope This happiness?

Mary. Oh! why should I deny it?
Yes, I confess, I cherished the fond hope;
I thought myself the happy instrument
To join in freedom, 'neath the olive's shade,
Two generous realms in lasting happiness!
I little thought I should become the victim
Of their old hate, their long-lived jealousy;

And the sad flames of that unhappy strife, I hoped at last to smother, and forever: And, as my ancestor, great Richmond, joined The rival roses after bloody contest,

To join in peace the Scotch and English erowns.

Bur. An evil way you took to this good end, To set the realm on fire, and through the flames Of eivil war to strive to mount the throne.

MARY. I wished not that: — I wished it not, by Heaven! When did I strive at that?. Where are your proofs?

Bur. I came not hither to dispute; your cause Is no more subject to a war of words. The great majority of forty voices Hath found that you have contravened the law Last year enacted, and have now incurred $\lceil Producing \ the \ verdict.$ Its penalty.

Upon this statute, then, MARY. My lord, is built the verdict of my judges?

Burleigh (reading).

Last year it was enacted, "If a plot Henceforth should rise in England, in the name Or for the benefit of any elaimant To England's erown, that justice should be done On such pretender, and the guilty party Be prosecuted unto death." Now, since It has been proved -

MARY. Lord Burleigh, I can well Imagine that a law expressly aimed At me, and framed to compass my destruction May to my prejudice be used. Oh! woe To the unhappy victim, when the tongue That frames the law shall execute the sentence. Can you deny it, sir, that this same statute Was made for my destruction, and naught else?

Bur. It should have acted as a warning to you: By your imprudence it became a snare. You saw the precipice which vawned before you; Yet, truly warned, you plunged into the deep. With Babington, the traitor, and his bands Of murderous companions, were you leagued.

You knew of all, and from your prison led
Their treasonous plottings with a deep-laid plan.
Mary. When did I that, my lord? Let them produce
The documents.

Burleigh. You have already seen them: They were before the court, presented to you.

Mary. Mere copies written by another hand;
Show me the proof that they were dictated
By me, that they proceeded from my lips,
And in those very terms in which you read them.

Bur. Before his execution, Babington

Confessed they were the same which he received.

Mary. Why was he in his lifetime not produced
Before my face? Why was he then despatched
So quickly that he could not be confronted
With her whom he accused?

Burleigh. Besides, my lady, Your secretaries, Chrl and Nau, declare On oath, they are the very selfsame letters Which from your lips they faithfully transcribed.

Mary. And on my menials' testimony, then,
I am eondemned; upon the word of those
Who have betrayed me, me, their rightful queen!
Who in that very moment, when they eame
As witnesses against me, broke their faith!

Bur. You said yourself, you held your countryman

To be an upright, conscientious man.

Mary. I thought him such; but 'tis the hour of danger Alone, which tries the virtue of a man.

[He ever was an honest man, but weak In understanding; and his subtle comrade, Whose faith, observe, I never answered for, Might easily seduce him to write down More than he should;] the rack may have compelled him

To say and to confess more than he knew.

He hoped to save himself by this false witness,

And thought it could not injure me—a queen.

Bur. The oath he swore was free and unconstrained.

MARY. But not before my face! How now, my lord?

The witnesses you name are still alive;

Let them appear against me face to face,
And there repeat what they have testified.
Why am I then denied that privilege,
That right which e'en the murderer enjoys?
I know from Talbot's mouth, my former keeper,
That in this reign a statute has been passed
Which orders that the plaintiff be confronted
With the defendant; is it so, good Paulet?
I e'er have known you as an honest man;
Now prove it to me; tell me, on your conscience,
If such a law exist or not in England?

PAUL. Madam, there does: that is the law in England

I must declare the truth.

IARY. Well, then, my lord,
If I am treated by the law of England
So hardly, when that law oppresses me,
Say, why avoid this selfsame country's law,
When 'tis for my advantage? Answer me;
Why was not Babington confronted with me?
Why not my servants, who are both alive?

Bur. Be not so hasty, lady; 'tis not only

Your plot with Babington —

MARY. 'Tis that alone
Which arms the law against me; that alone
From which I'm called upon to clear myself.
Stick to the point, my lord; evade it not.

Bur. It has been proved that you have corresponded With the ambassador of Spain, Mendoza——

MARY. Stick to the point, my lord.

Burleigh. That you have formed Conspiracies to overturn the fixed

Religion of the realm; that you have called Into this kingdom foreign powers, and roused All kings in Europe to a war with England.

Mary. And were it so, my lord—though I deny it—But e'en suppose it were so: I am kept Imprisoned here against all laws of nations. I came not into England sword in hand; I came a suppliant; and at the hands Of my imperial kinswoman I claimed The sacred rights of hospitality,

When power seized upon me, and prepared To rivet fetters where I hoped protection. Say, is my conscience bound, then, to this realm? What are the duties that I owe to England? I should but exercise a sacred right, Derived from sad necessity, if I Warred with these bonds, encountered might with

might.

Roused and incited every state in Europe For my protection to unite in arms. Whatever in a rightful war is just And loyal, 'tis my right to exercise: Murder alone, the secret, bloody deed, My conscience and my pride alike forbid. Murder would stain me, would dishonor me: Dishonor me, my lord, but not eondemn me, Nor subject me to England's courts of law:

For 'tis not justice, but mere violence, Which is the question 'tween myself and England.

Burleigh (significantly).

Talk not, my lady, of the dreadful right Of power: 'tis seldom on the prisoner's side, MARY. I am the weak, she is the mighty one:

'Tis well, my lord; let her, then, use her power; Let her destroy me; let me bleed, that she May live seeure; but let her, then, confess That she hath exercised her power alone, And not contaminate the name of justice. Let her not borrow from the laws the sword To rid her of her hated enemy; Let her not clothe in this religious garb The bloody daring of licentious might; Let not these juggling tricks deceive the world.

Returning the sentence Though she may murder me, she cannot judge me: Let her no longer strive to join the fruits Of vice with virtue's fair and angel show; But let her dare to seem the thing she is. [Exit.

Scene VIII.

BURLEIGH, PAULET.

Bur. She scorns us, she defies us! will defy us,
Even at the scaffold's foot. This haughty heart
Is not to be subdued. Say, did the sentence
Surprise her? Did you see her shed one tear,
Or even change her color? She disdains
To make appeal to our compassion. Well
She knows the wavering mind of England's queen.
Our apprehensions make her bold.

Paulet. My lord,

Take the pretext away which buoys it up,
And you shall see this proud defiance fail
That very moment. I must say, my lord,
Irregularities have been allowed
In these proceedings; Babington and Ballard
Should have been brought, with her two secretaries,

Before her, face to face.

Burleigh.

No, Paulet, no.

That was not to be risked; her influence
Upon the human heart is too supreme;

Too strong the female empire of her tears. Her secretary, Curl, if brought before her, And called upon to speak the weighty word

On which her life depends, would straight shrink back

And fearfully revoke his own confession.

PAUL. Then England's enemies will fill the world

With evil rumors; and the formal pomp

Of these proceedings to the minds of all

Will only signalize an act of outrage.

Bur. That is the greatest torment of our queen,

[That she can never 'scape the blame. Oh God!]

Had but this lovely mischief died before

She set her faithless foot on English ground.

She set her faithless foot on English ground.
PAUL. Amen, say I!

Burleigh. Had sickness but consumed her!
Paul. England had been secured from such mis
fortune.

Bur. And yet, if she had died in nature's course,
The world would still have called us murderers.
PAUL. 'Tis true, the world will think, despite of us,
Whate'er it list.

Burleigh. Yet could it not be proved?

And it would make less noise.

PAULET. Why, let it make What noise it may. It is not clamorous blame,

Tis righteous censure only which can wound.

Bur. We know that holy justice cannot 'scape
The voice of censure; and the public cry
Is ever on the side of the unhappy:
Envy pursues the laurelled conqueror;
The sword of justice, which adorns the man,
Is hateful in a woman's hand; the world
Will give no credit to a woman's justice
If woman be the victim. Vain that we,
The judges, spoke what conscience dictated;
She has the royal privilege of mercy;
She must exert it: 'twere not to be borne,
Should she let justice take its full career.

Paul. And therefore —

Burleigh. Therefore should she live? Oh, no, She must not live; it must not be. 'Tis this,

Even this, my friend, which so disturbs the queen,
And scares all slumber from her couch; I read
Her soul's distracting contest in her eyes:
She fears to speak her wishes, yet her looks,
Her silent looks, significantly ask,
"Is there not one amongst my many servants
To save me from this sad alternative?
Either to tremble in eternal fear

Upon my throne, or else to sacrifice

A queen of my own kindred on the block?"

PAUL. 'Tis even so; nor can it be avoided —

Bur. Well might it be avoided, thinks the queen,

If she had only more attentive servants.

PAUL. How more attentive?

Burleign. Such as could interpret

A silent mandate.

PAULET. What? A silent mandate!

Bur. Who, when a poisonous adder is delivered Into their hands, would keep the treacherous charge As if it were a sacred, precious jewel?

Paul. A precious jewel is the queen's good name And spotless reputation: good my lord, One cannot guard it with sufficient care.

Bur. When out of Shrewsbury's hands the Queen of Scots Was trusted to Sir Amias Paulet's care,

The meaning was ——

Paulet. I hope to God, my lord,
The meaning was to give the weightiest charge
Into the purest hands; my lord, my lord!
By heaven I had disdained this bailiff's office
Had I not thought the service claimed the care
Of the best man that England's realm can boast.
Let me not think I am indebted for it
To anything but my unblemished name.

Bur. Spread the report she wastes; grows sicker still And sicker; and expires at last in peace; Thus will she perish in the world's remembrance, And your good name is pure.

Paulet. But not my conscience.

Bur. Though you refuse us, sir, your own assistance, You will not sure prevent another's hand.

Paul. No murderer's foot shall e'er approach her threshold

Whilst she's protected by my household gods. Her life's a sacred trust; to me the head Of Queen Elizabeth is not more sacred. Ye are the judges; judge, and break the staff; And when 'tis time then let the carpenter With axe and saw appear to build the scaffold. My castle's portals shall be open to him, The sheriff and the executioners:

Till then she is intrusted to my care; And be assured I will fulfil my trust, She shall nor do nor suffer what's unjust. [Execut.]

ACT H.

Scene I.

London, a Hall in the Palace of Westminster. The Earl of Kent and Sir William Davison meeting.

Day. Is that my Lord of Kent? So soon returned?
Is then the tourney, the caronsal over?
Kent. How now? Were you not present at the tilt?
Day. My office kept me here.
Kent. Believe me, sir,

Believe me, sir, You've lost the fairest show which ever state Devised, or graceful dignity performed: For beauty's virgin fortress was presented As by desire invested; the Earl-Marshal, The Lord-High Admiral, and ten other knights Belonging to the queen defended it, And France's cavaliers led the attack. A herald marched before the gallant troop, And summoned, in a madrigal, the fortress; And from the walls the chancellor replied; And then the artillery was played, and nosegays Breathing delicious fragrance were discharged From neat field-pieces; but in vain, the storm Was valiantly resisted, and desire Was forced, unwillingly, to raise the siege.

Day. A sign of evil-boding, good my lord,

For the French suitors.

Was but in sport; when the attack's in earnest The fortress will, no doubt, capitulate.

Day. Ha! think you so? I never can believe it.

Kent. The hardest article of all is now Adjusted and acceded to by France; The Duke of Anjon is content to hold His holy worship in a private chapel; And openly he promises to honor And to protect the realm's established faith. Had ye but heard the people's joyful shouts Where'er the tidings spread, for it has been The country's constant fear the queen might die

Without immediate issue of her body; And England bear again the Romish chains If Mary Stuart should ascend the throne.

Dav. This fear appears superfluous; she goes
Into the bridal chamber; Mary Stuart
Enters the gates of death.

Kent. The queen approaches.

Scene II.

Enter Elizabeth, led in by Leicester, Count Aubespine, Bellievre, Lords Shrewsbury and Burleigh, with other French and English gentlemen.

ELIZABETH (to AUBESPINE).

Count, I am sorry for these noblemen
Whose gallant zeal hath brought them over sea
To visit these our shores, that they, with us,
Must miss the splendor of St. Germain's court.
Such pompous festivals of godlike state
I cannot furnish as the royal court
Of France. A sober and contented people,
Which crowd around me with a thousand blessings
Whene'er in public I present myself:
This is the spectacle which I can show,
And not without some pride, to foreign eyes.
The splendor of the noble dames who bloom
In Catherine's beauteous garden would, I know,
Eclipse myself, and my more modest merits.

Aub. The court of England has one lady only
To show the wondering foreigner; but all
That charms our hearts in the accomplished sex

Is seen united in her single person.

Bel. Great majesty of England, suffer us
To take our leave, and to our royal master,
The Duke of Anjou, bring the happy news.
The hot impatience of his heart would not
Permit him to remain at Paris; he
At Amiens awaits the joyful tidings;
And thence to Calais reach his posts to bring
With winged swiftness to his tranced ear

The sweet consent which, still we humbly hope, Your royal li, s will graciously pronounce.

Eliz. Press me no further now, Count Bellievre.

It is not now a time, I must repeat, To kindle here the joyful marriage toreh. The heavens lower black and heavy o'er this land; And weeds of mourning would become me better Than the magnificence of bridal robes.

A fatal blow is aimed against my heart; A blow which threatens to oppress my house.

Bel. We only ask your majesty to promise

Your royal hand when brighter days shall come. Eliz. Monarchs are but the slaves of their condition; They dare not hear the dietates of their hearts; My wish was ever to remain unmarried, And I had placed my greatest pride in this, That men hereafter on my tomb might read, "Here rests the virgin queen." But my good subjects Are not content that this should be: they think, E'en now they often think upon the time When I shall be no more. 'Tis not enough That blessings now are showered upon this land; They ask a sacrifice for future welfare, And I must offer up my liberty, My virgin liberty, my greatest good, To satisfy my people. Thus they'd force A lord and master on me. 'Tis by this I see that I am nothing but a woman In their regard; and yet mtehought that I Had governed like a man, and like a king. Well wot I that it is not serving God To quit the laws of nature; and that those Who here have ruled before me merit praise, That they have oped the cloister gates, and given Thousands of vietims of ill-taught devotion Back to the duties of humanity. But yet a queen who hath not spent her days In fruitless, idle contemplation; who, Without murmin, indefatigably Performs the hardest of all duties; she Should be exempted from that natural law

Which doth ordain one half of human kind Shall ever be subservient to the other.

Aug. Great queen, you have upon your throne done honor
To every virtue; nothing now remains
But to the sex, whose greatest boast you are
To be the leading star, and give the great
Example of its most consistent duties.
'Tis true, the man exists not who deserves
That you to him should sacrifice your freedom;
Yet if a hero's soul, descent, and rank,
And manly beauty can make mortal man
Deserving of this honor—

ELIZABETH. Without doubt,
My lord ambassador, a marriage union
With France's royal son would do me honor;
Yes, I acknowledge it without disguise,
If it must be, if I cannot prevent it,
If I must yield unto my people's prayers,
And much I fear they will o'erpower me,
I do not know in Europe any prince
To whom with less reluctance I would yield
My greatest treasure, my dear liberty.

Let this confession satisfy your master.

Bel. It gives the fairest hope, and yet it gives

Nothing but hope; my master wishes more.

Eliz. What wishes he?

[She takes a ring from her finger, and thought-fully examines it.

In this a queen has not One privilege above all other women. This common token marks one common duty, One common servitude; the ring denotes Marriage, and 'tis of rings a chain is formed. Convey this present to his highness; 'tis As yet no chain, it binds me not as yet, But out of it may grow a link to bind me.

Bellievre (kneeling).

This present, in his name, upon my knees,
I do receive, great queen, and press the kiss
Of homage on the hand of her who is
Henceforth my princess.

ELIZABETH (to the Earl of Leicester, whom she, during the last speeches, had continually regarded).

By your leave, my lord.

[She takes the blue ribbon from his neck,* and invests Bellievre with it.

Invest his highness with this ornament,
As I invest you with it, and receive you
Into the duties of my gallant order.
And, "Honi soit qui mul y pense." Thus perish
All jealousy between our several realms,
And let the bond of confidence unite

Henceforth, the erowns of Britain and of France.

Bel. Most sovereign queen, this is a day of joy;
Oh that it eould be so for all, and no
Afflicted heart within this island mourn.
See! mercy beams upon thy radiant brow;
Let the reflection of its cheering light
Fall on a wretched princess, who concerns
Britain and France alike.

ELIZABETH. No further, count!

Let us not mix two inconsistent things;

If France be truly auxious for my hand,

It must partake my interests, and renounce

Alliance with my foes.

AUBESPINE. In thine own eyes
Would she not seem to act unworthily,
If in this joyous treaty she forgot
This hapless queen, the widow of her king;
In whose behalf her honor and her faith

Are bound to plead for grace.

ELIZABETH. Thus urged, I know

To rate this intercession at its worth; France has discharged her duties as a friend, I will fulfil my own as England's queen.

[She bows to the French ambassadors, who, with the other gentlemen, retire respectfully.

^{*} Till the time of Charles the First, the Knights of the Garter wore the blue ribbon with the George about their necks, as they still do the collars, on great days.—TRANSLATOR.

Scene III.

Enter Burleigh, Leicester, and Talbot. The Queen takes her seat.

Bur. Illustrious sovereign, thou erown'st to-day
The fervent wishes of thy people; now
We can rejoice in the propitious days
Which thou bestowest upon us; and we look
No more with fear and trembling towards the time
Which, charged with storms, futurity presented.
Now, but one only eare disturbs this land;
It is a sacrifice which every voice
Demands; Oh! grant but this and England's peace
Will be established now and everyore.

Eliz. What wish they still, my lord? Speak.
Burleigh. They demand

The Stuart's head. If to thy people thou Wouldst now secure the precious boon of freedom, And the fair light of truth so dearly won, Then she must die; if we are not to live In endless terror for thy precious life The enemy must fall; for well thou know'st That all thy Britons are not true alike; Romish idolatry has still its friends In secret, in this island, who foment The hatred of our enemies. Their hearts All turn toward this Stuart, they are leagned With the two plotting brothers of Lorrain, The foes inveterate of thy house and name. 'Gainst thee this raging faction hath declared A war of desolation, which they wage With the deceitful instruments of hell. At Rheims, the cardinal archbishop's see, There is the arsenal from which they dart These lightnings; there the school of regicide; Thence, in a thousand shapes disguised, are sent Their secret missionaries to this isle: Their bold and daring zealots; for from thence Have we not seen the third assassin come? And inexhausted is the direful breed Of secret enemies in this abyss.

While in her castle sits at Fotheringay, The Até* of this everlasting war, Who, with the torch of love, spreads flames around: For her who sheds delusive hopes on all, Youth dedicates itself to certain death; To set her free is the pretence — the aim Is to establish her upon the throne. For this accursed House of Guise denics Thy sacred right; and in their mouths thou art A robber of the throne, whom chance has crowned. By them this thoughtless woman was deluded, Proudly to style herself the Queen of England; No peace can be with her, and with her house; Their hatred is too bloody, and their crimes Too great; thou must resolve to strike, or suffer -Her life is death to thee, her death thy life.

ELIZ. My lord, you bear a melancholy office;
I know the purity which guides your zeal,
The solid wisdom which informs your speech;
And yet I hate this wisdom, when it calls
For blood, I hate it in my inmost soul.
Think of a milder counsel—Good my Lord
Of Shrewsbury, we crave your judgment here.

Tal. [Desire you but to know, most gracious queen, What is for your advantage, I can add Nothing to what my lord-high-treasurer Has urged; then, for your welfare, let the sentence Be now confirmed — this much is proved already: There is no surer method to avert The danger from your head and from the state. Should you in this reject our true advice,

I need not point out to the reader the beautiful propriety of introducing the evil spirit on this occasion.—TRANSLATOR.

^{*}The picture of Até, the goddess of mischief, we are acquainted with from Homer, II, v. 91, 130, I, 501. She is a daughter of Jupiter, and eager to prejudice every one, even the immortal gods. She counteracted Jupiter himself, on which account he seized her by her beautiful hair, and hurled her from heaven to the earth, where she now, striding over the heads of men, excites them to evil in order to involve them in calamity.—Herder, Shakspeare has, in Julius Casar, made a fine use of this image:—

[&]quot;And Casar's spirit, ranging for revenge, With Ate by his side, come hot from hell, Shall in these confines, with a monarch's voice, Cry havoc, and let slip the dogs of war,"

You can dismiss your council. We are placed Here as your counsellors, but to consult The welfare of this land, and with our knowledge And our experience we are bound to serve you! But in what's good and just, most gracious queen, You have no need of counsellors, your conscience Knows it full well, and it is written there. Nay, it were overstepping our commission If we attempted to instruct you in it.

Eliz. Yet speak, my worthy Lord of Shrewsbury, 'Tis not our understanding fails alone,

Our heart too feels it wants some sage advice.]

Tal. Well did you praise the upright zeal which fires Lord Burleigh's loyal breast; my bosom, too, Although my tongue be not so eloquent, Beats with no weaker, no less faithful pulse. Long may you live, my queen, to be the joy Of your delighted people, to prolong Peace and its envied blessings in this realm. Ne'er hath this isle beheld such happy days Since it was governed by its native kings. Oh, let it never buy its happiness With its good name; at least, may Talbot's eyes

Be closed in death e'er this shall come to pass.

ELIZ. Forbid it, heaven, that our good name be stained!

TAL. Then must you find some other way than this

To save thy kingdom, for the sentence passed

Of death against the Stuart is unjust.

You cannot upon her pronounce a sentence

Who is not subject to you.

ELIZABETH. Then, it seems,
My council and my parliament have erred;
Each bench of justice in the land is wrong,
Which did with one accord admit this right.

Talbot (after a pause).
The proof of instice 1

The proof of justice lies not in the voice Of numbers; England's not the world, nor is Thy parliament the focus, which collects The vast opinion of the human race. This present England is no more the future Than 'tis the past; as inclination changes.

Thus ever ebbs and flows the unstable tide Of public judgment. Say not, then, that thou Must act as stern necessity compels, That thou must yield to the importunate Petitions of thy people; every hour Thou canst experience that thy will is free. Make trial, and declare thou hatest blood, And that thou wilt protect thy sister's life; Show those who wish to give thee other counsels, That here thy royal anger is not feigned, And thou shalt see how stern necessity Can vanish, and what once was titled justice Into injustice be converted: thou Thyself must pass the sentence, thou alone: Trust not to this unsteady, trembling reed, But hear the gracious dictates of thy heart. God hath not planted rigor in the frame Of woman; and the founders of this realm, Who to the female hand have not denied The reins of government, intend by this To show that mercy, not severity, Is the best virtue to adorn a crown.

ELIZ. Lord Shrewsbury is a fervent advocate
For mine and England's enemy; I must
Prefer those counsellors who wish my welfare.

Tal. Her advocates have an invidious task!

None will, by speaking in her favor, dare

To meet thy anger: suffer, then, an old

And faithful counsellor (whom naught on earth
Can tempt on the grave's brink) to exercise
The pious duty of humanity.

It never shall be said that, in thy council,
Passion and interest could find a tongue,
While mercy's pleading voice alone was mute,
All circumstances have conspired against her;
Thou ne'er hast seen her face, and nothing speaks
Within thy breast for one that's stranger to thee.
I do not take the part of her misdeeds;
They say 'twas she who planned her husband's
murder:

'Tis true that she espoused his murderer.

A grievous crime, no doubt; but then it happened In darksome days of trouble and dismay, In the stern agony of civil war, When she, a woman, helpless and hemmed in By a rude crowd of rebel vassals, sought Protection in a powerful chieftain's arms. God knows what arts were used to overcome her! For woman is a weak and fragile thing.

Eliz. Woman's not weak; there are heroic souls Among the sex; and, in my presence, sir, I do forbid to speak of woman's weaknes.

TAL. Misfortune was for thee a rigid school;
Thou wast not stationed on the sunny side
Of life; thou sawest no throne, from far, before thee;
The grave was gaping for thee at thy feet.
At Woodstock, and in London's gloomy tower,
'Twas there the gracious father of this land
Taught thee to know thy duty, by misfortune.
No flatterer sought thee there: there learned thy soul,

Far from the noisy world and its distractions, To commune with itself, to think apart, And estimate the real goods of life.

No God protected this poor sufferer:
Transplanted in her early youth to France, The court of levity and thoughtless joys, There, in the round of constant dissipation, She never heard the earnest voice of truth; She was deluded by the glare of vice, And driven onward by the stream of ruin. Hers was the vain possession of a face, And she outshone all others of her sex As far in beauty, as in noble birth.

Eliz. Collect yourself, my Lord of Shrewsbury;
Bethink you we are met in solemn council.
Those charms must surely be without compare,
Which can engender, in an elder's blood,
Such fire. My Lord of Leicester, you alone
Are silent; does the subject which has made
Him eloquent, deprive you of your speech?

Leic. Amazement ties my tongue, my queen, to think

That they should fill thy soul with such alarms, And that the idle tales, which, in the streets Of London, terrify the people's ears, Should reach the enlightened circle of thy council, And gravely occupy our statesmen's minds. Astonishment possesses me, I own, To think this lackland Queen of Scotland, she Who could not save her own poor throne, the jest Of her own vassals, and her country's refuse, Who in her fairest days of freedom, was But thy despised puppet, should become At once thy terror when a prisoner. What, in Heaven's name, can make her formidable? That she lays claim to England? that the Guises Will not acknowledge thee as queen? [Did then Thy people's loyal fealty await These Guises' approbation? Can these Guises, With their objections, ever shake the right Which birth hath given thee; which, with one consent.

The votes of parliament have ratified?
And is not she, by Henry's will, passed o'er
In silence? Is it probable that England,
As yet so blessed in the new light's enjoyment,
Should throw itself into this papist's arms?
From thee, the sovereign it adores, desert
To Darnley's murderess? What will they then,
These restless men, who even in thy lifetime
Torment thee with a successor; who cannot
Dispose of thee in marriage soon enough
To resene church and state from fancied peril?
Stand'st thou not blooming there in youthful prime
While each step leads her towards the expecting
tomb?

By Heavens, I hope thou wilt full many a year Walk o'er the Stuart's grave, and ne'er become Thyself the instrument of her sad end.

Bur. Lord Leicester hath not always held this tone.

My verdict for her death; here, in the council, I may consistently speak otherwise:

Here, right is not the question, but advantage. Is this a time to fear her power, when France, Her only succor, has abandoned her? When thou preparest with thy hand to bless The royal son of France, when the fair hope Of a new, glorious stem of sovereigns Begins again to blossom in this land? Why, hasten then her death? She's dead already. Contempt and scorn are death to her; take heed Lest ill-timed pity call her into life. 'Tis therefore my advice to leave the sentence, By which her life is forfeit, in full force. Let her live on; but let her live beneath The headsman's axe, and, from the very hour One arm is lifted for her, let it fall.

ELIZABETH (rises).

My lords, I now have heard your several thoughts, And give my ardent thanks for this your zeal. With God's assistance, who the hearts of kings Illumines, I will weigh your arguments, And choose what best my judgment shall approve.

[To Burleign.

[Lord Burleigh's honest fears, I know it well, Are but the offspring of his faithful care; But yet, Lord Leicester has most truly said, There is no need of haste; our enemy Hath lost already her most dangerons sting—The mighty arm of France: the fear that she Might quickly be the victim of their zeal Will curb the blind impatience of her friends.]

Scene IV.

Enter Sir Amias Paulet and Mortimer.

Eliz. There's Sir Amias Paulet; noble sir, What tidings bring you?

PAUL. Gracious sovereign,
My nephew, who but lately is returned
From foreign travel, kneels before thy feet,
And offers thee his first and earliest homage,

Grant him thy royal grace, and let him grow And flourish in the sunshine of thy favor.

MORTIMER (kneeling on one knee).

Long live my royal mistress! Happiness And glory from a crown to grace her brows!

ELIZ. Arise, sir knight; and welcome here in England; You've made, I hear, the tour, have been in France And Rome, and tarried, too, some time at Rheims: Tell me what plots our enemics are hatching?

MORT. May God confound them all! And may the darts
Which they shall aim against my sovereign,
Recoiling, strike their own perfidious breasts!

ELIZ. Did you sec Morgan, and the wily Bishop Of Ross?

MORT. I saw, my queen, all Scottish exiles
Who forge at Rheims their plots against this realm.
I stole into their confidence in hopes
To learn some hint of their conspiracies.

Paul. Private despatches they intrusted to him, In eyphers, for the Queen of Scots, which he, With loyal hand, hath given up to us.

ELIZ. Say, what are then their latest plans of treason? Morr. It struck them all as 'twere a thunderbolt,

That France should leave them, and with England

This firm alliance; now they turn their hopes Towards Spain ——

ELIZABETH. This, Walsingham hath written us. Mort. Besides, a bull, which from the Vatican

Pope Sixtus lately levelled at thy throne, Arrived at Rheims, as I was leaving it; With the next ship we may expect it here.

Leic. England no more is frightened by such arms. Bur. They're always dangerous in bigots' hands.

ELIZABETH (looking steadfastly at Mortimer).

Your enemics have said that you frequented The schools at Rheims, and have abjured your faith.

Mort. So I pretended, that I must confess;

Such was my anxious wish to serve my queen. ELIZABETH (to PAULET, who presents papers to her).

What have you there?

Paulet. 'Tis from the Queen of Scots.

'Tis a petition, and to thee addressed.

Burleigh (hastily catching at it).

Give me the paper.

PAULET (giving it to the QUEEN).

By your leave, my lord

High-treasurer; the lady ordered me To bring it to her majesty's own hands.

She says I am her enemy; I am The enemy of her offences only,

And that which is consistent with my duty

I will, and readily, oblige her in.

[The Queen takes the letter: us she reads it Mortimer and Leicester speak some words in private.

BURLEIGH (to PAULET).

What may the purport of the letter be? Idle complaints, from which one ought to sereen The queen's too tender heart.

PAULET. What it contains She did not hide from me; she asks a boon;

She begs to be admitted to the grace

Of speaking with the queen.

Burleigh. It eannot be. Tal. Why not? Her supplieation's not unjust.

Bur. For her, the base encourager of murder;
Her, who hath thirsted for our sovereign's blood,

The privilege to see the royal presence Is forfeited: a faithful counsellor

Can never give this treacherous advice.

Tau. And if the queen is gracious, sir, are you
The man to hinder pity's soft emotions?

Bur. She is condemned to death; her head is laid
Beneath the axe, and it would ill become
The queen to see a death-devoted head.
The sentence cannot have its execution
If the queen's majesty approaches her,
For pardon still attends the royal presence,
As sickness flies the health-dispensing hand.

ELIZABETH (having read the letter, dries her tears).
Oh, what is man! What is the bliss of earth!

To what extremities is she reduced

Who, called to sit on the most ancient throne
Of Christendom, misled by vain ambition,
Hoped with a triple crown to deck her brows!
How is her language altered, since the time
When she assumed the arms of England's crown,
And by the flatterers of her court was styled
Sole monarch of the two Britannic isles!
Forgive me, lords, my heart is cleft in twain,
Anguish possesses me, and my soul bleeds
To think that earthly goods are so unstable,
And that the dreadful fate which rules mankind
Should threaten mine own house, and scowl so near
me.

Tal. Oh, queen! the God of mercy hath informed Your heart; Oh! hearken to this heavenly guidance. Most grievously, indeed, hath she atoned Her grievons crime, and it is time that now, At last, her heavy penance have an end. Stretch forth your hand to raise this abject queen, And, like the luminous vision of an angel, Descend into her gaol's sepulchral night.

Bur. Be steadfast, mighty queen; let no emotion
Of seeming laudable humanity
Mislead thee; take not from thyself the power
Of acting as necessity commands.
Thou canst not pardon her, thou canst not save her:
Then heap not on thyself the odious blame,
That thou, with cruel and contemptuous triumph,
Didst glut thyself with gazing on thy victim.

Leic. Let us, my lords, remain within our bounds;
The queen is wise, and doth not need our counsels
To lead her to the most becoming choice.
This meeting of the queens hath naught in common
With the proceedings of the court of instice.
The law of England, not the monarch's will,
Condemns the Queen of Scotland, and 'twere worthy
Of the great soul of Queen Elizabeth,
To follow the soft dictates of her heart,

Though justice swerves not from its rigid path. Eliz. Retire, my lords. We shall, perhaps, find means

To reconcile the tender claims of pity With what necessity imposes on us. And now retire.

[The Lords retire; she calls Sir Edward Mortimer back.

Sir Edward Mortimer!

Scene V.

ELIZABETH, MORTIMER.

Elizabeth (having measured him for some time with her eyes in silence).

You've shown a spirit of adventurous courage And self-possession, far beyond your years. He who has timely learnt to play so well The difficult dissembler's needful task Becomes a perfect man before his time, And shortens his probationary years. Fate calls you to a lofty scene of action; I prophesy it, and can, happily For you, fulfil, myself, my own prediction.

Mort. Illustrious mistress, what I am, and all

I can accomplish, is devoted to you.

Eliz. You've made acquaintance with the foes of England.

Their hate against me is implacable;
Their fell designs are inexhaustible.
As yet, indeed, Almighty Providence
Hath shielded me; but on my brows the crown
Forever trembles, while she lives who fans
Their bigot-zeal, and animates their hopes.

MORT. She lives no more, as soon as you command it. Eliz. Oh, sir! I thought I saw my labors end,

And I am come no further than at first,
I wished to let the laws of England act,
And keep my own hands pure from blood's defilement.
The sentence is pronounced — what gain I by it?
It must be executed, Mortimer,
And I must authorize the execution.

The blame will ever light on me, I must Avow it, nor can save appearances.

That is the worst—

But can appearances MORTIMER. Disturb your conscience where the cause is just?

ELIZ. You are unpractised in the world, sir knight; What we appear, is subject to the judgment Of all mankind, and what we are, of no man. No one will be convinced that I am right: I must take care that my comivance in Her death be wrapped in everlasting doubt. In deeds of such uncertain double visage Safety lies only in obscurity. Those measures are the worst that stand avowed;

What's not abandoned, is not wholly lost.

MORTIMER (seeking to learn her meaning).

Then it perhaps were best ---

Av, surely 'twere Elizabeth (quick). The best; Oh, sir, my better angel speaks Through you; - go on then, worthy sir, conclude You are in earnest, you examine deep, Have quite a different spirit from your uncle.

MORTIMER (surprised).

Have you imparted then your wishes to him?

Eliz. I am sorry that I have.

MORTIMER. Excuse his age, The old man is grown scrupulous; such bold Adventures ask the enterprising heart Of youth -

ELIZABETII. And may I venture then on you —— MORT. My hand I'll lend thee; save then as thou caust Thy reputation -

ELIZABETII. Yes, sir; if you could But waken me some morning with this news "Maria Stuart, your bloodthirsty foe, Breathed yesternight her last" -

MORTIMER. Depend on me. Eliz. When shall my head lie calmly down to sleep? Mort. The next new moon will terminate thy fears. ELIZ. And be the selfsame happy day the dawn Of your preferment—so God speed you, sir;

And be not hurt, if, chance, my thankfulness Should wear the mask of darkness. Silence is The happy suitor's god. The closest bonds, The dearest, are the works of secreey.

Scene VI.

MORTIMER (alone).

Go, false, deceitful queen! As thou deludest
The world, e'en so I cozen thee; 'tis right,
Thus to betray thee; 'tis a worthy deed.
Look I then like a murderer? Hast thon read
Upon my brow such base dexterity?
Trust only to my arm, and keep thine own
Concealed—assume the pious outward show
Of merey 'fore the world, while reckoning
In secret on my murderons aid; and thus
By gaining time we shall insure her reseue.
Thou wilt exalt me!—show'st me from afar
The costly recompense: but even were
Thyself the prize, and all thy woman's favor,
What art thou, poor one, and what canst thou
proffer?

I scorn ambition's avarieions strife,
With her alone is all the charm of life,
O'er her, in rounds of endless glory, hover
Spirits with grace, and youth eternal blessed,
Celestial joy is through upon her breast.
Thou hast but earthly, mortal goods to offer—
That sovereign good, for which all else be slighted,
When heart in heart, delighting and delighted;
Together flow in sweet forgetfulness;—
Ne'er didst thou woman's fairest erown possess,
Ne'er hast thou with thy hand a lover's heart

requited.
I must attend Lord Leicester, and deliver
Her letter to him — 'tis a hateful charge —
I have no confidence in this court puppet —
I can effect her reseue, I alone;
Be danger, honor, and the prize my own.

[As he is going, PAULET meets him.

SCENE VII.

Mortimer, Paulet.

PAUL. What said the queen to you?

MORTIMER. 'Twas nothing, sir;

Nothing of consequence —

Paulet (looking at him earnestly). Hear, Mortimer!
It is a false and slippery ground on which
You tread. The grace of princes is alluring,

Youth loves ambition — let not yours betray you.

MORT. Was it not yourself that brought me to the

court?

Paul. Oh, would to God I had not done as much!
The honor of our house was never reaped
In courts — stand fast, my nephew — purchase not
Too dear, nor stain your conscience with a crime.

Morr. What are these fears? What are you dreaming of?

Paul. How high soever the queen may pledge herself
To raise you, trust not her alluring words.
[The spirit of the world's a lying spirit,
And vice is a deceitful, treacherous friend.]
She will deny you, if you listen to her;
And, to preserve her own good name, will punish
The bloody deed, which she herself enjoined.

Morr. The bloody deed! -

Paulet. Away, dissimulation!-

I know the deed the queen proposed to you. She hopes that your ambitious youth will prove More docile than my rigid age. But say,

Have you then pledged your promise, have you?

Mortimer. Unele!

PAUL. If you have done so, I abandon you,

And lay my curse upon you—

Leicester (entering). Worthy sir!

I with your nephew wish a word. The queen
Is graciously inclined to him; she wills

That to his custody the Scottish queen Be with full powers intrusted. She relies On his fidelity.

PAULET. Relies!—'tis well—

Leic. What say you, sir? Her majesty relies PAULET. On him; and I, my noble lord, rely Upon myself, and my two open eyes.

[Exit.

SCENE VIII.

LEICESTER, MORTIMER.

LEICESTER (surprised). What ailed the knight? My lord, I cannot tell MORTIMER.

What angers him: the confidence, perhaps, The queen so suddenly confers on me.

Are you deserving then of confidence? This would I ask of you, my Lord of Leicester. MORT.

You said you wished to speak with me in private. MORT. Assure me first that I may safely venture.

Leic. Who gives me an assurance on your side? Let not my want of confidence offend you;

I see you, sir, exhibit at this court

Two different aspects; one of them must be A borrowed one; but which of them is real? Mort. The selfsame doubts I have concerning you.

Which, then, shall pave the way to confidence? MORT. He, who by doing it, is least in danger.

Well, that are you -No, you; the evidence MORTIMER.

Of such a weighty, powerful peer as you Can overwhelm my voice. My accusation Is weak against your rank and influence.

Leic. Sir, you mistake. In everything but this I'm powerful here; but in this tender point Which I am called upon to trust you with, I am the weakest man of all the court, The poorest testimony can undo me.

MORT. If the all-powerful Earl of Leicester deign To stoop so low to meet me, and to make Such a confession to me, I may venture To think a little better of myself, And lead the way in magnanimity.

Leic. Lead you the way of confidence, I'll follow.

MORTIMER (producing suddenly the letter).

Here is a letter from the Queen of Scotland.

LEICESTER (alarmed, catches hastily at the letter). Speak softly, sir! what see I? Oh, it is

Her picture!

[Kisses and examines it with speechless joy — a pause. MORTIMER (who has watched him closely the whole time). Now, my lord, I can believe you.

LEICESTER (having hastily run through the letter).

You know the purport of this letter, sir.

MORT. Not I.

Indeed! She surely hath informed you. LEICESTER. Mort. Nothing hath she informed me of. She said

You would explain this riddle to me - 'tis To me a riddle, that the Earl of Leicester, The far-famed favorite of Elizabeth.

The open, bitter enemy of Mary,

And one of those who spoke her mortal sentence, Should be the man from whom the queen expects Deliverance from her woes; and yet it must be; Your eyes express too plainly what your heart Feels for the hapless lady.

LEICESTER. Tell me, sir,

First, how it comes that you should take so warm An interest in her fate; and what it was Gained you her confidence?

MORTIMER. My lord, I can,

And in few words, explain this mystery. I lately have at Rome abjured my creed, And stand in correspondence with the Guises.

A letter from the cardinal archbishop

Was my credential with the Queen of Scots.

LEIC. I am acquainted, sir, with your conversion; 'Twas that which waked my confidence towards you. [Each remnant of distrust be henceforth banished;] Your hand, sir, pardon me these idle doubts, I cannot use too much precaution here. Knowing how Walsingham and Burleigh hate me, And, watching me, in secret spread their snares: You might have been their instrument, their creature To lure me to their toils.

MORTIMER. How poor a part So great a nobleman is forced to play

At court! My lord, I pity you.

I rest upon the faithful breast of friendship,
Where I can ease me of this long constraint.
You seem surprised, sir, that my heart is turned
So suddenly towards the captive queen.
In truth, I never hated her; the times
Have forced me to be her enemy.
She was, as you well know, my destined bride,
Long since, ere she bestowed her hand on Darnley,
While yet the beams of glory round her smiled,

Coldly I then refused the proffered toon. Now in confinement, at the gates of death,

I claim her at the hazard of my life. Mort. True magnanimity, my lord.

Leicester. The state

Of circumstances since that time is changed. Ambition made me all insensible

To youth and beauty. Mary's hand I held

Too insignificant for me; I hoped

To be the husband of the Queen of England.

MORT. It is well known she gave you preference

Before all others.

Leicester. So, indeed, it seemed.

Now, after ten lost years of tedious courtship

And hateful self-constraint — oh, sir, my heart Must ease itself of this long agony.

They call me happy! Did they only know What the chains are, for which they envy me!

When I had sacrificed ten bitter years
To the proud idol of her vanity;

Submitted with a slave's humility

To every change of her despotic fancies
The plaything of each little wayward whim.
At times by seeming tenderness caressed,

As oft repulsed with proud and cold disdain; Alike tormented by her grace and rigor: Watched like a prisoner by the Argus eves

Of jealousy; examined like a schoolboy,

And railed at like a servant. Oh, no tongue Can paint this hell.

Mobetimer. My lord, I feel for you.

Lew. To lose, and at the very goal, the prize!

Another comes to rob me of the fruits
Of my so anxious wooing. I must lose
To her young blooming husband all those rights
Of which I was so long in full possession;
And I must from the stage descend, where I
So long have played the most distinguished part.
'Tis not her hand alone this envious stranger
Threatens, he'd rob me of her favor too;
She is a woman, and he formed to please.

Mort. He is the son of Catherine. He has learn

In a good school the arts of flattery.

Leic. Thus fall my hopes; I strove to seize a plank To bear me in this shipwreck of my fortunes, And my eye turned itself towards the hope Of former days once more; then Mary's image Within me was renewed, and youth and beauty Once more asserted all their former rights. No more 'twas cold ambition; 'twas my heart Which now compared, and with regret I felt The value of the jewel I had lost. With horror I beheld her in the depths. Of misery, cast down by my transgression; Then waked the hope in me that I might still Deliver and possess her; I contrived To send her, through a faithful hand, the news Of my conversion to her interests; And in this letter which you brought me, she Assures me that she pardons me, and offers Herself as guerdon if I rescue her.

Mort. But you attempted nothing for her resene.
You let her be condemned without a word:
You gave, yourself, your verdict for her death;
A miracle must happen, and the light
Of truth must move me, me, her keeper's nephew,
And heaven must in the Vatican at Rome
Prepare for her an unexpected succour,
Else had she never found the way to you.

Leic. Oh, sir, it has tormented me enough! About this time it was that they removed her From Talbot's castle, and delivered her Up to your unele's stricter eustody. Each way to her was shut. I was obliged Before the world to persecute her still; But do not think that I would patiently Have seen her led to death. No, sir; I hoped, And still I hope, to ward off all extremes,

Till I ean find some certain means to save her. MORT. These are already found: my Lord of Leicester;

Your generous confidence in me deserves

A like return. I will deliver her.

That is my object here; my dispositions Are made already, and your powerful aid Assures us of success in our attempt.

Leic. What say you? You alarm me! How? You would -

MORT. I'll open foreibly her prison-gates; I have confederates, and all is ready.

Leic. You have confederates, accompliees? Alas! In what rash enterprise would you

Engage me? And these friends, know they my secret?

Mort. Fear not; our plan was laid without your help, Without your help it would have been accomplished, Had she not signified her resolution To owe her liberty to you alone.

Leic. And can you, then, with certainty assure me That in your plot my name has not been mentioned?

Mort. You may depend upon it. How, my lord, So scrupulous when help is offered you? You wish to rescue Mary, and possess her; You find confederates; sudden, unexpected, The readiest means fall, as it were from Heaven,

Yet you show more perplexity than joy.

Leic. We must avoid all violence; it is Too dangerous an enterprise.

Delay Mortimer.

Is also dangerous.

I tell you, sir, LEICESTER. 'Tis not to be attempted ——

Mortimer. My lord,

Too hazardous for you, who would possess her; But we, who only wish to reseue her,

We are more bold.

Leicester. Young man, you are too hasty

In such a thorny, dangerous attempt.

Mort. And you too serupulous in honor's cause.

Leic. I see the trammels that are spread around us.

Mort. And I feel courage to break through them all.

Leic. Foolhardiness and madness, is this courage?

Mort. This prudence is not bravery, my lord. Leic. You surely wish to end like Babington.

Morr. You not to imitate great Norfolk's virtue.

Leic. Norfolk ne'er won the bride he wooed so fondly. Mort. But yet he proved how truly he deserved her.

LEIC. If we are ruined, she must fall with us.

MORT. If we risk nothing, she will ne'er be rescued.

Leic. You will not weigh the matter, will not hear;

With blind and hasty rashness you destroy The plans which I so happily had framed.

Mort. And what were then the plans which you had framed?

What have you done then to deliver her? And how, if I were misereant enough To murder her, as was proposed to me This moment by Elizabeth, and which She looks upon as certain; only name

The measures you have taken to protect her?

LEIC. Did the queen give you, then, this bloody order? Mort. She was deceived in me, as Mary is

In you.

LEICESTER. And have you promised it? Say, have you? MORT. That she might not engage another's hand,

I offered mine.

Leicester. Well done, sir; that was right;
This gives us leisure, for she rests seeure

Upon your bloody service, and the sentence Is unfulfilled the while, and we gain time.

MORTIMER (angrily).

No, we are losing time.

LEICESTER. The queen depends

On you, and will the readier make a show Of merey; and I may prevail on her To give an audience to her adversary; And by this stratagem we tie her hands:

Yes! I will make the attempt, strain every nerve.

Morr. And what is gained by this? When she discovers

That I am cheating her, that Mary lives; Are we not where we were? She never will Be free; the mildest doom which can await her At best is but perpetual confinement. A daring deed must one day end the matter; Why will you not with such a deed begin? The power is in your hands, would you but rouse The might of your dependents round about Your many castles, 'twere an host; and still Has Mary many secret friends. The Howards And Pereies' noble houses, though their ehiefs Be fallen, are rich in heroes; they but wait For the example of some potent lord. Away with feigning - act an open part, And, like a loyal knight, protect your fair; Fight a good fight for her! You know you are Lord of the person of the Queen of England, Whene'er you will: invite her to your eastle, Oft hath she thither followed you — then show That you're a man; then speak as master; keep

Confined till she release the Queen of Scots. Leic. I am astonished — I am terrified!

Where would your giddy madness hurry you? Are you acquainted with this country? Know you The deeps and shallows of this court? With what A potent spell this female sceptre binds And rules men's spirits round her? 'Tis in vain You seek the heroic energy which once Was active in this land! it is subdued, A woman holds it under lock and key, And every spring of courage is relaxed. Follow my counsel—venture nothing rashly. Some one approaches—go——

MORTIMER. And Mary hopes—
Shall I return to her with empty comfort?

Leic. Bear her my vows of everlasting love.

Mort. Bear them yourself! I offered my assistance

As her deliverer, not your messenger.

[Exit

Scene IX.

ELIZABETH, LEICESTER.

ELIZ. Say, who was here? I heard the sound of voices. LEICESTER (turning quickly and perplexed round on hearing the QUEEN).

It was young Mortimer -

ELIZABETH. How now, my lord:

Why so confused?

Leicester (collecting himself).

Your presence is the cause. Ne'er did I see thy beauty so resplendent, My sight is dazzled by thy heavenly charms.

Oh!

ELIZABETH. Whence this sigh?

Letcester. Have I no reason, then, To sigh? When I behold you in your glory,

I feel anew, with pain unspeakable, The loss which threatens me.

ELIZABETH. What loss, my lord?

Jec. Your heart; your own inestimable self:
Soon will you feel yourself within the arms
Of your young ardent husband, highly blessed;
He will possess your heart without a rival.
He is of royal blood, that am not I.
Yet, spite of all the world can say, there lives no one on this globe who with such fervent real

Yet, spite of all the world can say, there lives not One on this globe who with such fervent zeal Adores you as the man who loses you. Anjou hath never seen you, can but love Your glory and the splendor of your reign; But I love you, and were you born of all The peasant maids the poorest, I the first Of kings, I would descend to your condition,

And lay my crown and sceptre at your feet!

Eliz. Oh, pity me, my Dudley; do not blame me;

I cannot ask my heart. Oh, that had chosen Far otherwise! Ah, how I envy others Who can exalt the object of their love! But I am not so blest: 'tis not my fortune To place upon the brows of him, the dearest Of men to me, the royal crown of England. The Queen of Scotland was allowed to make Her hand the token of her inclination; She hath had every freedom, and hath drunk, Even to the very dregs, the cup of joy.

Leic. And now she drinks the bitter cup of sorrow Eliz. She never did respect the world's opinion;

Life was to her a sport; she never courted
The yoke to which I bowed my willing neck.
And yet, methinks, I had as just a claim
As she to please myself and taste the joys
Of life: but I preferred the rigid duties
Which royalty imposed on me; yet she,
She was the favorite of all the men
Because she only strove to be a woman;
And youth and age became alike her suitors.
Thus are the men voluptuaries all!
The willing slaves of levity and pleasure;
Value that least which claims their reverence.
And did not even Talbot, though gray-headed,
Grow young again when speaking of her charms?

Leic. Forgive him, for he was her keeper once, And she has fooled him with her cunning wiles.

Ediz. And is it really true that she's so fair?
So often have I been obliged to hear
The praises of this wonder—it were well
If I could learn on what I might depend:
Pictures are flattering, and description lies;
I will trust nothing but my own conviction.
Why gaze you at me thus?

LEICESTER. I placed in thought
You and Maria Stuart side by side.
Yes! I confess I oft have felt a wish,
If it could be but secretly contrived,
To see you placed beside the Scottish queen,
Then would you feel, and not till then, the full





Enjoyment of your triumph: she deserves
To be thus humbled; she deserves to see,
With her own eyes, and envy's glance is keen,
Herself surpassed, to feel herself o'ermatehed,
As much by thee in form and princely grace
As in each virtue that adorns the sex.

I never should have thought it. But her griefs, Her sufferings, indeed! 'tis possible Have brought down age upon her ere her time. Yes, and 'twould mortify her more to see thee As bride — she hath already turned her back On each fair hope of life, and she would see thee Advancing towards the open arms of joy. See thee as bride of France's royal son, She who hath always plumed herself so high On her connection with the house of France, And still depends upon its mighty aid.

ELIZABETH (with a careless air).

I'm teazed to grant this interview.

She asks it LEICESTER. As a favor; grant it as a punishment. For though you should conduct her to the block, Yet would it less torment her than to see Herself extinguished by your beauty's splendor. Thus ean you murder her as she hath wished To murder you. When she beholds your beauty, Guarded by modesty, and beaming bright, In the clear glory of unspotted fame (Which she with thoughtless levity discarded), Exalted by the splendor of the crown, And blooming now with tender bridal graces -Then is the hour of her destruction come. Yes — when I now behold you — you were never, No, never were you so prepared to seal The triumph of your beauty. As but now You entered the apartment, I was dazzled As by a glorious vision from on high. Could you but now, now as you are, appear Before her, you could find no better moment.

ELIZ. Now? no, not now; no, Leicester; this must be
Maturely weighed — I must with Burleigh —
Leicester.

Burleigh!

To him you are but sovereign, and as such Alone he seeks your welfare; but your rights, Derived from womanhood, this tender point Must be decided by your own tribunal, Not by the statesman; yet e'en policy Demands that you should see her, and allure By such a generous deed the public voice. You can hereafter act as it may please you, To rid you of the hateful enemy.

Eliz. But would it then become me to behold My kinswoman in infamy and want? They say she is not royally attended;

Would not the sight of her distress reproach me?
Leic. You need not cross her threshold; hear my counsel:

A fortunate conjuncture favors it.
The hunt you mean to honor with your presence
Is in the neighborhood of Fotheringay;
Permission may be given to Lady Stuart
To take the air; you meet her in the park,
As if by accident; it must not seem
To have been planned, and should you not incline,
You need not speak to her.

ELIZABETH. If I am foolish,
Be yours the fault, not mine. I would not care
To-day to cross your wishes; for to-day
I've grieved you more than all my other subjects.

Let it then be your fancy. Leicester, hence You see the free obsequiousness of love. Which suffers that which it cannot approve. [Leicester prostrates himself before her, and the curtain falls.

ACT III.

Scene I.

In a park. In the foreground trees; in the background a distant prospect.

Mary advances, running from behind the trees. Hannah Kennedy follows slowly.

KEN. You hasten on as if endowed with wings;
I cannot follow you so swiftly; wait.

Mary. Freedom returns! Oh let me enjoy it.

Let me be childish; be thou childish with me.

Freedom invites me! Oh, let me employ it

Skimming with winged step light o'er the lea;

Have I escaped from this mansion of mourning?

Holds me no more the sad dungeon of care?

Let me, with joy and with eagerness burning,

Drink in the free, the celestial air.

Ken. Oh, my dear lady! but a very little
Is your sad gaol extended; you behold not
The wall that shuts us in; these plaited tufts
Of trees hide from your sight the hated object.

Mary. Thanks to these friendly trees, that hide from me My prison walls, and flatter my illusion! Happy I now may deem myself, and free; Why wake me from my dream's so sweet confusion? The extended vault of heaven around me lies, Free and unfettered range my wandering eyes O'er space's vast, immeasurable sea! From where you misty mountains rise on high I can my empire's boundaries explore; And those light clouds which, steering southwards, fly, Seek the mild clime of France's genial shore.

Fast fleeting clouds! ye meteors that fly; Could I but with you sail through the sky! Tenderly greet the dear land of my youth! Here I am captive! oppressed by my foes, No other than you may carry my woes. Free through the ether your pathway is seen, Ye own not the power of this tyrant queen. Ken. Alas! dear lady! You're beside yourself,
This long-lost, long-sought freedom makes you rave.

Mary. Yonder's a fisher returning to his home;

Poor though it be, would he lend me his wherry,
Quick to congenial shores would I ferry.
Spare is his trade, and labor's his doom;
Rich would I freight his vessel with treasure;
Such a draught should be his as he never had seen;
Wealth should he find in his nets without measure,
Would he but rescue a poor captive queen.

Ken. Fond, fruitless wishes! See you not from far How we are followed by observing spies?

A dismal, barbarons prohibition scares

Each sympathetic being from our path.

MARY. No, gentle Hannah! Trust me, not in vain
My prison gates are opened. This small grace
Is harbinger of greater happiness.
No! I mistake not; 'tis the active hand
Of love to which I owe this kind indulgence.
I recognize in this the mighty arm
Of Leicester. They will by degrees expand
My prison; will accustom me, through small,
To greater liberty, until at last
I shall behold the face of him whose hand

I shall behold the face of him whose hand Will dash my fetters off, and that forever.

Ken. Oh, my dear queen! I cannot reconcile
These contradictions. 'Twas but yesterday
That they announced your death, and all at once,
To-day, you have such liberty. Their chains
Are also loosed, as I have oft been told,
Whom everlasting liberty awaits.

Harry. Hear'st thou the bugle, so blithely resonnding?
Hear'st thou its echoes through wood and through plain?

Oh, might I now, on my nimble steed bounding, Join with the joeund, the froliesome train.

Again! Oh, this sad and this pleasing remembrance! These are the sounds which, so sprightly and clear, Oft, when with music the hounds and the horn

So cheerfully welcomed the break of the morn, On the heaths of the Highlands delighted my ear.

Scene II.

Enter PAULET.

Paul. Well, have I aeted right at last, my lady?
Do I for once, at least, deserve your thanks?

Mary. How! Do I owe this favor, sir, to you?

Paul. Why not to me? I visited the court,

And gave the queen your letter.

MARY. Did you give it?

In very truth did you deliver it?
And is this freedom which I now enjoy

The happy consequence?

Paulet (significantly). Nor that alone;
Prepare yourself to see a greater still.

MARY. A greater still! What do you mean by that?

PAUL. You heard the bugle-horns?

Mary (starting back with foreboding apprehension).
You frighten me.

Paul. The queen is hunting in the neighborhood — What!

PAUL. In a few moments she'll appear before you. Kennedy (hastening towards Mary, and about to fall).

How fare you, dearest lady? You grow pale.

PAUL. How? Is't not well? Was it not then your

prayer?

'Tis granted now, before it was expected;
You who had ever such a ready speech,
Now summon all your powers of eloquence,
The important time to use them now is come.

Mary. Oh, why was I not told of this before?

Now I am not prepared for it—not now—

What, as the greatest favor, I besought,

Seems to me now most fearful; Hannah, eome,

Lead me into the house, till I collect

My spirits.

PAULET. Stay; you must await her here.
Yes! I believe you may be well alarmed
To stand before your judge.

Scene III.

Enter the Earl of Shrewsbury.

Mary.

O God! Far other thoughts possess me now.
Oh, worthy Shrewsbury! You come as though
You were an angel sent to me from heaven.
I cannot, will not see her. Save me, save me
From the detested sight!

Shrewsbury. Your majesty,
Command yourself, and shimmon all your courage

'Tis the decisive moment of your fate.

Mary. For years I've waited, and prepared myself.
For this I've studied, weighed, and written down
Each word within the tablet of my memory
That was to touch and move her to compassion.
Forgotten suddenly, effaced is all,
And nothing lives within me at this moment
But the fierce, burning feeling of my wrongs.
My heart is turned to direst hate against her;
All gentle thoughts, all sweet forgiving words,
Are gone, and round me stand with grisly mien,
The fiends of hell, and shake their snaky locks!

Shrew. Command your wild, rebellions blood;— eon-

The bitterness which fills your heart. No good Ensues when hatred is opposed to hate. How much soe'er the inward struggle cost You must submit to stern necessity,

The power is in her hand, be therefore humble

Mary. To her? I never can.

Shrewsbury. But pray, submit.

Speak with respect, with calmness! Strive to move
Her magnanimity; insist not now

Upon your rights, not now — 'tis not the season.

Marv. Ah! woe is me! I've prayed for my destruction.

And, as a curse to me, my prayer is heard.

We never should have seen each other — never!

Oh, this ean never, never come to good.

Rather in love could fire and water meet, The timid lamb embrace the roaring tiger! I have been hurt too grievously; she hath Too grievously oppressed me; — no atonement Can make us friends!

SUREWSBURY. First sec her, face to face: Did I not see how she was moved at reading Your letter? How her eyes were drowned in tears? No — she is not unfeeling; only place More confidence in her. It was for this That I came on before her, to entreat you

To be collected — to admonish you —

MARY (seizing his hand).

Oh, Talbot! you have ever been my friend, Had I but stayed beneath your kindly care! They have, indeed, misused me, Shrewsbury.

SHREW. Let all be now forgot, and only think How to receive her with submissiveness.

Mary. Is Burleigh with her, too, my evil genius? Shrew. No one attends her but the Earl of Leicester. Mary. Lord Leicester?

Shrewsbury.

Fear not him; it is not he Who wishes your destruction; — 'twas his work That here the queen hath granted you this meeting.

MARY. Ah! well I knew it.

SHREWSBURY. What?

The queen approaches. PAULET. They all draw aside; MARY alone remains, leaning on Kennedy.

Scene IV.

The same, Elizabeth, Earl of Leicester, and Retinue.

ELIZABETH (to LEICESTER),

What seat is that, my lord?

'Tis Fotheringay. LEICESTER.

Elizabeth (to Shrewsbury).

My ford, send back our retinue to London; The people crowd too eager in the roads, We'll seek a refuge in this quiet park.

[Talbot sends the train away. She looks steadfastly at Mary, as she speaks further with Paulet.

My honest people love me overmuch.

These signs of joy are quite idolatrous.

Thus should a God be honored, not a mortal.

Mary (who the whole time had leaned, almost fainting, on Kennedy, rises now, and her eyes meet the steady, piercing look of Elizabeth; she shudders and throws herself again upon Kennedy's bosom).

O God! from out these features speaks no heart.

Eliz. What lady's that?

Leicester.

Leicester.

You are at Fotheringay,

My liege!

Elizabeth (as if surprised, casting an angry look at Leicester.)

Who hath done this, my Lord of Leicester?

Leic. 'Tis past, my queen;—and now that heaven hath led

Your footsteps hither, be magnanimous;

And let sweet pity be triumphant now.

SHREW. Oh, royal mistress! yield to our entreaties; Oh, cast your eves on this unhappy one

Who stands dissolved in anguish.

[Mary collects herself, and begins to advance towards Elizabeth, stops shuddering at half way:—her action expresses the mist violent internal struggle. Elizabeth. How, my lords!

Which of you then announced to me a prisoner Bowed down by woe: I see a haughty one

By no means humbled by calamity.

MARY. Well, be it so: — to this will I submit.

Farewell high thought, and pride of noble mind!

I will forget my dignity, and all

My sufferings; I will fall before her feet Who hath reduced me to this wretchedness.

[She turns towards the Queen. The voice of heaven decides for you, my sister. Your happy brows are now with triumph crowned,

I bless the Power Divine which thus hath raised you.

[She kneels]

But in your turn be merciful, my sister; Let me not lie before you thus disgraced; Stretch forth your hand, your royal hand, to raise

Your sister from the depths of her distress.

ELIZABETH (stepping back).

You are where it becomes you. Lady Stuart; And thankfully I prize my God's protection. Who hath not suffered me to kneel a suppliant. Thus at your feet, as you now kneel at mine.

MARY (with increasing everyy of teeling . Think on all earthly things, vicissitules. Oh! there are gods who runish haughty prile: Respect them, honor them, the dreadful ones Who thus before thy feet have humbled me! Before these strangers eves dishonor not Yourself in me: profane not, nor disgrace The royal blood of Tudor. In my veins It flows as pure a stream as in your own. Oi, for God's pity, stand not so estranged And inaccessii le. like some tall cliff. Which the poor ship wrecked mariner in vain Struggles to sieze, and labors to embrace. My all, my life, my fortune now depends Upon the influence of my words and tears: That I may touch your heart, ch. set mine free. If you regard me with those icy looks My sluddering heart contracts itself, the stream Of tears is dried, and frigid horror chains

The words of supplication in my bosom! Elizabeth (cold and secere).

What would you say to me, my Lady Stuart? You wished to speak with me; and I, forgetting The queen, and all the wrongs I have sustained. Fulfil the pious duty of the sister.

And grant the boom you wished for of my presence.

Yet I, in yielding to the generous feelings

Oi magnanimity, expose myself

To rightful censure, that I stoop so low.

For well you know you would have had me murdered.

Mary. Oi! how shall I begin? Oh, how shall I So artfully arrange my cautious words. That they may touch, yet not offend your heart? Strengthen my words, O Heaven! and take from them

Whate'er might wound. Alas! I cannot speak

In my own cause without impeaching you, And that most heavily, I wish not so; You have not as you ought behaved to me: I am a queen, like you yet you have held me Confined in prison. As a suppliant I came to you, yet you in me insulted The pious use of hospitality; Slighting in me the holy law of nations, Immured me in a dungeon — tore from me My friends and servants; to unseemly want I was exposed, and hurried to the bar Of a disgraceful, insolent tribunal. No more of this; — in everlasting silence Be buried all the cruelties I suffered! See — I will throw the blame of all on fate, 'Twere not your fault, no more than it was mine. An evil spirit rose from the abyss, To kindle in our hearts the flame of hate, By which our tender youth had been divided. It grew with us, and bad, designing men Fanned with their ready breath the fatal fire: Frantics, enthusiasts, with sword and dagger Armed the uncalled-for hand! This is the curse Of kings, that they, divided, tear the world In pieces with their hatred, and let loose The raging furies of all hellish strife! No foreign tongue is now between us, sister, [Approaching her confidently, and with a flattering

Now stand we face to face; now, sister, speak: Name but my crime, I'll fully satisfy you,—Alas! had you vouchsafed to hear me then, When I so earnest sought to meet your eye, It never would have come to this, nor would, Here in this mournful place, have happened now This so distressful, this so mournful meeting.

ELIZ. My better stars preserved me. I was warned, And laid not to my breast the poisonous adder! Accuse not fate! your own deceitful heart It was, the wild ambition of your house: As yet no enmities had passed between us,

When your imperious nucle, the proud priest, Whose shameless hand grasps at all crowns, attacked me

With unprovoked hostility, and taught
You, but too docile, to assume my arms,
To vest yourself with my imperial title,
And meet me in the lists in mortal strife:
What arms employed he not to storm my throne?
The curses of the priests, the people's sword,
The dreadful weapons of religious frenzy;
Even here in my own kingdom's peaceful haunts
He fanned the flames of civil insurrection;
But God is with me, and the haughty priest
Has not maintained the field. The blow was aimed
Full at my head, but yours it is which falls!

Mary. I'm in the hand of heaven. You never will

Exert so cruelly the power it gives you.

Eliz. Who shall prevent me? Say, did not your uncle

Set all the kings of Europe the example,
How to conclude a peace with those they hate.
Be mine the school of Saint Bartholomew;
What's kindred then to me, or nation's laws?
The church can break the bands of every duty;
It consecrates the regicide, the traitor;
I only practise what your priests have taught!
Say then, what surety can be offered me,
Should I magnanimously loose your bonds?
Say, with what lock can I secure your faith,
Which by Saint Peter's keys cannot be opened?
Force is my only surety; no alliance
Can be concluded with a race of vipers.

Mary. Oh! this is but your wretched, dark suspicion!
For you have constantly regarded me
But as a stranger, and an enemy.
Had you declared me heir to your dominions,
As is my right, then gratitude and love
In me had fixed, for you, a faithful friend
And kinswoman.

Your house is papacy, the monk your brother

Name you my successor! The treacherous snare! That in my life you might seduce my people; And, like a sly Armida, in your net Entangle all our noble English youth; That all might turn to the new rising sun, And I ——

Mary. O sister, rule your realm in peace;
I give up every claim to these domains—
Alas! the pinions of my soul are lamed;
Greatness entices me no more: your point
Is gained; I am but Mary's shadow now—
My noble spirit is at last broke down
By long captivity:— you've done your worst
On me; you have destroyed me in my bloom!
Now, end your work, my sister;— speak at length
The word, which to pronounce has brought you hither;

For I will ne'er believe that you are come,
To mock unfeelingly your hapless victim.
Pronounce this word; — say, "Mary, you are free:
You have already felt my power, — learn now
To honor too my generosity."
Say this, and I will take my life, will take
My freedom, as a present from your hands.
One word makes all undone; — I wait for it; —
Oh, let it not be needlessly delayed.
Woe to you if you end not with this word!
For should you not, like some divinity,
Dispensing noble blessings, quit me now,
Then, sister, not for all this island's wealth,
For all the realms encircled by the deep,
Would I exchange my present lot for yours.

Eliz. And you confess at last that you are conquered:
Are all your schemes run out? No more assassins
Now on the road? Will no adventurer
Attempt again for you the sad achievement?
Yes, madam, it is over: — you'll seduce
No mortal more. The world has other cares; —
None is ambitious of the dangerous honor
Of being your fourth husband — you destroy
Your wooers like your husbands.

Mary (starting angrily). Sister, sister!— Grant me forbearance, all ve powers of heaven!

ELIZABETH (regards her long with a look of proud con-

tempt).

Those then, my Lord of Leicester, are the charms Which no man with impunity can view, Near which no woman dare to stand? In sooth, this honor has been cheaply gained; She who to all is common, may with ease Become the common object of applause.

Mary. This is too much!

Elizabeth (laughing insultingly).

You show us now, indeed,

Your real face; till now 'twas but the mask.

Mary (burning with rage, yet dignified and noble).

My sins were human, and the faults of youth:

Superior force misled me. I have never

Denied or sought to hide it: I despised

All false appearance, as became a queen.

The worst of me is known, and I can say,

That I am better than the fame I bear.

Woe to you! when, in time to come, the world

Shall draw the robe of honor from your deeds,

With which thy arch-hypocrisy has veiled The raging flames of lawless, secret lust. Virtue was not your portion from your mother; Well know we what it was which brought the head

Of Anna Boleyn to the fatal block.

Shrewsbury (stepping between both Queens).

Oh! Heaven! Alas, and must it come to this!

Is this the moderation, the submission,

My lady?——

Mary. Moderation! I've supported
What human nature can support: farewell,
Lamb-hearted resignation, passive patience,
Fly to thy native heaven; burst at length
Thy bonds, come forward from thy dreary cave,
In all thy fury, long suppressed rancor!
And thou, who to the angered basilisk
Impart'st the murderous glance, oh, arm my tongue
With poisoned darts!

She is beside herself!

Exasperated, mad! My liege, forgive her.

[Elizabeth, speechless with unger, casts enraged looks at Mary.

Leicester (in the most violent agitation; he seeks to lead Elizabeth away).

Attend not to her rage! Away, away,

From this disastrons place!

Mary (raising her voice). A bastard soils,
Profanes the English throne! The generous Britons
Are cheated by a juggler, [whose whole figure
Is false and painted, heart as well as face!]
If right prevailed, you now would in the dust
Before me lie, for I'm your rightful monarch!

[Elizabeth hastily quits the stage; the lords follow her in the greatest consternation.

Scene V.

MARY, KENNEDY.

KEN. What have you done? She has gone hence in wrath

All hope is over now!

Mary (still quite beside herself').

Gone hence in wrath!

She carries death within her heart! I know it. [Falling on Kennedy's bosom.

Now I am happy, Hannah! and at last, After whole years of sorrow and abasement,

One moment of victorious revenge!

A weight falls off my heart, a weight of mountains; I plunged the steel in my oppressor's breast!

KEN. Unhappy lady! Frenzy overcomes you.
Yes, you have wounded your inveterate foe;
"Tis she who wields the lightning, she is queen,

You have insulted her before her minion.

MARY. I have abased her before Leicester's eyes;

He saw it, he was witness of my triumph.

How did I hard her from her haughty height,

He saw it, and his presence strengthened me.

Scene VI.

Enter Mortimer.

Ken. Oh, sir! What an occurrence! MORTIMER.

I heard all -

[Gives the nurse a sign to repair to her post, and draws nearer; his whole appearance expresses the utmost violence of passion.

Thine is the palm;—thou trod'st her to the dust!— Thou wast the queen, she was the malefactor; -I am transported with thy noble courage;— Yes! I adore thee; like a Deity,

My sense is dazzled by thy heavenly beams.

Mary (with vivacity and expectation).

You spoke with Leicester, gave my letter to him.

My present, too?—oh, speak, sir.

MARTIMER (beholding her with glowing looks).

How thy noble,

Thy royal indignation shone, and east A glory round thy beauty; yes, by heavens, Thou art the fairest woman upon earth!

Mary. Sir, satisfy, I beg you, my impatience; What says his lordship? Say, sir, may I hope? MORT. Who? - he? - he is a wretch, a very coward,

Hope naught from him; despise him, and forget him!

MARY. What say you?

MORTIMER. He deliver, and possess you! Why let him dare it: - he! - he must with me

In mortal contest first deserve the prize!

MARY. You gave him not my letter? Then, indeed My hopes are lost!

The coward loves his life. Mortimer. Whoe'er would rescue you, and call you his,

Must boldly dare affront e'en death itself!

Mary. Will be do nothing for me?

MORTIMER. Speak not of hin.

What can be do? What need have we of him? I will release you; I alone.

MARY. Alas I

What power have you?

MORTIMER. Deceive yourself no more;

Think not your case is now as formerly;
The moment that the queen thus quitted yon,
And that your interview had ta'en this turn,
All hope was lost, each way of mercy shut.
Now deeds must speak, now boldness must decide

To compass all must all be hazarded;

You must be free before the morning break.

MARY. What say you, sir—to-night?—impossible!

Morr. Hear what has been resolved: —I led my friends
Into a private chapel, where a priest
Heard our confession, and, for every sin
We had committed gave us absolution:

We had committed, gave us absolution; He gave us absolution too, beforehand,

For every crime we might commit in future; He gave us too the final sacrament,

And we are ready for the final journey.

MARY. Oh, what an awful, dreadful preparation!

MORT. We scale, this very night, the castle's walls;

The keys are in my power; the guards we murder! Then from thy chamber bear thee forcibly. Each living soul must die beneath our hands,

That none remain who might disclose the deed.

MARY. And Drury, Paulet, my two keepers, they
Would sooner spill their dearest drop of blood.

MORT. They fall the very first beneath my steel.

MARY. What, sir! Your uncle? How! Your second father!

MORT. Must perish by my hand - I murder him!

MARY. Oh, bloody outrage!

MORTIMER. We have been absolved

Beforehand; I may perpetrate the worst; I can, I will do so!

MARY. Oh, dreadful, dreadful! Morr. And should I be obliged to kill the queen,

I've sworn upon the host, it must be done!

MARY. No, Mortimer; ere so much blood for mc——

Morr. What is the life of all compared to thee,

And to my love? The bond which holds the world Together may be loosed, a second deluge Come rolling on, and swallow all creation!

Henceforth I value nothing; ere I quit
My hold on thee, may earth and time be ended!
MARY (retiring).

Heavens! Sir, what language, and what looks! They

scare,

They frighten me!

MORTIMER (with unsteady looks, expressive of quiet madness). Life's but a moment — death

Is but a moment too. Why! let them drag me To Tyburn, let them tear me limb from limb,

With red-hot pincers —

[Violently approaching her with extended arms.

If I clasp but thee

Within my arms, thou fervently beloved!

Mary. Madman, avaunt!

MORTIMER. To rest upon this bosom,
To press upon this passion-breathing mouth—

MARY. Leave me, for God's sake, sir; let me go in ——
Morr. He is a madman who neglects to clasp

His bliss in folds that never may be loosed, When Heaven has kindly given it to his arms.

I will deliver you, and though it cost A thousand lives, I do it; but I swear,

As God's in Heaven I will possess you too! Mary. Oh! will no God, no angel shelter me?

Dread destiny! thou throwest me, in thy wrath, From one tremendous terror to the other!

Was I then born to waken naught but frenzy? Do hate and love conspire alike to fright me!

MORT. Yes, glowing as their hatred is my love;
They would behead thee, they would wound this neck,

So dazzling white, with the disgraceful axe!

Oh! offer to the living god of joy

What thou must sacrifice to bloody hate! Inspire thy happy lover with those charms

Which are no more thine own. Those golden locks

Are forfeit to the dismal powers of death, Oh! use them to entwine thy slave forever!

MARY. Alas! alas! what language must I hear!

My woe, my sufferings should be sacred to you,

Although my royal brows are so no more.

MORT. The crown is fallen from thy brows, thou hast
No more of earthly majesty. Make trial,
Raise thy imperial voice, see if a friend,

If a deliverer will rise to save you.

Thy moving form alone remains, the high, The godlike influence of thy heavenly beauty; This bids me venture all, this arms my hand

With might, and drives me tow'rd the headsman's axe. Many. Oh! who will save me from his raging madness?

Morr. Service that's bold demands a bold reward.

Why shed their blood the daring? Is not life Life's highest good? And he a madman who Casts life away? First will I take my rest, Upon the breast that glows with love's own fire!

[He presses her violently to his bosom,

Mary. Oh, must I call for help against the man

Who would deliver me!

MORTIMER. Thou'rt not unfeeling,
The world ne'er censured thee for frigid rigor;
The fervent prayer of love can touch thy heart.
Thou mad'st the minstrel Rizzio blest, and gavest
Thyself a willing prey to Bothwell's arms.

Mary. Presumptuous man!

MORTIMER. He was indeed thy tyrant,
Thou trembled'st at his rudeness, whilst thou loved'st
him:

Well, then — if only terror can obtain thee —

By the infernal gods!

Mary. Away — you're mad! Mort. I'll teach thee then before me, too, to tremble. Kennedy (entering suddenly).

They're coming — they approach — the park is filled

With men in arms.

Mortimer (starting and catching at his sword).

I will defend you — I — Mary. O Hannah! save me. save me from his hands. Where shall I find, poor sufferer, an asylum? Oh! to what saint shall I address my prayers? Here force assails me, and within is murder! [She flies towards the house, Kennedy follows her.

Scene VII.

Mortimer, Paulet, and Drury rush in in the greatest consternation. Attendants hasten over the stage.

PAUL. Shut all the portals — draw the bridges up. Morr. What is the matter, uncle?

PAULET. Where is the murderess?

Down with her, down into the darkest dungeon! Morr. What is the matter? What has passed?

Paulet. The queen!

Accursed hand! Infernal machination! Morr. The queen! What queen?

Paul. What queen!

The Queen of England;

She has been murdered on the road to London.

[Hastens into the house.

Scene VIII.

MORTIMER, soon after O'KELLY.

Mortimer (after a pause).

Am I then mad? Came not one running by But now, and cried aloud, the queen is murdered! No, no! I did but dream. A feverish fancy Paints that upon my mind as true and real, Which but existed in my frantic thoughts Who's there? It is O'Kelly. So dismayed!

O'KELLY (rushing in).

Flee, Mortimer, oh! flee — for all is lost!

MORT. What then is lost?

O'KELLY. Stand not on question. Think

On speedy flight.

MORTIMER. What has occurred?

O'Kelly. Sauvage,

That madman, struck the blow.

MORTIMER. It is then true!

O'KELLY. True, true - oh! save yourself.

MORTIMER (exultingly). The queen is murdered—And Mary shall ascend the English throne!

O'KEL. Is murdered! Who said that?

MORTIMER. Yourself.

O'Kelly. She lives,

And I, and you, and all of us are lost.

MORT. She lives!

O'Kelly. The blow was badly aimed, her cloak Received it. Shrewsbury disarmed the murderer.

MORT. She lives!

O'KELLY. She lives to whelm us all in ruin; Come, they surround the park already; come.

MORT. Who did this frantic deed? O'KELLY.

Felly.

It was the monk
From Toulon, whom you saw immersed in thought,
As in the chapel the pope's bull was read,
Which poured anathemas upon the queen.
He wished to take the nearest, shortest way,
To free, with one bold stroke, the church of God,
And gain the erown of martyrdom: he trusted
His purpose only to the priest, and struck
The fatal blow upon the road to London.

MORTIMER (after a long silence).

Alas! a fierce, destructive fate pursues thee, Unhappy one! Yes — now thy death is fixed; Thy very angel has prepared thy fall!

O'Kel. Say, whither will you take your flight? I go To hide me in the forests of the north.

Mort. Fly thither, and may God attend your flight;
I will remain, and still attempt to save
My love; if not, my bed shall be upon her grave.

[Execute at different sides]

ACT IV.

Scene I. — Antechamber.

COUNT AUBESPINE, the EARLS of KENT and LEIGESTER

Leic. The deed was not attempted by the people.

The assassin was a subject of your king,

A Frenchman.

AUBESPINE.

Sure a lunatic.

Leic.

Count Aubespine!

A papist,

Scene II.

Enter Burleigh, in conversation with Davison.

Burleigh. Sir; let the death-warrant Be instantly made out, and pass the seal;

Then let it be presented to the queen; Her majesty must sign it. Hasten, sir,

We have no time to lose.

DAVISON, It shall be done. $\lceil Exit.$

Aub. My lord high-treasurer, my faithful heart Shares in the just rejoicings of the realm. Praised be almighty Heaven, who hath averted Assassination from our much-loyed queen!

Bur. Praised be His name, who thus hath turned to scorn

The malice of our foes!

May heaven confound AUBESPINE.

The perpetrator of this cursed deed!

Bur. Its perpetrator and its base contriver!

Aub. Please you, my lord, to bring me to the queen, That I may lay the warm congratulations

Of my imperial master at her feet.

Bur. There is no need of this.

My Lord of Burleigh, AUBESPINE (officiously).

I know my duty.

Burleign. Sir, your duty is

To quit, and that without delay, this kingdom.

Aubespine (stepping back with surprise).

What! How is this?

Burleigh. The sacred character

Of an ambassador to-day protects you,

But not to-morrow.

What's my crime? Aubespine.

Burleigh.

Once name it, there were then no pardon for it.

Aub. I hope, my lord, my charge's privilege —

Bur. Screens not a traitor.

Leicester and Kent. Traitor! How?

Aubespine. My lord,

Consider well ——

Burleigh. Your passport was discovered In the assassin's pocket.

Kent. Righteous heaven!
Aub. Sir, many passports are subscribed by me;
I cannot know the secret thoughts of men.

Bur. He in your house confessed, and was absolved.

Aub. My house is open ——

Burleigh. To our enemies.

Aub. I claim a strict inquiry.

Burleigh. Tremble at it.

Aub. My monarch in my per son is insulted, He will annul the marriage contract.

Burleigh. That
My royal mistress has annulled already;
England will not unite herself with France.
My Lord of Kent, I give to you the charge
To see Count Aubespine embarked in safety.
The furious populace has stormed his palace,
Where a whole arsenal of arms was found;
Should he be found, they'll tear him limb from limb,

Conceal him till the fury is abated — Your answer for his life.

Aubespine. I go — I leave
This kingdom where they sport with public treatics
And trample on the laws of nations. Yet
My monarch, be assured, will vent his rage
In direct vengeance!

Burleigh. Let him seek it here.

[Execut Kent and Aubespine]

Scene III.

LEICESTER, BURLEIGH.

Leic. And thus you loose yourself the knot of union Which you officiously, uncalled for, bound! You have deserved but little of your country, My lord; this trouble was superfluous.

BUR. My aim was good, though fate declared against it;

Happy is he who has so fair a conscience!

Leic. Well know we the mysterious mich of Burleigh When he is on the hunt for deeds of treason.

Now you are in your element, my lord;

A monstrous outrage has been just committed, And darkness veils as yet its perpetrators:

Now will a court of inquisition rise;

Each word, each look be weighed; men's very thoughts

Be summoned to the bar. You are, my lord, The mighty man, the Atlas of the state,

All England's weight lies upon your shoulders.

Bur. In you, my lord, I recognize my master; For such a victory as your eloquence

Has gained I cannot boast.

LEICESTER. What means your lordship? Bur. You were the man who knew, behind my back,

To lure the queen to Fotheringay Castle.

Leic. Behind your back! When did I fear to act Before your face?

You led her majesty? Burleigh. Oh, no - you led her not - it was the queen

Who was so gracious as to lead you thither.

Leic. What mean you, my lord, by that?

Burleigh. The noble part You forced the queen to play! The glorious

triumph

Which you prepared for her! Too gracious princess! So shamelessly, so wantonly to mock Thy unsuspecting goodness, to betray thee

So pitiless to thy exulting foe!

This, then, is the magnanimity, the grace Which suddenly possessed you in the council!

The Stnart is for this so despicable,

So weak an enemy, that it would scarce Be worth the pains to stain us with her blood.

A specious plan! and sharply pointed too; "Tis only pity this sharp point is broken.

Leic. Unworthy wretch! this instant follow me, And answer at the throne this insolence.

Bur. You'll find me there, my lord; and look you well That there your eloquence desert you not. [Exit

Scene IV.

Leicester alone; then Mortimer.

Leic. I am detected! All my plot's disclosed! How has my evil genius tracked my steps! Alas! if he has proofs, if she should learn That I have held a secret correspondence With her worst enemy; how criminal Shall I appear to her! How false will then My counsel seem, and all the fatal pains I took to lure the queen to Fotheringay! I've shamefully betrayed, I have exposed her To her detested enemy's revilings! Oh! never, never can she pardon that. All will appear as if premeditated. The bitter turn of this sad interview, The triumph and the tauntings of her rival; Yes, e'en the murderous hand which had prepared A bloody, monstrous, unexpected fate; All, all will be ascribed to my suggestions! I see no reseue! nowhere—ha! Who comes? [Mortimer enters in the most violent uneasiness, and

looks with apprehension round him.

Mort. Lord Leicester! Is it you! Are we alone?

Leic. Ill-fated wretch, away! What seek you here?

Morr. They are upon our track — upon yours, too; Be vigilant!

LEICESTER. Away, away!

MORTIMER. They know
That private eonferences have been held

At Aubespine's ——

LEICESTER. What's that to me?

Mortimer. They know, too,

That the assassin —

LEICESTER. That is your affair —
Audaeious wreteh! to dare to mix my name
In your detested outrage: go; defend
Your bloody deeds yourself!

MORTIMER. But only hear me.

LEICESTER (violently enraged).

Down, down to hell! Why eling you at my heels Like an infernal spirit! I disclaim you; I know you not; I make no common eause

With murderers!

MORTIMER. You will not hear me, then:
I came to warn you; you too are detected.

Leic. How! What?

MORTIMER. Lord Burleigh went to Fotheringay Just as the luckless deed had been attempted;

Searched with strict scrutiny the queen's apartments,

And found there —

Leicester. What?

Mortimer. A letter which the queen

Had just addressed to you ---

LEICESTER. Unhappy woman!

MORT. In which she calls on you to keep your word, Renews the promise of her hand, and mentions

The picture which she sent you.

LEICESTER. Death and hell!

Morr. Lord Burleigh has the letter.

LEICESTER. I am lost!

[During the following speech of Mortimer, Leicester

goes up and down as in despair.

Morr. Improve the moment; be beforehand with him, And save yourself—save her! An oath can clear

Your fame; contrive excuses to avert

The worst. I am disarmed, can do no more; My comrades are dispersed—to pieces fallen Our whole confederacy. For Scotland I To rally such new friends as there I may.

'Tis now your turn, my lord; try what your weight,

What bold assurance can effect.

LEICESTER (stops suddenly as if resolved). I will.

[Goes to the door, opens it, and calls. Who waits without? Guards! seize this wretched traitor!

[To the officer, who comes in with soldiers. And guard him closely! A most dreadful plot Is brought to light — I'll to her majesty.

MORTIMER (stands for a time petrified with wonder; collects himself soon, and follows Leicester with his looks expressive of the most sovereign contempt).

Infamous wretch! But I deserve it all.

Who told me then to trust this practised villain?
Now o'er my head he strides, and on my fall
He builds the bridge of safety! be it so;
Go, save thyself — my lips are sealed forever;
I will-not join even thee in my destruction;
I would not own thee, no, not even in death;

Life is the faithless villain's only good!

[To the officer of the guard, who steps forward to seize him.

What wilt thou, slave of tyranny, with me? I laugh to seorn thy threatenings; I am free.

Drawing a dagger.

Offic. He's armed; rush in and wrest his weapon from him. [They rush upon him, he defends himself.

Mortimer (raising his voice).

And in this latest moment shall my heart Expand itself in freedom, and my tongue Shall break this long constraint. Curse and destruction

Light on you all who have betrayed your faith, Your God, and your true sovereign! Who, alike To earthly Mary false as to the heavenly, Have sold your duties to this bastard queen!

Offic. Hear you these blasphemies? Rush forward—seize him.

Mort. Beloved queen! I could not set thee free;
Yet take a lesson from me how to die.
Mary, thou holy one, O! pray for me!
And take me to thy heavenly home on high.
[Stabs himself, and falls into the arms of the guard.

Scene V.

The apartment of the Queen.

Elizabeth, with a letter in her hand, Burleigh.

Eliz. To lure me thither! trifle with me thus! The traitor! Thus to lead me, as in triumph,

Into the presence of his paramour!

Oh, Burleigh! ne'er was woman so deceived.

Bur. I cannot yet conceive what potent means,

What magic he exerted, to surprise My queen's accustomed prudence.

ELIZABETH. Oh, I die

For shame! How must be laugh to scorn my weak-I thought to humble her, and was myself [ness!

The object of her bitter scorn.

Burleigh. By this You see how faithfully I counselled you.

ELIZ. Oh, I am sorely punished, that I turned
My ear from your wise counsels; yet I thought
I might confide in him. Who could suspect
Beneath the vows of faithfullest devotion
A deadly snare? In whom ean I confide
When he deceives me? He, whom I have made
The greatest of the great, and ever set
The nearest to my heart, and in this court
Allowed to play the master and the king.

Bur. Yet in that very moment he betrayed you, Betrayed you to this wily Queen of Scots.

Eliz. Oh, she shall pay me for it with her life!

Is the death-warrant ready?

Burleigh. 'Tis prepared

As you commanded.

He shall behold her fall, and fall himself!
I've driven him from my heart. No longer love,
Revenge alone is there: and high as once
He stood, so low and shameful be his fall!
A monument of my severity,
As once the proud example of my weakness.
Conduct him to the Tower; let a commission
Of peers be named to try him. He shall feel
In its full weight the rigor of the law.

Bur. But he will seek thy presence; he will clear— Eliz. How can he clear himself? Does not the letter

Convict him. Oh, his crimes are manifest!

Bur. But thou art mild and gracious! His appearance, His powerful presence—

ELIZABETH. I will never see him;

No never, never more. Are orders given Not to admit him should he come?

Burleigh. 'Tis done.

Page (entering).

The Earl of Leieester!

ELIZABETH. The presumptuous man! I will not see him. Tell him that I will not.

Page. I am afraid to bring my lord this message,
Nor would be eredit it.

ELIZABETH. And I have raised him So high that my own servants tremble more

At him than me!

Burleigh (to the Page). The queen forbids his presence. The Page retires slowly.

Elizabeth (after a pause).

Yet, if it still were possible? If he Could clear himself? Might it not be a snare Laid by the cunning one, to sever me From my best friends—the ever-treacherous harlot! She might have writ the letter, but to raise Poisonous suspicion in my heart, to ruin The man she hates.

Burleign.

Yet, gracions queen, consider.

Scene VI.

Leicester (bursts open the door with violence, and enters with an imperious air).

Leic. Fain would I see the shameless man who dares Forbid me the apartments of my queen!

ELIZABETH (avoiding his sight).

Audacious slave!

LEICESTER. To turn me from the door!
If for a Burleigh she be visible,

She must be so to me!

Burleigh. My lord, you are Too bold, without permission to intrude.

Leic. My lord, you are too arrogant, to take

The lead in these apartments. What! Permission!

I know of none who stands so high at court As to permit my doings, or refuse them.

[Humbly approaching Elizabeth

'Tis from my sovereign's lips alone that I ---

ELIZABETH (without looking at him).

Out of my sight, deceitful, worthless traitor!

LEIC. 'Tis not my gracious queen I hear, but Burleigh, My enemy, in these ungentle words.

To my imperial mistress I appeal;

Thou hast lent him thine ear; I ask the like.

ELIZ. Speak, shameless wretch! Increase your crime — deny it.

Leic. Dismiss this troublesome intruder first.
Withdraw, my lord; it is not of your office
To play the third man here: between the queen
And me there is no need of witnesses.
Retire——

ELIZABETH (to BURLEIGH).

Remain, my lord; 'tis my eommand.

LEIC. What has a third to do 'twixt thee and me?

I have to clear myself before my queen,
My worshipped queen; I will maintain the rights
Which then hast given me; these rights are sacred,
And I insist upon it, that my lord
Retire

ELIZABETH. This haughty tone befits you well. Leic. It well befits me; am not I the man,

The happy man, to whom thy gracious favor Has given the highest station? this exalts me Above this Burleigh, and above them all. Thy heart imparted me this rank, and what Thy favor gave, by heavens I will maintain At my life's hazard. Let him go, it needs Two moments only to exculpate me.

ELIZ. Think not, with eunning words, to hide the truth Leic. That fear from him, so vol. ble of speech:

But what I say is to the heart addressed;
And I will justify what I have dared
To do, confiding in thy generous favor,
Before thy heart alone. I recognize

No other jurisdiction.

ELIZABETH. Base deceiver!

'Tis this, e'en this, which above all condemns you.

My lord, produce the letter.

[To Burleigh.

Burleign. Here it is.

Leicester (running over the letter without losing his presence of mind).

'Tis Mary Stuart's hand —

ELIZABETH. Read and be dumb!

LEICESTER (having read it quietly).

Appearance is against me, yet I hope I shall not by appearances be judged.

Eliz. Can you deny your secret correspondence With Mary?—that she sent and you received Her picture, that you gave her hopes of rescue?

Leic. It were an easy matter, if I felt

That I were guilty of a crime, to challenge The testimony of my enemy:
Yet bold is my good conscience. I confess

That she hath said the truth.

ELIZABETH. Well then, thou wretch!

Bur. His own words sentence him —

ELIZABETH. Out of my sight!

Away! Conduct the traitor to the Tower!

Leic. I am no traitor; it was wrong, I own,

To make a secret of this step to thee:

To make a secret of this step to thee; Yet pure was my intention, it was done

To search into her plots and to confound them.

Eliz. Vain subterfuge!

Bur. And do you think, my lord —— Leic. I've played a dangerous game, I know it well,

And none but Leicester dare be bold enough
To risk it at this court. The world must know
How I detest this Stuart, and the rank
Which here I hold; my monareh's confidence,
With which she honors me, must sure suffice
To overturn all doubt of my intentions.
Well may the man thy favor above all
Distinguishes pursue a daring course
To do his duty!

Burleigh. If the course was good,

Wherefore conceal it?

LEICESTER. You are used, my lord, To prate before you act; the very chime Of your own deeds. This is your manner, lord;

But mine is first to aet, and then to speak.

Bur. Yes, now you speak because you must.

LEICESTER (measuring him proudly and disdainfully with his eyes).

And you

Boast of a wonderful, a mighty action, That you have saved the queen, have snatehed away

The mask from treachery; all is known to you; You think, for sooth, that nothing can escape Your penetrating eyes. Poor, idle boaster! In spite of all your cumning, Mary Stuart Was free to-day, had I not hindered it.

Bur. How? You?

LEICESTER. Yes, I, my lord; the queen confided In Mortimer; she opened to the youth Her inmost soul! Yes, she went further still; She gave him, too, a secret, bloody charge, Which Paulet had before refused with horror. Say, is it so, or not?

The Queen and Burleigh look at one another with astonishment.

Whence know ye this? Burleigh. Leic. Nay, is it not a fact? Now answer me.

And where, my lord, where were your thousand

Not to discover Mortimer was false?

That he, the Guise's tool, and Mary's creature,

A raging papist, daring fanatic,

Was come to free the Stuart, and to murder The Queen of England!

ELIZABETH (with the utmost astonishment).

How! This Mortimer!

Leic. 'Twas he through whom our correspondence passed. This plot it was which introduced me to him. This very day she was to have been torn From her confinement; he, this very moment, Disclosed his plan to me: I took him prisoner,

And gave him to the guard, when in despair To see his work o'erturned, himself unmasked, He slew himself!

ELIZABETH. Oh, I indeed have been Deceived beyond example, Mortimer!

Bur. This happened then but now? Since last we

parted?

LEIC. For my own sake, I must lament the deed;
That he was thus cut off. His testimony,
Were he alive, had fully cleared my fame,
And freed me from suspicion; 'twas for this
That I surrendered him to open justice.
I thought to choose the most impartial course
To verify and fix my innocence
Before the world.

BURLEIGH. He killed himself, you say! Is't so? Or did you kill him?

Leicester. Vile suspicion!

Hear but the guard who seized him.

[He goes to the door, and calls, Ho! who waits?

[Enter the officer of the guard

Sir, tell the queen how Mortimer expired.

Offic. I was on duty in the palace porch,
When suddenly my lord threw wide the door,
And ordered me to take the knight in charge,
Denouncing him a traitor: upon this
He grew enraged, and with most bitter curses
Against our sovereign and our holy faith,
He drew a dagger, and before the guards
Could hinder his intention, plunged the steel
Into his heart, and fell a lifeless corpse.

LEIC. 'Tis well; you may withdraw. Her majesty

Has heard enough.

The officer withdraws

Elizabeth. Oh, what a deep abyss

Of monstrous deeds?

LEICESTER. Who was it, then, my queen, Who saved you? Was it Burleigh? Did he

The dangers which surrounded you? Did he

Avert them from your head? Your faithful Leicester Was your good angel.

Burleigh. This same Mortimer Died most conveniently for you, my lord.

ELIZ. What I should say I know not. I believe you,
And I believe you not. I think you guilty,
And yet I think you not. A curse on her
Who caused me all this anguish.

LEICESTER. She must die;

I now myself consent into her death.
I formerly advised you to suspend
The sentence, till some arm should rise anew
On her behalf; the case has happened now,
And I demand her instant execution.

Bur. You give this counsel? You?

LEICESTER. Howe'er it wound

My feelings to be forced to this extreme, Yet now I see most clearly, now I feel That the queen's welfare asks this bloody victim. 'Tis my proposal, therefore, that the writ Be drawn at once to fix the execution.

Burleign (to the Queen).

Since, then, his lordship shows such carnest zeal, Such loyalty, 'twere well were he appointed To see the execution of the sentence.

LEIC. Who? I?

Burleigh. Yes, you; you surely ne'er could find A better means to shake off the suspicion Which rests upon you still, than to command Her, whom 'tis said you love, to be beheaded.

ELIZABETH (looking steadfastly at Leicester).
My lord advises well. So be it, then.

Leic. It were but fit that my exalted rank
Should free me from so mournful a commission,
Which would indeed, in every sense, become
A Burleigh better than the Earl of Leicester.
The man who stands so near the royal person
Should have no knowledge of such fatal scenes:
But yet to prove my zeal, to satisfy
My queen, I waive my charge's privilege,
And take upon myself this hateful duty.

Eliz. Ford Burleigh shall partake this duty with you.

[To Burleigh

So be the warrant instantly prepared. [Burleigh withdraws; a tunult heard without.

Scene VII.

The QUEEN, the EARL OF KENT.

ELIZ. How now, my Lord of Kent? What uproar's this I hear without?

Kent. My queen, it is thy people, Who, round the palace ranged, impatiently Demand to see their sovereign.

ELIZABETH. What's their wish?

Kent. A panie terror has already spread

Through London, that thy life has been attempted; That murderers commissioned from the pope Beset thee; that the Catholies have sworn To rescue from her prison Mary Stuart, And to proclaim her queen. Thy loyal people Believe it, and are mad; her head alone Can quiet them; this day must be her last.

ELIZ. How! Will they force me, then?
KENT. They are resolved—

Scene VIII.

Enter Burleigh and Davison, with a paper.

Eliz. Well, Davison?

Dav. (approaches earnestly). Your orders are obeyed,
My queen—

ELIZABETH. What orders, sir?

[As she is about to take the paper, she shudders, and starts back.

Oh, God!

Burleigh. Obey

Thy people's voice; it is the voice of God.

ELIZABETH (irresolute, as if in contest with herself)
Oh, my good lord, who will assure me now
That what I hear is my whole people's voice.

The voice of all the world! Ah! much I fear, That, if I now should listen to the wish Of the wild multitude, a different voice Might soon be heard; — and that the very men, Who now by force oblige me to this step, May, when 'tis taken, heavily condemn me!

SCENE IX.

Enter the Earl of Shrewsbury (who enters with great emotion).

SHREW. Hold fast, my queen, they wish to hurry thee; [Seeing Davison with the paper.

Be firm—or is it then decided?—is it Indeed decided? I behold a paper Of ominous appearance in his hand; Let it not at this moment meet thy eyes, My queen!——

Here must thy majesty assert its rights:
Command those savage voices to be silent,
Who take upon themselves to put constraint
Upon thy royal will, to rule thy judgment.
Fear only, blind conjecture, moves thy people;
Thou art thyself beside thyself; thy wrath
Is grievously provoked: thou art but mortal,
And canst not thus ascend the judgment seat.

Bur. Judgment has long been past. It is not now The time to speak but execute the sentence.

Kent (who upon Surewsbury's entry had retired, comes back). The tumult gains apace; there are no means To moderate the people.

ELIZABETH (to Shrewsbury). See, my lord, How they press on.

Shrewsbury. I only ask a respite;
A single word traced by thy hand decides
The peace, the happiness of all thy life!
Thou hast for years considered, let not then
A moment ruled by passion harry thee—

But a short respite — recollect thyself! Wait for a moment of tranquillity.

Burleigh (violently).

Wait for it—panse—delay—till flames of fire Consume the realm; until the fifth attempt Of nurder be successful! God, indeed, Hath thrice delivered thee; thy late escape Was marvellons, and to expect again A miracle would be to tempt thy God!

SHREW. That God, whose potent hand hath thrice pre-

served thee,

Who lent my aged feeble arm the strength To overcome the madman:—he deserves Thy confidence. I will not raise the voice Of justice now, for now is not the time; Thon canst not hear it in this storm of passion. Yet listen but to this! Thou tremblest now Before this living Mary — tremble rather Before the murdered, the beheaded Mary. She will arise, and quit her grave, will range A fiend of discord, an avenging ghost, Around thy realm, and turn thy people's hearts From their allegiance. For as yet the Britons Hate her, because they fear her; but most surely Will they avenge her when she is no more. They will no more behold the enemy Of their belief, they will but see in her The much-lamented issue of their kings A sacrifice to jealonsy and hate. Then quickly shalt thou see the sudden change When thou hast done the bloody deed; then go Through London, seek thy people, which till now Around thee swarmed delighted; thou shalt see Another England, and another people; For then no more the godlike dignity Of justice, which subdued thy subjects' hearts, Will beam around thee. Fear, the dread ally Of tyranny, will shuddering march before thee, And make a wilderness in every street — The last, extremest crime thou hast committed. What head is safe, if the anointed fall?

Eliz. Ah! Shrewsbury, you saved my life, you turned The murderons steel aside; why let you not The dagger take its course? then all these broils Would have been ended; then, released from doubt, And free from blame, I should be now at rest In my still, peaceful grave. In very sooth I'm weary of my life, and of my crown. If Heaven decree that one of us two queens Must perish, to secure the other's life -And sure it must be so — why should not I Be she who yields? My people must decide; I give them back the sovereignty they gave. God is my witness that I have not lived For my own sake, but for my people's welfare. If they expect from this false, fawning Stuart, The younger sovereign, more happy days, I will descend with pleasure from the throne, Again repair to Woodstock's quiet bowers, Where once I spent my unambitious youth; Where far removed from all the vanities Of earthly power, I found within myself True majesty. I am not made to rule — A ruler should be made of sterner stuff: My heart is soft and tender. I have governed These many years this kingdom happily, But then I only needed to make happy: Now, comes my first important regal duty, And now I feel how weak a thing I am.

Bur. Now by mine honor, when I hear my queen,
My royal liege, speak such unroyal words,
I should betray my office, should betray
My country, were I longer to be silent.
You say you love your people 'bove yourself,
Now prove it. Choose not peace for your own heart,
And leave your kingdom to the storms of discord.
Think on the church. Shall, with this papist queen
The ancient superstition be renewed?
The monk resume his sway, the Roman legate
In pomp march hither; lock our churches up,
Dethrone our monarchs? I demand of you
The souls of all your subjects — as you now

Shall act, they all are saved, or all are lost! Here is no time for mercy;—to promote Your people's welfare is your highest duty. If Shrewsbury has saved your life, then I

Will save both you and England — that is more!

Eliz. I would be left alone. No consolation,
No counsel can be drawn from human aid
In this conjecture: — I will lay my doubts
Before the Judge of all: — I am resolved
To act as He shall teach. Withdraw, my lords.

[To Davison, who lays the paper on the table. You, sir, remain in waiting — close at hand.

[The lords withdraw; Shrewsbury alone stands for a few moments before the Queen, regards her significantly, then withdraws slowly, and with an expression of the deepest anguish.

SCENE X.

Elizabeth alone.

Oh! servitude of popularity! Disgraceful slavery! How weary am I Of flattering this idol, which my soul Despises in its inmost depth! Oh! when Shall I once more be free upon this throne? I must respect the people's voice, and strive To win the favor of the multitude, And please the fancies of a mob, whom naught But jugglers' tricks delight. O call not him A king who needs must please the world: 'tis ho Alone, who in his actions does not heed The fickle approbation of mankind. Have I then practised justice, all my life Shunned each despotic deed; have I done this Only to bind my hands against this first, This necessary act of violence? My own example now condemns myself! Had I but been a tyrant, like my sister, My predecessor, I could fearless then Have shed this royal blood: — but am I now Just by my own free choice? No — I was forced

By stern necessity to use this virtue; Necessity, which binds e'en monarch's wills. Surrounded by my foes, my people's love Alone supports me on my envied throne. All Europe's powers confederate to destroy me; The pope's inveterate decree declares me Accursed and excommunicated. France Betrays me with a kiss, and Spain prepares At sea a fierce exterminating war; Thus stand I, in contention with the world, A poor defenceless woman: I must seek To veil the spot in my imperial birth, By which my father east disgraee upon me: In vain with princely virtues would I hide it; The envious hatred of my enemies Uneovers it, and places Mary Stuart, A threatening fiend, before me evermore! Walking up and down, with quick and agitated

steps.
Oh, no! this fear must end. Her head must fall!
I will have peace. She is the very fury
Of my existence; a tormenting demon,
Which destiny has fastened on my soul.
Wherever I had planted me a comfort,
A flattering hope, my way was ever crossed
By this infernal viper! She has torn
My favorite, and my destined bridegroom from me.
The hated name of every ill I feel
Is Mary Stuart — were but she no more

On earth I should be free as mountain air.

[Standing still.]

With what disdain did she look down on me,
As if her eye should blast me like the lightning!
Poor feeble wretch! I bear far other arms,
Their touch is mortal, and thou art no more.
[Advancing to the table hastily, and taking the pen.
I am a bastard, am I? Hapless wretch,
I am but so the while thou liv'st and breath'st.
Thy death will make my birth legitimate.
The moment I destroy thee is the doubt
Destroyed which hangs o'er my imperial right.

As soon as England has no other choice,
My mother's honor and my birthright triumphs!
[She signs with resolution; lets her pen then fall, and steps back with an expression of terror. After a pause she rings.

SCENE XI.

ELIZABETH, DAVISON.

ELIZ. Where are their lordships?
DAVISON. They are gone to quell

The tumult of the people. The alarm
Was instantly appeased when they beheld
The Earl of Shrewsbury. That's he! exclaimed
A hundred voices—that's the man—he saved
The queen; hear him—the bravest man in England!
And now began the gallant Talbot, blamed
In gentle words the people's violence,
And used such strong, persuasive cloquence,
That all were pacified, and silently
They shink away.

ELIZABETH. The fickle multitude!
Which turns with every wind. Unhappy he
Who leans upon this reed! 'Tis well, Sir William;
You may retire again—

[As he is going towards the door And, sir, this paper,

Receive it back; I place it in your hands.

Davison (casts a look upon the paper, and starts back.)
My gracious queen — thy name! 'tis then decided.

Eliz. I had but to subscribe it — I have done so — A paper sure cannot decide — a name Kills not.

Davison. Thy name, my queen, beneath this paper Is most decisive—kills—'tis like the lightning, Which blasteth as it flies! This fatal scroll Commands the sheriff and commissioners. To take departure straight for Fotheringay, And to the Queen of Scots amounce her death, Which must at dawn be put in execution. There is no respite, no discretion here.

As soon as I have parted with this writ Her race is run.

ELIZABETH. Yes, sir, the Lord has placed
This weighty business in your feeble hands;
Seek him in prayer to light you with his wisdom;
I go — and leave you, sir, to do your duty. [Going.

Day. No; leave me not, my queen, till I have heard Your will. The only wisdom that I need Is, word for word, to follow your commands. Say, have you placed this warrant in my hands To see that it be speedily enforced?

ELIZ. That you must do as your own prudence dictates.

Davison (interrupting her quickly, and alarmed).

Not mine — oh, God forbid! Obedience is
My only prudence here. No point must now
Be left to be decided by your servant.

A small mistake would here be regicide,
A monstrous crime, from which my soul recoils
Permit me, in this weighty act, to be
Your passive instrument, without a will:

Tell me in plain, undoubted terms your pleasure,
What with the bloody mandate I should do.

Eliz. Its name declares its meaning.

Davison. Do you, then,
My liege, command its instant execution?

ELIZ. I said not that; I tremble but to think it. Day. Shall I retain it, then, 'till further orders? ELIZ. At your own risk; you answer the event.

DAV. I! gracious heavens! Oh, speak, my queen, your pleasure!

ELIZ. My pleasure is that this unhappy business
Be no more mentioned to me; that at last
I may be freed from it, and that forever.

Day. It costs you but a word — determine then What shall I do with this mysterious seroll?

ELIZ. I have declared it, plague me, sir, no longer.
DAV. You have declared it, say you? Oh, my queen,
You have said nothing. Please, my gracious mistress.

But to remember —

ELIZABETH (stamps on the ground).

Insupportable! DAY. Oh, be indulgent to me! I have entered Unwittingly, not many months ago, Upon this office; I know not the language Of courts and kings. I ever have been reared In simple, open wise, a plain blunt man. Be patient with me; nor deny your servant A light to lead him clearly to his duty.

[He approaches her in a supplicating posture, she turns her back on him; he stands in despair; then speaks with a tone of resolution.

Take, take again this paper — take it back! Within my hands it is a glowing fire. Select not me, my queen; select not me To serve you in this terrible conjecture.

Eliz. Go, sir; — fulfil the duty of your office.

$\Gamma Exit.$

Scene XII.

DAVISON, then BURLEIGH.

DAV. She goes! She leaves me doubting and perplexed With this dread paper! How to act I know not; Should I retain it, should I forward it? [To Burleigh, who enters.

Oh! I am glad that you are come, my lord, 'Tis you who have preferred me to this charge; Now free me from it, for I undertook it, Unknowing how responsible it made me. Let me then seek again the obscurity

In which you found me; this is not my place, Bur. How now? Take courage, sir! Where is the warrant?

The queen was with you.

DAVISON. She has quitted me In bitter anger. Oh, advise me, help me, Save me from this fell agony of doubt!

My lord, here is the warrant: it is signed! Bur. Indeed! Oh, give it, give it me!

DAVISON. I may not.

Bur. How!

DAV. She has not yet explained her final will. Bur. Explained! She has subscribed it; — give it to me. DAV. I am to execute it, and I am not.

Great heavens! I know not what I am to do!

Burleigh (urging more violently).

It must be now, this moment, executed. The warrant, sir. You're lost if you delay.

DAV. So am I also if I act too rashly.

Bur. What strange infatuation. Give it me.

[Snatches the paper from him, and exit with it. What would you? Hold? You will be my destruction.

ACT V.

Scene I.

The Scene the same as in the First Act.

Hannah Kennedy in deep mourning, her eyes still red from weeping, in great but quiet anguish, is employed in sealing letters and parcels. Her sorrow often interrupts her occupation, and she is seen at such intervals to pray in silence. Paulet and Drury, also in mourning, enter, followed by many servants, who bear golden and silver vessels, mirrors, paintings, and other valubles, and fill the back part of the stage with them. Paulet delivers to the Nurse a box of jewels and a paper, and seems to inform her by signs that it contains the inventory of the effects the Queen had brought with her. At the sight of these riches, the anguish of the Nurse is renewed; she sinks into a deep, glowing melancholy, during which Drury, Paulet, and the servants silently retire.

Melvil enters.

Kennedy (screams aloud as soon as she observes him).

Melvil! Is it you? Behold I you again?

Mel. Yes, faithful Kennedy, we meet onee more. Ken. After this long, long, painful separation! Mel. A most unhappy, bitter meeting this!

Ken. You come —

Melvil. To take an everlasting leave Of my dear queen — to bid a last farewell!

Ken. And now at length, now on the fatal morn
Which brings her death, they grant our royal lady
The presence of her friends. Oh, worthy sir,
I will not question you, how you have fared,
Nor tell you all the sufferings we've endured,
Since you were torn away from us: alas!
There will be time enough for that hereafter.
O, Melvil, Melvil, why was it our fate

To see the dawn of this unhappy day?

Mel. Let us not melt each other with our grief.

Throughout my whole remaining life, as long
As ever it may be, I'll sit and weep;

A smile shall never more light up these cheeks,

Ne'er will I lay this sable garb aside, But lead henceforth a life of endless mourning. Yet on this last sad day I will be firm;

Pledge me your word to moderate your grief; And when the rest of comfort all bereft, Abandoned to despair, wail round her, we

Will lead her with heroic resolution, And be her staff upon the road to death!

Ken. Melvil! You are deceived if you suppose
The queen has need of our support to meet
Her death with firmness. She it is, my friend,
Who will exhibit the undaunted heart.
Oh! trust me, Mary Stuart will expire
As best becomes a heroine and queen!

MEL. Received she firmly, then, the sad deeree Of death? — 'tis said that she was not prepared.

Ken. She was not; yet they were far other terrors
Which made our lady shudder: 'twas not death,
But her deliverer, which made her tremble.
Freedom was promised us; this very night
Had Mortimer engaged to bear us hence:
And thus the queen, perplexed 'twixt hope and fear,
And doubting still if she should trust her honor
And royal person to the adventurous youth,
Sat waiting for the morning. On a sudden
We hear a boisterous tumult in the castle;

Our ears are startled by repeated blows
Of many hammers, and we think we hear
The approach of our deliverers: hope salutes us,
And suddenly and unresisted wakes
The sweet desire of life. And now at once
The portals are thrown open—it is Paulet,
Who comes to tell us—that—the earpenters
Erect beneath our feet the murderous seaffold!

[She turns aside overnous and hy consessing angula.]

[She turns aside, overpowered by excessive anguish. O God in Heaven! Oh, tell me then how bore

The gueen this terrible vieissitude?

Kennedy (after a pause, in which she has somewhat

collected herself).

Not by degrees ean we relinquish life: Quick, sudden, in the twinkling of an eye, The separation must be made, the change From temporal to eternal life; and God Imparted to our mistress at this moment His grace, to east away each earthly hope, And firm and full of faith to mount the skies. No sign of pallid fear dishonored her; No word of monrning, 'till she heard the tidings Of Leicester's shameful treachery, the sad fate Of the deserving youth, who sacrificed Himself for her; the deep, the bitter anguish Of that old knight, who lost, through her, his last, His only hope; till then she shed no tear -'Twas then her tears began to flow, 'twas not Her own, but others' woe which wrung them from

MEL. Where is she now? Can you not lead me to her?

KEN. She spent the last remainder of the night

In prayer, and from her dearest friends she took Her last farewell in writing: then she wrote Her will * with her own hand. She now enjoys A moment of repose, the latest slumber Refreshes her weak spirits.

MELVIL. Who attends her?

KEN. None but her women and physician Burgoyn:

You seem to look around you with surprise;

^{*} The document is now in the British Museum.

Your eyes appear to ask me what should mean This show of splendor in the house of death. Oh, sir, while yet we lived we suffered want; But at our death plenty returns to us.

SCENE II.

Enter MARGARET CURL.

KEN. How, madam, fares the queen? Is she awake? Cum. (drying her tears).

She is already dressed — she asks for you.

Ken. 1 go: —

[To Melvil, who seems to wish to accompany her But follow not until the queen

Has been prepared to see you.

Cura. Melvil, sure,

The ancient steward?

Melvil. Yes, the same.

Curl.. Oh, sir,
This is a house which needs no steward now!
Melvil, you come from London; can you give
No tidings of my husband?

Melvil. It is said

He will be set at liberty as soon—Cura. As soon as our dear queen shall be no more.

Oh, the unworthy, the disgraceful traitor! He is our lady's murderer—'tis said

It was his testimony which condemned her.

Mel. Tis true.

Cura. Olt, curse upon him! be his soul Coudemned forever! he luss borne false witness.

MEL. Think, madam, what you say.

Curl. I will maintain it

With every sacred oath before the court,

I will repeat it in his very face;

The world shall hear of nothing else. I say

That she dies innocent!

Melvil. God grant it true!

Scene III.

Enter Hannah Kennedy.

KENNEDY (to CURL).

Go, madam, and require a cup of wine — 'Tis for our lady.

MELVIL. Is the queen then sick?

KEN. She thinks that she is strong; she is deceived

By her heroic courage; she believes

She has no need of nourishment; yet still A hard and painful task's allotted her.

Her enemies shall not enjoy the triumph;

They shall not say that fear hath blanched her cheeks When her fatigues have conquered human weakness.

MEL. May I approach her?

Kennedy. She will come herself.

Scene IV.

Enter Burgoyn; two women of the chamber follow him, weeping, and in deep mourning.

Burg. Oh, Melvil!

Melvil. Oh, Burgoyn! [They embrace silently.

FIRST WOMAN (to the NURSE). She chose to be Alone: she wishes, at this awful moment,

For the last time, to commune with her God.

Scene V.

Enter Margaret Curl, bearing a golden cup of wine; she places it hastily upon the table, and leans, pale and trembling, against a chair.

MEL. How, madam! What has frightened you?
KENNEDY. Oh God!

Burg. Speak, madam!

CURL. What, alas! have I beheld!

MEL. Come to yourself, and say what you have seen!
CURL. As I went down the staircase which conducts

To the great hall below, a door stood open; I looked into the chamber, and I saw—

Oh heaven!

MELVIL. What saw you?

Curn.

All the walls were hung
With black; a spacious scaffold, too, o'erspread
With sable cloth, was raised above the floor,
And in the middle of the scaffold stood
A dreadful sable block! upon it lay
A naked, polished axe:—the hall was full
Of cruel people, crowding round the scaffold

Of cruel people, crowding round the scaffold Who, with a horrid thirst for human blood,

Seemed waiting for the victim!

The Women. Gracions heaven,

Protect our queen!

Melvil. Be calm; the queen approaches.

SCENE VI.

Enter Mary in white and sumptuously arrayed, as for a festival: she wears hanging from her neck, on a row of small beads, an Agnus Dei; a rosary hangs from her girdle; she bears a crucifix in her hand, and a diadem of precious stones binds her hair; her large black veil is thrown back. On her entrance all present fall back on both sides with the most violent expressions of anguish. Melvil falls involuntarity upon his knees.

Mary (with quiet majesty, looking round the whole circle).
Why these complaints? Why weep ye? Ye should rather

Rejoice with me, that now at length the end Of my long woe approaches; that my shackles Fall off, my prison opens, and my soul Delighted mounts on scraph's wings, and seeks The land of everlasting liberty. When I was offered up to the oppression Of my proud enemy, was forced to suffer Ignoble taunts, and insults most unfitting A free and sovereign queen, then was the time To weep for me; birt as an earnest friend, Beneficent and healing death approaches. All the indignities which I have suffered

On earth are covered by his sable wings. The most degraded criminal's ennobled By his last sufferings, by his final exit; I feel again the crown upon my brows. And dignity possess my swelling soul!

[Advancing a few steps

How! Melvil here! My worthy sir, not so;
Arise; you rather come in time to see
The triumph of your mistress than her death.
One comfort, which I never had expected,
Is granted me, that after death my name
Will not be quite abandoned to my foes;
One friend at least, one partner of my faith,
Will be my witness in the hour of death.
Say, honest Melvil, how you fared the while
In this inhospitable, hostile hand?
For since the time they tore you from my side

My fears for you have oft depressed my soul.

MEL. No other evil galled me but my grief

For thee, and that I wanted power to serve thee.

MARY. How fares my chamberlain, old Didier?
But sure the faithful servant long has slept.
The sleep of death, for he was full of years.

MEL. God hath not granted him as yet this grace;
He lives to see the grave o'erwhelm thy youth.
MARY. Oh! could I but have felt before my death,

The happiness of pressing one descendant
Of the dear blood of Stuart to my bosom.
But I must suffer in a foreign land,
None but my servants to bewail my fate!
Sir; to your loyal bosom I commit
My latest wishes. Bear then, sir, my blessing
To the most Christian king, my royal brother,
And the whole royal family of France.
I bless the cardinal, my honored uncle,
And also Henry Guise, my noble consin.
I bless the holy father, the vicegerent
Of Christ on earth, who will, I trust, bless me.
I bless the King of Spain, who nobly offered
Himself as my deliverer, my avenger.
They are remembered in my will: I hope

That they will not despise, how poor soe'er
They be, the presents of a heart which loves them.

[Turning to her servants.]

I have bequeathed you to my royal brother Of France; he will protect you, he will give you Another country, and a better home; And if my last desire have any weight, Stay not in England; let no haughty Briton Glut his proud heart with your calamities, Nor see those in the dust who once were mine. Swear by this image of our suffering Lord To leave this fatal land when I'm no more.

MELVIL (touching the crucifix).

I swear obedience in the name of all.

Mary. What I, though poor and plundered, still possess,

Of which I am allowed to make disposal, Shall be amongst you shared; for I have hope In this at least my will may be fulfilled. And what I wear upon my way to death Is yours—nor envy me on this occasion The pomp of earth upon the road to heaven.

To the ladies of her chamber. To you, my Alice, Gertrude, Rosamund, I leave my pearls, my garments: you are young, And ornament may still delight your hearts. You, Margaret, possess the nearest claims, To you I should be generous: for I leave you The most unhappy woman of them all. That I have not avenged your husband's fault On you I hope my legacy will prove. The worth of gold, my Hannah, charms not thee; Nor the magnificence of precious stones: My memory, I know, will be to thee The dearest jewel; take this handkerchief, I worked it for thee, in the hours of sorrow, With my own hands, and my hot, scalding tears Are woven in the texture: - you will bind My eyes with this, when it is time: this last Sad service I would wish but from my Hannah.

KEN. O Melvil! I cannot support it.

Mary. Come,

Come all and now receive my last farewell.

[She stretches forth her hands; the Women violently weeping, fall successively at her feet, and kiss her outstretched hand.

Margaret, farewell — my Alice, fare thee well;
Thanks, Burgoyn, for thy honest, faithful service —
Thy lips are hot, my Gertrnde: — I have been
Much hated, yet have been as much beloved.
May a deserving husband bless my Gertrnde,
For this warm, glowing heart is formed for love.
Bertha, thy choice is better, thou hadst rather
Become the chaste and pious bride of heaven;
Oh! haste thee to fulfil thy vows; the goods
Of earth are all deceitful; thou may'st learn
This lesson from thy queen. No more; farewell,
Farewell, farewell, my friends, farewell for ever.

[She turns suddenly from them; all but Melvil retire
at different sides.

Scene VII.

MARY, MELVIL.

Mary (after the others are all gone).

I have arranged all temporal concerns, And hope to leave the world in debt to none; Melvil, one thought alone there is which binds My troubled soul, nor suffers it to fly Delighted and at liberty to heaven.

Mel. Disclose it to me; ease your bosom, trust Your doubts, your sorrows, to your faithful friend

Mary. I see eternity's abyss before me; -

Soon must I stand before the highest Judge, And have not yet appeased the Holy One. A priest of my religion is denied me, And I disdain to take the sacrament, The holy, heavenly nonrishment, from priests Of a false faith; I die in the belief

Of my own church, for that alone can save.

MEL. Compose your heart; the fervent, pious wish
Is prized in heaven as high as the performance.

The might of tyrants can but bind the hands, The heart's devotion rises free to God, The word is dead - 'tis faith which brings to life.

Mary. The heart is not sufficient of itself;

Our faith must have some earthly pledge to ground Its claim to the high bliss of heaven. For this Our God became incarnate, and enclosed Mysteriously his unseen heavenly grace Within an outward figure of a body. The church it is, the holy one, the high one, Which rears for us the ladder up to heaven: -'Tis called the Catholic Apostolic church, -For 'tis but general faith can strengthen faith; Where thousands worship and adore the heat Breaks out in flame, and, borne on eagle wings, The soul mounts upwards to the heaven of heavens. Ah! happy they, who for the glad communion Of pious prayer meet in the house of God! The altar is adorned, the tapers blaze, The bell invites, the incense soars on high; The bishop stands enrobed, he takes the cup, And blessing it declares the solemn mystery, The transformation of the elements; And the believing people fall delighted To worship and adore the present Godhead. Alas! I only am debarred from this; The heavenly benediction pierces not

My prison walls: its comfort is denied me. Yes! it can pierce them — put thy trust in Him Who is almighty — in the hand of faith, The withered staff can send forth verdant branches And he who from the rock called living water,

He can prepare an altar in this prison, Can change

Seizing the cup, which stands upon the table The earthly contents of this cup

Into a substance of celestial grace.

MARY. Melvil! Oh, yes, I understand you, Melvil! Here is no priest, no church, no sacrament; But the Redeemer says, "When two or three Are in my name assembled, I am with them,"

What consecrates the priest? Say, what ordains him To be the Lord's interpreter? a heart Devoid of guile, and a reproachless conduct. Well, then, though unordained, be you my priest; To you will I confide my last confession, And take my absolution from your lips.

Mel. If then thy heart be with such zeal inflamed,
I tell thee that for thine especial comfort,
The Lord may work a miracle. Thon say'st
Here is no priest, no church, no sacrament—
Thou err'st—here is a priest—here is a God;
A God descends to thee in real presence.

[At these words he uncovers his head, and shows a host

in a golden vessel.

I am a priest — to hear thy last confession,
And to announce to thee the peace of God
Upon thy way to death. I have received
Upon my head the seven consecrations.
I bring thee, from his Holiness, this host,
Which, for thy use, himself has deigned to bless.

Mary. Is then a heavenly happiness prepared
To cheer me on the very verge of death?
As an immortal one on golden clouds
Descends, as once the angel from on high,
Delivered the apostle from his fetters:—
He seoms all bars, he seoms the soldier's sword,
He steps undaunted through the bolted portals,
And fills the dungeon with his native glory;
Thus here the messenger of heaven appears
When every earthly champion had deceived me.
And you, my servant once, are now the servant
Of the Most High, and his immortal Word!
As before me your knees were wont to bend,
Before you humbled, now I kiss the dust.

[She sinks before him on her knees

MELVIL (making over her the sign of the cross).

Hear, Mary, Queen of Scotland: — in the name
Of God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost,
Hast thou examined earefully thy heart,
Swearest thou, art thou prepared in thy confession
To speak the truth before the God of truth?

Mary. Before my God and thee, my heart lies open.
Mel. What calls thee to the presence of the Highest?

Mary. I humbly do acknowledge to have erred

Most grievously, I tremble to approach, Sullicd with sin, the God of purity.

Mel. Declare the sin which weighs so heavily Upon thy conscience since thy last confession.

Mary. My, heart was filled with thoughts of envious hate,

And vengeance took possession of my bosom. I hope forgiveness of my sins from God, Yet could I not forgive my enemy.

Mel. Repentest thou of the sin? Art thou, in sooth, Resolved to leave this world at peace with all?

Mary. As surely as I wish the joys of heaven.

MEL. What other sin hath armed thy heart against thee?
MARY. Ah! not alone through hate; through lawless love

Have I still more abused the sovereign good. My heart was vainly turned towards the man Who left me in misfortune, who deceived me.

Mel. Repentest thou of the sin? And hast thou turned Thy heart, from this idolatry, to God?

Mary. It was the hardest trial I have passed; This last of earthly bonds is torn asunder.

MEL. What other sin disturbs thy guilty conscience?

MARY. A bloody crime, indeed of ancient date,

And long ago confessed; yet with new terrors It now attacks me, black and grisly steps Across my path, and shuts the gates of heaven: By my connivance fell the king, my husband—I gave my hand and heart to a seducer—By rigid penance I have made atonement; Yet in my soul the worm is gnawing still.

MEL. Has then thy heart no other accusation,

Which hath not been confessed and washed away?
MARY. All you have heard with which my heart is charged.

MEL. Think on the presence of Omniscience;
Think on the punishments with which the church
Threatens imperfect and reserved confessions!

This is the sin to everlasting death,
For this is sinning 'gainst his Holy Spirit.

Mary. So may eternal grace with victory Crown my last contest, as I wittingly Have nothing hid ——

MELVIL. How? Wilt thou then conceal The crime from God for which thou art condemned? Thou tell'st me nothing of the share thou hadst In Babington and Parry's bloody treason: Thou diest for this a temporal death; for this Wilt thou, too, die the everlasting death?

Mary. I am prepared to meet eternity;
Within the narrow limits of an hour
I shall appear before my Judge's throne
But, I repeat it, my confession's ended.

Mel. Consider well — the heart is a deceiver.

Thon hast, perhaps, with sly equivocation,
The word avoided, which would make thee guilty
Although thy will was party to the crime.
Remember, that no juggler's tricks can blind
The eye of fire which darts through every breast.

Mary. 'Tis true that I have called upon all princes
To free me from unworthy chains; yet 'tis
As true that, neither by intent or deed,
Have I attempted my oppressor's life.

Mel. Your secretaries then have witnessed falsely.

Mary. It is as I have said; — what they have witnessed

The Lord will judge.

MELVIL. Thou mountest, then, satisfied Of thy own innocence, the fatal seaffold?

Mary. God suffers me in mercy to atone,

By undeserved death, my youth's transgressions.

MELVIL (making over her the sign of the cross).

Go, then, and expiate them all by death;
Sink a devoted vietim on the altar,
Thus shall thy blood atone the blood thou'st spilt.
From female frailty were derived thy faults,
Free from the weakness of mortality,
The spotless spirit seeks the blest abodes.
Now, then, by the authority which God

Hath unto me committed, I absolve thee From all thy sins; be as thy taith thy welfare!

[He gives her the host.

Receive the body which for thee was offered -

[He takes the cup which stands upon the table, consecrates it with silent prayer, then presents it to her; she hesitates to take it, and makes signs to him to withdraw it.

Receive the blood which for thy sins was shed Receive it; 'tis allowed thee by the pope To exercise in death the highest office Of kings, the holy office of the priesthood.

She takes the cup.

And as thou now, in this his earthly body Hast held with God mysterious communion, So may'st thou henceforth, in his realm of joy, Where sin no more exists, nor tears of woe, A fair, transfigured spirit, join thyself Forever with the Godhead, and forever.

[He sets down the cup; hearing a noise, he covers his head, and goes to the door; Many remains in silent devotion on her knees.

Melvil (returning). A painful conflict is in store for thee. Feel'st thou within thee strength enough to smother Each impulse of malignity and hate?

Mary. I fear not a relapse. I have to God Devoted both my hatred and my love.

MEL. Well, then, prepare thee to receive my Lords Of Leieester and of Burleigh. They are here.

Scene VIII.

Enter Burleigh, Leicester, and Paulet.

[Leicester remains in the background, without raising his eyes; Burleigh, who remarks his confusion, steps between him and the Queen.

Bur. I come, my Lady Stuart, to receive Your last commands and wishes.

Mary. Thanks, my lord.

Bur. It is the pleasure of my royal mistress That nothing reasonable be denied you.





Mary. My will, my lord, declares my last desires;
I've placed it in the hand of Sir Amias,
And humbly beg that it may be fulfilled.

PAUL. You may rely on this.

Mary. I beg that all My servants unmolested may return

To France, or Seotland, as their wishes lead.

Bur. It shall be as you wish.

MARY. And since my body

Is not to rest in consecrated ground,
I pray you suffer this my faithful servant
To bear my heart to France, to my relations—
Alas! 'twas ever there.

Burleigh. It shall be done.

What wishes else?

Mary.

Unto her majesty
Of England bear a sister's salutation;
Tell her that from the bottom of my heart
I pardon her my death; most humbly, too,
I crave her to forgive me for the passion
With which I spoke to her. May God press

With which I spoke to her. May God preserve her And bless her with a long and prosperous reign.

Bur. Say, do you still adhere to your resolve, And still refuse assistance from the dean? Mary. My lord, I've made my peace with God.

To PAULET. Good sir,

I have unwittingly eaused you much sorrow, Bereft you of your age's only stay.

Oh, let me hope you do not hate my name.

PAULET (giving her his hand).

The Lord be with you! Go your way in peace.

Scene IX.

Hannah Kennedy, and the other women of the Queen crowd into the room with marks of horror. The Sheriff follows them, a white staff in his hand; behind are seen, through the open doors, men under arms.

Mary. What ails thee, Hannah? Yes, my hour is come.
The sheriff comes to lead me to my fate,
And part we must. Farewell!

Kennedy and Curl. We will not leave thee,

We will not part from thee.

Mary (to Melvil). You, worthy sir, And my dear, faithful Hannah, shall attend me In my last moments. I am sure, my lord Will not refuse my heart this consolation.

Bur. For this I have no warrant.

Mary. How, my lord;
Can you deny me, then, this small petition?
Respect my sex: who shall attend me else

Respect my sex; who shall attend me else, And yield me the last service? Sure, it never

Can be my sister's pleasure that in me

My sex should be insulted; that these men With their rude hands should touch my royal person.

Bur. 'Tis ordered that no woman shall ascend

The scaffold steps with you. Their tears and moans—

Mary. She shall not weep, my lord; she shall not moan; I answer for my Hannah's resolution; Be merciful; divide me not so soon

From my true foster-mother, from my friend. She bore me on her arms into this life;

Let her then gently lead me to my death.

Paulet (to Burleign). Yield to her wishes.

Burleigh. Be it so.

Mary. I now Have nothing in this world to wish for more.

[She takes the crucifix, and kisses it.

My God! My Comforter! My blest Redeemer! As once thy arms were stretched upon the cross,

Let them be now extended to receive me!

[She turns round to go; at the same moment her eyes full upon Leicester, who, on her going, starts involuntarily, and turns his eyes towards her; at this sight Mary trembles, her knees fail her, she is about to fall, when Leicester catches at her, and receives her in his arms; she regards him for some time earnestly, and in silence; he cannot support her looks; at length she speaks.

You keep your word, my Lord of Leieester: for

You promised me your arm to lead me forth
From prison, and you lend it to me now.
At length the wished-for day is come, and what
Was oft the object of my fondest dreams
Is now accomplished: and the Earl of Leicester,
The long-expected, the long-wished-for friend,
Appears at length in Fotheringay Castle.
I see him standing in my prison; all
Is ready for the journey; all the gates
Stand open, and at length I cross the threshold,
Conducted by his hand; and now I leave
These dismal walls behind me, and forever.
All is fulfilled, and you have saved your honor.
[He stands as if annihilated; she continues, with a
gentle voice.

Yes, Lcicester; not for liberty alone I wished to be indebted to your hands. You should have made me bless that liberty. Led by your hand, and happy in your love, I hoped once more to taste the joys of life. Yes; now that I'm prepared from all the world To part, and to become a happy spirit, Whom earthly inclinations tempt no more! Now, Leicester, I may venture to confess Without a blush the frailty I have conquered; Farewell, my lord; and, if you can, be happy! To woo two queens has been your daring aim; You have disdained a tender, loving heart, Betraved it in the hope to win a proud onc: Kneel at the feet of Queen Elizabeth! M y your reward not prove your punishment. Farewell; I now have nothing more on earth.

[She goes, preceded by the Sheriff; at her side Melvil and her nurse; Burleigh and Pauler follow; the others, wailing, follow her with their eyes till she disappears; they then retire through the other two doors.

SCENE X.

Leicester (remaining alone).

Do I live still? Can I stil

Do I live still? Can I still bear to live? Will not this roof fall down and bury me?

Yawns no abyss to swallow in its gulf
The veriest wretch on earth? What have I lost?
Oh, what a pearl have I not east away!
What bliss celestial madly dashed aside!
She's gone, a spirit purged from earthly stain,
And the despair of hell remains for me!
Where is the purpose now with which I came
To stifle my heart's voice in callous scorn?
To see her head descend upon the block
With unaverted and indifferent eyes?
How doth her presence wake my slumbering shame?

Must she in death surround me with love's toils? Lost, wretched man! No more it suits thee now To melt away in womanly compassion:
Love's golden bliss lies not upon thy path,
Then arm thy breast in panoply of steel,
And henceforth be thy brows of adamant!
Wouldst thou not lose the guerdon of thy guilt,
Thou must uphold, complete it daringly!
Pity be dumb; mine eyes be petrified!
I'll see—I will be witness of her fall.

[He advances with resolute steps towards the door through which Mary passed; but stops suddenly half way.

No! No! The terrors of all hell possess me. I cannot look upon the dreadful dccd; I cannot see her die! Hark! What was that? They are already there. Beneath my feet The bloody business is preparing. Hark! I hear their voices. Hence! Away, away From this abode of misery and death!

[He attempts to escape by another door; finds it locked and returns.

How! Does some demon chain me to this spot? To hear what I would shudder to behold? That voice—it is the dean's, exhorting her; She interrupts him. Hark—she prays aloud; Her voice is firm—now all is still, quite still! And sobs and women's moans are all I hear.

Now, they undress her; they remove the stool;
She kneels upon the cushion; lays her head —
[Having spoken these last words, and paused awhile, he
is seen with a convulsive motion suddenly to shrink
and faint away; a confused hum of voices is heard
at the same moment from below, and continues for
some time.

Scene XI.

The Second Chamber in the Fourth Act.

ELIZABETH (entering from a side door; her gait and action expressive of the most violent uneasiness.

No message yet arrived! What! no one here!
Will evening never come! Stands the sun still In its ethereal course? I can no more Remain upon the rack of expectation!
Is it accomplished? Is it not? I shudder At both events, and do not dare to ask.
My Lord of Leicester comes not, — Burleigh too, Whom I appointed to fulfil the sentence.
If they have quitted London then 'tis done, The bolt has left its rest — it cuts the air — It strikes; has struck already: were my realm At stake I could not now arrest its course.

Scene XII.

Enter a Page.

ELIZABETH. Returned alone? Where are the lords?
PAGE. My Lord High-Treasurer and the Earl of Leicester?
ELIZ. Where are they?
PAGE. They are not in London.

ELIZ. No!

Where are they then?

Who's there?

Page. That no one could inform me; Before the dawn, mysteriously, in haste They quitted London.

ELIZABETH (exultingly). I am Queen of England!

[Walking up and down in the greatest agitation.

Go—call me—no, remain, boy! She is dead;

Now have I room upon the earth at last.

Why do I shake? Whence comes this aguish dread? My fears are covered by the grave; who dares To say I did it? I have tears enough In store to weep her fall. Are you still here?

[To the Page.

Command my secretary, Davison,
To come to me this instant. Let the Earl
Of Shrewsbury be summoned. Here he comes.

[Exit Page.]

Scene XIII.

Enter Shrewsbury.

Eliz. Welcome, my noble lord. What tidings; say It cannot be a triffe which hath led Your footsteps hither at so late an hour. SHREW. My liege, the doubts that hung upon my heart, And dutiful concern for your fair fame, Directed me this morning to the Tower, Where Mary's secretaries, Nan and Curl, Are now confined as prisoners, for I wished Once more to put their evidence to proof. On my arrival the heutenant seemed Embarrassed and perplexed; refused to show me His prisoners; but my threats obtained admittance God! what a sight was there! With frantie looks, With hair dishevelled, on his pallet lay The Seot like one tormented by a fury. The miserable man no sooner saw me Than at my feet he fell, and there, with screams, Clasping my knees, and writhing like a worm, Implored, conjured me to acquaint him with His sovereign's destiny, for vague reports Had somehow reached the dungeons of the Tower That she had been condemned to suffer death. When I confirmed these tidings, adding, too, That on his evidence she had been doomed, — He started wildly up, — caught by the throat His fellow-prisoner; with the giant strength Of madness tore him to the ground and tried To strangle him. No sooner had we saved The wretch from his fierce grapple than at once

He turned his rage against himself and beat
His breast with savage fists; then cursed himself
And his companions to the depths of hell!
His evidence was false; the fatal letters
To Babington, which he had sworn were true,
He now dencunced as forgeries; for he
Had set down words the queen had never spoken;
The traitor Nau had led him to this treason.
Then ran he to the easem nt, threw it wide
With frantic force, and cried mto the street
So loud that all the people gathered round:
I am the man, Queen Mary's secretary,
The traitor who accused his mistress falsely;

I bore false witness and am cursed forever!

Eliz. You said yourself that he had lost his wits;

A madman's words prove nothing.

Supers in itself to small the puref. Mulicipa

Serves in itself to swell the proof. My liege, Let me conjure thee; be not over-hasty; Prithee, give order for a new inquiry!

Value I will, my lord, because it is your wish,

Not that I can believe my noble peers

Have in this case pronounced a hasty judgment.

To set your mind at rest the inquiry shall

Be straight renewed. Well that 'tis not too late!

Upon the honor of our royal name

No, not the shadow of a doubt shall rest.

Scene XIV.

Enter Davison.

CLIZ. The sentence, sir, which I but late intrusted Unto your keeping; where is it?

Davison (in the utmost astonishment). The sentence!

ELIZABETH (more urgent).

Which yesterday I gave into your charge.

DAV. Into my charge, my liege!

ELIZABETH. The people urged

And baited me to sign it. I perforce Was driven to yield obedience to their will. I did so; did so on extreme constraint,

And in your hands deposited the paper.

To gain time was my purpose; you remember

What then I told you. Now, the paper, sir!

Shrew. Restore it, sir, affairs have changed since then. The inquiry must be set on foot anew.

Day. Anew! Eternal mercy!

ELIZABETH. Why this pause, This hesitation? Where, sir, is the paper?

DAV. I am undone! Undone! My fate is sealed! ELIZABETH (interrupting him violently).

Let me not fancy, sir ——

Davison. Oh, I am lost!

I have it not.

ELIZABETH. How? What?

Shrewsbury. Oh, God in heaven!

DAV. It is in Burleigh's hands — since yesterday.

Eliz. Wretch! Is it thus you have obeyed my orders Did I not lay my strict injunction on you

To keep it carefully?

Davison.

No such injunction

Was laid on me, my liege.

ELIZABETH. Give me the lie?

Opprobrious wretch! When did I order you
To give the paper into Burleigh's hands?

DAV. Never expressly in so many words.

Eliz. And, paltering villain! dare you then presume
To construe, as you list, my words — and lay
Your bloody meaning on them? Wo betide you.

If evil come of this officious deed!

Your life shall answer the event to me.

Earl Shrewsbury, you see how my good name Has been abused!

Shrewsbury. I see! Oh, God in heaven!

Eliz. What say you?

Shrewsbury. If the knight has dared to act

In this, upon his own authority,

Without the knowledge of your majesty, He must be cited to the Court of Peers To answer there for subjecting thy name

To the abhorrence of all after time.

Scene XV.

Enter Burleigh.

Burleigh (bowing his knee before the Queen).

Long life and glory to my royal mistress,

And may all enemies of her dominions

End like this Stuart.

[Shrewsbury hides his face. Davidson wrings his hands in despair.

ELIZABETH. Speak, my lord; did you From me receive the warrant?

Burleigh. No, my queen; From Davison.

r rom Davison

ELIZABETH. And did he in my name Deliver it?

Burleigh. No, that I cannot say.

Eliz. And dared you then to execute the writ Thus hastily, nor wait to know my pleasure? Just was the sentence — we are free from blame Before the world; yet it behooved thee not To intercept our natural elemeney. For this, my lord, I banish you my presence; And as this forward will was yours alone Bear you alone the curse of the misdeed! [To DAY. For you, sir; who have traitorously o'erstepped The bounds of your commission, and betrayed A sacred pledge intrusted to your care, A more severe tribunal is prepared: Let him be straight conducted to the Tower, And capital arraignments filed against him. My honest Talbot, you alone have proved, 'Mongst all my counsellors, an upright man: You shall henceforward be my guide - my friend.

Surew. Oh! banish not the truest of your friends;
Nor east those into prison, who for you
Have acted; who for you are silent now.
But suffer me, great queen, to give the seal,
Which, these twelve years, I've borne unworthily,
Back to your royal hands, and take my leave.

ELIZABETH (surprised).

No, Shrewsbury; you surely would not now Desert me? No; not now.

SHREWSPURT. Paralen, I am
To all, and this right hand is growing too stift
To set the seal upon your later deels.

ELIZ. Will be forsake me, who has saved my life? SHREW. Tis little I have done: I could not save

Your not er part. Live — givern happily!
Your rival's dead! Henceforth you've nothing more

To fear — Lengebrth to nothing pay regard. [Exit. Luzabeth to the Earl of Kent. Plo enters.

Send for the Earl of Leicester.

To be excused — he is embarked for France.

The Curtain drops.

THE MAID OF ORLEANS.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

CHARLES THE SEVENTH, King of France.
QUEEN ISABEL, his Mother.
AGNES SOREL.
PHILIP THE GOOD, Duke of Burgundy.
EARL DUNOIS, Bastard of Orleans.
LA HIRE, DUCHATEL, French Officers.
ARCHBISHOP OF RHEIMS.
CHATILLON, A Burgandian Knight.
RAOUL, a Lotharingian Knight.
TALBOT, the English General,
LIONEL, FASTOLFE, English Officers.
MONTGOMERY, a Welshman.
COUNCILLORS OF ORLEANS.

AN ENGLISH HERALD.
THBAUT D'ARC, a wealthy Countryman.
MARGOT, LOUISON, JOHANNA, his Daughters.
ETIENNE, CLAUDE MARIE, RAIMOND, their Suitors.
BERTRAND, another Countryman.
APPARTION OF A BLACK KNIGHT.
CHARCOAL-BURNER AND HIS WIFE.
Soldiers and People, Officers of the Crown, Bishops, Monks, Marshals, Magistrates, Courtiers, and other mule persons in the Coronation Procession.

PROLOGUE.

A rural District. To the right, a Chapel with an Image of the Virgin; to the left, an ancient Oak.

Scene I.

Thibaut D'Arc. His Three Daughters. Three young Shepherds, their Suitors.

Tune Ay, my good neighbors! we at least to-day
Are Frenchmen still, free citizens and lords
Of the old soil which our forefathers tilled.
Who knows whom we to-morrow must obey?
For England her triumphal banner waves
From every wall: the blooming fields of France
Are trampled down beneath her chargers' hoofs;
Paris hath yielded to her conquering arms,
And with the ancient crown of Dagobert

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Adorns the scion of a foreign race.
Our king's descendant, disinherited,
Must steal in secret through his own domain;
While his first peer and nearest relative
Contends against him in the hostile ranks;
Ay, his unnatural mother leads them on.
Around us towns and peaceful hamlets burn.
Near and more near the devastating fire
Rolls toward these vales, which yet repose in peace.
Therefore, good neighbors, I have now resolved,
While God still grants us safety, to provide
For my three daughters; for 'midst war's alarms
Women require protection, and true love
Hath power to render lighter every load.

[To the first Shepherd.
Come, Etienne! You seek my Margot's hand.
Fields lying side by side and loving hearts
Promise a happy union!
[To the second.
Claude! You're silent,

And my Louison looks upon the ground?
How, shall I separate two loving hearts
Because you have no wealth to offer me?
Who now has wealth? Our barns and homes afford
Spoil to the foe, and fuel to the fires.
In times like these a husband's faithful breast
Affords the only shelter from the storm.

Louis. My father!

CLAUDE MARIE. My Louison!

LOUISON (embracing Johanna). My dear sister!

Thus I give to each a yard, a stall and herd,

And also thirty aeres; and as God

Gave me his blessing, so I give you mine!

Margor (embracing Johanna).

Gladden our father — follow our example! Let this day see three unions ratified!

This. Now go; make all things ready; for the morn Shall see the wedding. Let our village friends Be all assembled for the festival.

[The two couple retire arm in arm

Scene II.

THIBAUT, RAIMOND, JOHANNA.

This. Thy sisters, Joan, will soon be happy brides;
I see them gladly; they rejoice my age;
But thou, my youngest, giv'st me grief and pain.
RAIM. What is the matter? Why upbraid thy child?
This. Here is this noble youth, the flower and pride

Of all our village; he hath fixed on thee His fond affections, and for three long years Has wooed thee with respectful tenderness; But thou dost thrust him back with cold reserve. Nor is there one 'mong all our shepherd youths Who e'er can win a gracious smile from thee. I see thee blooming in thy youthful prime; Thy spring it is, the joyous time of hope; Thy person, like a tender flower, hath now Disclosed its beauty, but I vainly wait For love's sweet blossom genially to blow, And ripen joyously to golden fruit! Oh, that must ever grieve me, and betrays Some sad deficiency in nature's work! The heart I like not which, severe and cold,

Expands not in the genial years of youth. RAIM. Forbear, good father! Cease to urge her thus! A noble, tender fruit of heavenly growth Is my Johanna's love, and time alone Bringeth the costly to maturity! Still she delights to range among the hills, And fears descending from the wild, free heath, To tarry 'neath the lowly roofs of men, Where dwell the narrow cares of humble life. From the deep vale, with silent wonder, oft I mark her, when, upon a lofty hill Surrounded by her flock, erect she stands, With noble port, and bends her earnest gaze Down on the small domains of earth. She looketh then, as if from other times She came, foreboding things of import high.

HIB. 'Tis that precisely which displeases me! She shuns her sisters' gay companionship;

Seeks out the desert mountains, leaves her equeb Before the erowing of the morning coek, And in the dreadful hour, when men are wont Confidingly to seek their fellow-men, She, like the solitary bird, creeps forth, And in the fearful spirit-realm of night, To you erossway repairs, and there alone Holds'secret commune with the mountain wind. Wherefore this place precisely doth she choose? Why hither always doth she drive her flock? For hours together I have seen her sit In dreamy musing 'neath the Druid tree, Which every happy creature shuns with awe. For 'tis not holy there; an evil spirit Hath since the fearful pagan days of old Beneath its branches fixed his dread abode. The oldest of our villagers relate Strange tales of horror of the Druid tree; Mysterious voices of unearthly sound From its unhallowed shade oft meet the ear. Myself, when in the gloomy twilight hour My path once chanced to lead me near this tree, Beheld a speetral figure sitting there, Which slowly from its long and ample robe Stretched forth its withered hand, and beekoned me But on I went with speed, nor looked behind, And to the eare of God consigned my soul.

Raimond (pointing to the image of the Virgin). You holy image of the Virgin blest,

Whose presence heavenly peace diffuseth round, Not Satan's work, leadeth thy daughter here.

This. No! not in vain bath it in fearful dreams
And apparitions strange revealed itself.
For three successive nights I have beheld
Johanna sitting on the throne at Rheims,
A sparkling diadem of seven stars
Upon her brow, the sceptre in her hand,
From which three lilies spring, and I, her sire,
With her two sisters; and the noble peers,
The earls, arehbishops, and the king himself,
Bowed down before her. In my humble home

How could this splendor enter my poor brain? Oh, 'tis the prelude to some fearful fall! This warning dream, in pictured show, reveals The vain and sinful longing of her heart. She looks with shame upon her lowly birth. Because with richer beauty God hath graced Her form, and dowered her with wondrous gifts Above the other maidens of this vale, She in her heart indulges sinful pride, And pride it is through which the angels fell, By which the fiend of hell seduces man.

RAIM. Who cherishes a purer, humbler mind
Than doth thy pious daughter? Does she not
With cheerful spirit work her sisters' will?
She is more highly gifted far than they,
Yet, like a servant maiden, it is she
Who silently performs the humblest tasks.
Beneath her guiding hands prosperity
Attendeth still thy harvest and thy flocks;
And around all she does there ceaseless flows
A blessing, rare and unaccountable.

Sad horror at this blessing seizes me!
But now no more; henceforth I will be silent.
Shall I accuse my own beloved child?
I can do naught but warn and pray for her.
Yet warn I must. Oh, shun the Druid tree!
Stay not alone, and in the midnight hour
Break not the ground for roots, no drinks prepare,
No characters inscribe upon the sand!
'Tis easy to unlock the realm of spirits;
Listening each sound, beneath a film of earth
They lay in wait, ready to rush aloft.
Stay not alone, for in the wilderness
The prince of darkness tempted e'en the Lord.

Scene III.

Thibaut, Raimond, Johanna.
Bertrand enters, a helmet in his hand.

Raim. Hush! here is Bertrand coming back from town; What bears he in his hand?

BERTRAND. You look at me With wondering gaze; no doubt you are surprised To see this martial helm!

THIBAUT. We are indeed! Come, tell us how you come by it? Why bring This fearful omen to our peaceful vale? [Johanna, who has remained indifferent during the

two previous scenes, becomes attentive, and steps nearer.

Bert. I searee can tell you how I eame by it. I had procured some tools at Vaucouleurs; A erowd was gathered in the market-place, For fugitives were just arrived in haste From Orleans, bringing most disastrous news. In tumult all the town together flocked, And as I foreed a passage through the crowds, A brown Bohemian woman, with this helm, Approached me, eyed me narrowly, and said: "Fellow, you seek a helm; I know it well. Take this one! For a trifle it is yours." "Go with it to the soldiers," I replied, "I am a husbandman, and want no helm." She would not eease, however, and went on: "None knoweth if he may not want a helm. A roof of metal for the head just now Is of more value than a house of stone." Thus she pursued me closely through the streets, Still offering the helm, which I refused. I marked it well, and saw that it was bright, And fair and worthy of a knightly head; And when in doubt I weighed it in my hand, The strangeness of the incident revolving, The woman disappeared, for suddenly The rushing erowd had earried her away. And I was left the helmet in my hand.

Johanna (attempting eagerly to seize it). Give me the helmet!

Bertrand. Why, what boots it you? It is not suited to a maiden's head.

JOHANNA (seizing it from him).

Minc is the helmet—it belongs to me!

Thib. What whim is this?

Raimond. Nay, let her have her way!

This warlike ornament becomes her well,

For in her bosom beats a manly heart.

Remember how she once subdued the wolf,

The savage monster which destroyed our herds,

And filled the neighb'ring shepherds with dismay.

She all alone — the lion-hearted maid —

Fought with the wolf, and from him snatched the

Which he was bearing in his bloody jaws. How brave soe'er the head this helm adorned, It cannot grace a worthier one than hers!

THIBAUT (to BERTRAND).

Relate what new disasters have occurred, What tidings brought the fugitives?

Have pity on our land, and save the king!
In two great battles we have lost the day;
Our foes are stationed in the heart of France,
Far as the river Loire our lands are theirs—
Now their whole force they have combined, and lay
Close siege to Orleans.

Thibaut. God protect the king!

BERT. Artillery is brought from every side, And as the dusky squadrons of the bees Swarm round the hive upon a summer day, As clouds of locusts from the sultry air Descend and shroud the country round for miles, So doth the cloud of war, o'er Orleans' fields, Pour forth its many-nationed multitudes, Whose varied speech, in wild confusion blent, With strange and hollow murmurs fill the air. For Burgundy, the mighty potentate, Conducts his motley host; the Hennegarians, The men of Liege and of Luxemburg, The people of Namur, and those who dwell In fair Brabant; the wealthy men of Ghent, Who boast their velvets, and their costly silks; The Zealanders, whose cleanly towns appear Emerging from the ocean; Hollanders

Who milk the lowing herds; men from Utreeht, And even from West Friesland's distant realm, Who look towards the ice-pole — all combine, Beneath the banner of the powerful duke, Together to accomplish Orleans' fall.

This. Oh, the unblest, the lamentable strife, Which turns the arms of France against itself!

Bert. E'en she, the mother-queen, proud Isabel—Bavaria's haughty princess—may be seen, Arrayed in armor, riding through the camp; With poisonous words of irony she fires The hostile troops to fury 'gainst her son, Whom she hath clasped to her maternal breast.

This. A curse upon her, and may God prepare For her a death like haughty Jezebel's!

The fearful Salisbury conducts the siege, The town-destroyer; with him Lionel, The brother of the lion; Talbot, too, Who, with his murd'rous weapon, moweth down The people in the battle: they have sworn, With ruthless insolence to doom to shame The hapless maidens, and to sacrifice All who the sword have wielded, with the sword. Four lofty watch-towers, to o'ertop the town, They have upreared; Earl Salisbury from on high Casteth abroad his eruel, murd'rous glance, And marks the rapid wanderers in the streets. Thousands of cannon-balls, of pond'rous weight, Are hurled into the city. Churches lie In ruined heaps, and Notre Dame's royal tower Begins at length to bow its lofty head. They also have formed powder-vaults below, And thus, above a subterranean hell, The timid city every hour expects,

'Midst crashing thunder, to break forth in flames.
[Johanna listens with close attention, and places the

helmet on her head...

This. But where were then our heroes? Where the swords

Of Saintrailles, and La Hire, and brave Dunois, Of France the bulwark, that the haughty foe

With such impetuous force thus onward rushed? Where is the king? Can be supinely see His kingdom's peril and his cities' fall?

BERT. The king at Chinon holds his court; he lacks Soldiers to keep the field. Of what avail The leader's conrage, and the hero's arm, When pallid fear doth paralyze the host? A sudden panie, as if sent from God, Unnerves the courage of the bravest men. In vain the summons of the king resounds As when the howling of the wolf is heard, The sheep in terror gather side by side, So Frenchmen, careless of their ancient fame, Seek only now the shelter of the towns. One knight alone, I have been told, has brought A feeble company, and joins the king With sixteen banners.

JOHANNA (quickly). What's the hero's name? Bert. 'Tis Baudricour. But much I fear the knight

Will not be able to clude the foe,

Who track him closely with too numerous hosts.

Johan. Where halts the knight? Pray tell me, if you know.

Bert. About a one day's march from Vaucouleurs. Thibaut (to Johanna).

Why, what is that to thee? Thou dost inquire Concerning matters which become thee not.

Bert. The foe being now so strong, and from the king No safety to be hoped, at Vanconleurs
They have with unanimity resolved
To yield them to the Duke of Burgundy.
Thus we avoid the foreign yoke, and still
Continue by our ancient royal line;
Ay, to the ancient crown we may fall back
Should France and Burgundy be reconciled.

Johanna (as if inspired).

Speak not of treaty! Speak not of surrender! The savior comes, he arms him for the fight. The fortunes of the foe before the walls Of Orleans shall be wrecked! His hour is come, He now is ready for the reaper's hand,

And with her sickle will the maid appear,
And mow to earth the harvest of his pride.
She from the heavens will tear his glory down,
Which he had hung aloft among the stars;
Despair not! Fly not! for ere yonder corn
Assumes its golden hue, or ere the moon
Displays her perfect orb, no English horse
Shall drink the rolling waters of the Loire.

BERT. 'Alas! no miracle will happen now!

JOHAN. Yes, there shall yet be one—a snow-white dove

Shall fly, and with the eagle's boldness, tear The birds of prey which rend her fatherland. She shall o'erthrow this hanghty Burgundy, Betrayer of the kingdom; Talbot, too, The hundred-handed, heaven-defying scourge; This Salisbury, who violates our fanes, And all these island robbers shall she drive Before her like a flock of timid lambs. The Lord will be with her, the God of battle; A weak and trembling creature he will choose, And through a tender maid proclaim his power, For he is the Almighty!

Thibault. What strange power

Hath seized the maiden?

RAIMOND. Doubtless 'tis the helmet
Which doth inspire her with such martial thoughts.
Look at your daughter. Mark her flashing eye,
Her glowing cheek, which kindles as with fire.

Jонам. This realm shall fall! This ancient land of fame.

The fairest that, in his majestic course,
The eternal sun surveys — this paradise,
Which, as the apple of his eye, God loves —
Endure the fetters of a foreign yoke?
— Here were the heathen scattered, and the cross
And holy image first were planted here;
Here rest St. Louis' ashes, and from hence
The troops went forth who set Jerusalem free.

Bertrand (in astonishment).

Hark how she speaks! Why, whence can she obtain

This glorious revelation? Father Are! A wond'rous daughter God hath given you! Johan. We shall no longer serve a native prince! The king, who never dies, shall pass away — The guardian of the sacred plough, who fills The earth with plenty, who protects our herds, Who frees the bondmen from captivity. Who gathers all his eities round his throne — Who aids the helpless, and appals the base, Who envies no one, for he reigns supreme; Who is a mortal, yet an angel too, Dispensing merey on the hostile earth. For the king's throne, which glitters o'er with gold, Affords a shelter for the destitute: Power and compassion meet together there, The guilty tremble, but the just draw near, And with the guardian lion fearless sport! The stranger king, who cometh from afar, Whose fathers' sacred ashes do not lie Interred among us; can be love our land? Who was not young among our youth, whose heart Respondeth not to our familiar words, Can be be as a father to our sons?

Thib. God save the king and France! We're peaceful folk,

Who neither wield the sword, nor rein the steed.

—Let us await the king whom victory crowns;
The fate of battle is the voice of God.

He is our lord who crowns himself at Rheims,
And on his head receives the holy oil.

— Come, now to work! come! and let every one
Think only of the duty of the hour!

Let the earth's great ones for the earth contend,
Untroubled we may view the desolation,
For steadfast stand the acres which we till.

The flames consume our villages, our corn
Is trampled 'neath the tread of warlike steeds;
With the new spring new harvests reappear,
And our light huts are quickly reared again!

[They all retire except the maiden.

Scene IV.

Johanna (alone).

Farewell ye mountains, ye beloved glades, Ye lone and peaceful valleys, fare ye well! Through you Johanna never more may stray! For, ay, Johanna bids you now farewell. Ye meads which I have watered, and ye trees Which I have planted, still in beauty bloom! Farewell ye grottos, and ye crystal springs! Sweet echo, voeal spirit of the vale. Who sang'st responsive to my simple strain, Johanna goes, and ne'er returns again.

Ye scenes where all my tranquil joys I knew, Forever now I leave you far behind! Poor foldless lambs, no shepherd now have you! O'er the wide heath stray henceforth unconfined! For I to danger's field, of crimson hue, Am summoned hence another flock to find. Such is to me the spirit's high behest; No earthly, vain ambition fires my breast.

For who in glory did on Horeb's height
Descend to Moses in the bush of flame,
And bade him go and stand in Pharaoh's sight—
Who onee to Israel's pious shepherd came,
And sent him forth, his champion in the fight,—
Who aye hath loved the lowly shepherd train,—
He, from these leafy boughs, thus spake to me,
"Go forth! Thou shalt on earth my witness be.

"Thou in rude armor must thy limbs invest,
A plate of steel upon thy bosom wear;
Vain earthly love may never stir thy breast,
Nor passion's sinful glow be kindled there.
Ne'er with the bride-wreath shall thy locks be dressed.
Nor on thy bosom bloom an infant fair;
But war's triumphant glory shall be thine;
Thy martial fame all women's shall outshine.

"For when in fight the stoutest hearts despair, When direful ruin threatens France, forlorn, Then thou aloft my oriflamme shalt bear,
And swiftly as the reaper mows the corn,
Thou shalt lay low the haughty conqueror;
His fortune's wheel the rapidly shalt turn,
To Gaul's heroic sons deliverance bring,
Relieve beleaguered Rheims, and erown thy king!"

The heavenly spirit promised me a sign;
He sends the helmet, it hath come from him.
Its iron filleth me with strength divine,
I feel the courage of the cherubin;
As with the rushing of a mighty wind
It drives me forth to join the battle's din;
The clanging trumpets sound, the chargers rear,
And the loud war-cry thunders in mine ear.

 $[She\ goes\ out.]$

ACT I.

Scene I.

The royal residence at Chinon.

Dunois and Duchatel.

Dunois. No longer I'll endure it. I renounce This recreant monarch who forsakes himself. My valiant heart doth bleed, and I could rain Hot tear-drops from mine eyes, that robber-swords Partition thus the royal realm of France; That cities, ancient as the monarchy, Deliver to the foe the rusty keys, While here in idle and inglorious ease We lose the precious season of redemption. Tidings of Orleans' peril reach mine ear, Hither I sped from distant Normandy, Thinking, arrayed in panoply of war, To find the monarch with his marshalled hosts; And find him - here! begirt with troubadours, And juggling knaves, engaged in solving riddles, And planning festivals in Sorel's honor, As brooded o'er the land profoundest peace!

The Constable hath gone; he will not brook Longer the spectacle of shame. I, too, Depart, and leave him to his evil fate. Duch. Here comes the king.

Scene II.

KING CHARLES. The same.

Chas. The Constable hath sent us back his sword And doth renounce our service. Now, by heaven! He thus hath rid us of a churlish man, Who insolently sought to lord it o'er us.

Dunois. A man is precious in such perilous times; I would not deal thus lightly with his loss.

Chas. Thou speakest thus from love of opposition; While he was here thou never wert his friend.

Dunois. He was a tiresome, proud, vexatious fool, Who never could resolve. For onee, however, He hath resolved. Betimes he goeth hence, Where honor can no longer be achieved.

Chas. Thou'rt in a pleasant humor; undisturbed I'll leave thee to enjoy it. Hark, Duehatel! Ambassadors are here from old King René, Of tuneful songs the master, far renowned. Let them as honored guests be entertained, And unto each present a chain of gold.

[To the Bustard.

Why smilest thou, Dunois?
Dunois. Th

That from thy mouth

Thou shakest golden chains.

Duchatel.

Alas!

Alas! my king!

No gold existeth in thy treasury.

Chas. Then gold must be procured. It must not be
That bards unhonored from our court depart.

'Tis they who make our barren seeptre bloom,

'Tis they who wreath around our fruitless crown
Life's joyous brauch of never-fading green.
Reigning, they justly rank themselves as kings,
Of gentle wishes they erect their throne,
Their harmless realm existeth not in space;

Hence should the bard accompany the king, Life's higher sphere the heritage of both!

Duch. My royal liege! I sought to spare thine ear So long as aid and counsel could be found;
Now dire necessity doth loose my tongue.
Naught hast thou now in presents to bestow,
Thou hast not wherewithal to live to-morrow!
The spring-tide of thy fortune is run out,
And lowest ebb is in thy treasury!
The soldiers, disappointed of their pay,
With sullen murmurs, threaten to retire.
My counsel faileth, not with royal splendor
But meagerly, to furnish out thy household.

CHAS. My royal customs pledge, and borrow gold

From the Lombardians.

Durintel. Sire, thy revenues,
Thy royal customs are for three years pledged.
Dunois. And pledge meanwhile and kingdom both are

lost.

Chas. Still many rich and beanteous lands are ours.

Dunois. So long as God and Talbot's sword permit!

When Orleans falleth into English hands

Then with King René thou may'st tend thy sheep!

Chas. Still at this king thou lov'st to point thy jest; Yet 'tis this lackland monarch who to-day

Hath with a princely crown invested me.

Dunois. Not, in the name of heaven, with that of Naples,

Which is for sale, I hear, since he kept sheep.

Chas. It is a sportive festival, a jest,
Wherein he giveth to his fancy play,
To found a world all innocent and pure
In this barbaric, rude reality.
Yet noble—ay, right royal is his aim!
He will again restore the golden age,
When gentle manners reigned, when faithful love
The heroic hearts of valiant knights inspired,
Aud noble women, whose accomplished taste
Diffuseth grace around, in judgment sat.
The old man dwelleth in those bygone times,
And in our workday world would realize
The dreams of ancient bards, who picture life

'Mid bowers celestial, throned on golden clouds. He hath established hence a court of love Where valiant knights may dwell, and homage yield To noble women, who are there enthroned, And where pure love and true may find a home. Me he hath chosen as the prince of love.

Dunois. I am not such a base, degenerate churl As love's dominion rudely to assail. I am her son, from her derive my name, And in her kingdom lies my heritage. The Prince of Orleans was my sire, and while No woman's heart was proof against his love, No hostile fortress could withstand his shock! Wilt thou, indeed, with honor name thyself The prince of love - be bravest of the brave! As I have read in those old chronieles, Love ave went coupled with heroic deeds, And valiant heroes, not inglorious shepherds, So legends tell us, graced King Arthur's board. The man whose valor is not beauty's shield Is all unworthy of her golden prize. Here the arena! combat for the crown, Thy royal heritage! With knightly sword Thy lady's honor and thy realm defend — And hast thou with hot valor snatched the crown From streams of hostile blood, — then is the time, And it would well become thee as a prince,

CHARLES (to a PAGE, who enters).

What is the matter?

Page. Senators from Orleans Entreat an audience, sire.

CHARLES. Conduct them hither!

Love's myrtle chaplet round thy brows to wreathe.

[Page retires.

Doubtless they succor need; what can I do, Myself all-succorless!

Scene III.

The same. Three Senators.

Chas. Welcome, my trusty citizens of Orleans! What tidings bring ye from my faithful town?

Doth she continue with her wonted zeal Still bravely to withstand the leaguering foe? Senat. Ah, sire! the city's peril is extreme;

And giant ruin, waxing hour by hour,

Still onward strides. The bulwarks are destroyed ---

The foe at each assault advantage gains;

Bare of defenders are the city walls,

For with rash valor forth our soldiers rush, While few, alas! return to view their homes, And famine's scourge impendeth o'er the town.

In this extremity the noble Count

Of Rochepierre, commander of the town, Hath made a compact with the enemy,

According to old custom, to yield up, On the twelfth day, the city to the foe, Unless, meanwhile, before the town appear

A host of magnitude to raise the siege.

[Dunois manifests the strongest indignation.

Chas. The interval is brief.

Senator. We hither come,

Attended by a hostile retinue,

To implore thee, sire, to pity thy poor town, And to send succor ere the appointed day, When, if still unrelieved, she must surrender.

Dunois. And could Saintrailles consent to give his

To such a shameful compact?

Senator. Never, sir!

Long as the hero lived, none dared to breathe

A single word of treaty or surrender.

Dunois. He then is dead?

SENATOR. The noble hero fell,

His monarch's eause defending on our walls.

Chas. What! Saintrailles dead! Oh, in that single man A host is foundered!

[A Knight enters and speaks apart with Dunois, who starts with surprise.

Dunois. That too!

CHARLES. Well? What is it?

Dunois. Count Douglass sendeth here. The Scottish troops

Revolt, and threaten to retire at once, Unless their full arrears are paid to-day.

CHAS. Duchatel!

DUCHATEL (shrugs his shoulders).

Sire! I know not what to eounsel.

Chas. Pledge, promise all, even unto half my realm.

Duchat. 'Tis vain! They have been fed with hope too often!

Chas. They are the finest troops of all my host!

They must not now, not now abandon me!

Senator (throwing himself at the King's feet).

Oh, king, assist us! Think of our distress!

CHARLES (in despair).

How! Can I summon armies from the earth? Or grow a cornfield on my open palm? Rend me in pieces! Pluck my bleeding heart Forth from my breast, and coin it 'stead of gold! I've blood for you, but neither coin nor troops. [He sees Sorel approach, and hastens towards her with outstretched arms.

Scene IV.

The same. Agnes Sorel, a casket in her hand.

Chas. My Agnes! Oh, my love! my dearest life!
Thou eomest here to snatch me from despair!
Refuge I take within thy loving arms;
Possessing thee I feel that naught is lost.

Sorel. My king, beloved!

[Looking round with an anxious, inquiring gaze Dunois! Say, is it true,

Duchatel?

DUCHATEL. 'Tis, alas!

Sorel. So great the need?

No treasure left? The soldiers will disband?

Duchat. Alas! it is too true!

Sorel (giving him the casket). Here—here is gold,
Here too are jewels! Melt my silver down!
Sell, pledge my eastles—on my fair domains
In Provence, treasure raise—turn all to gold,
Appease the troops! No time is to be lost!

[She urges him to depart

Chas. Well now, Dunois! Duchatel! Do ye still Account me poor, when I possess the erown Of womankind? She's nobly born as I; The royal blood of Valois not more pure; The most exalted throne she would adorn -Yet she rejects it with disdain, and claims No other title than to be my love. No gift more costly will she e'er receive Than early flower in winter, or rare fruit! No sacrifice on my part she permits, Yet sacrificeth all she had to me! With generous spirit she doth venture all Her wealth and fortune in my sinking bark. Dunois. Ay, she is mad indeed, my king, as thou; She throws her all into a burning house, And draweth water in the leaky vessel

Of the Danaïdes. Thee she will not save, And in thy ruin but involve herself.

Sorel. Believe him not! Full many a time he hath Perilled his life for thee, and now, forsooth, Chafeth because I risk my worthless gold! How? Have I freely sacrificed to thee What is esteemed far more than gold and pearls, And shall I now hold back the gifts of fortune? Oh, come! Let my example challenge thee To noble self-denial! Let's at once Cast off the needless ornaments of life! Thy courtiers metamorphose into soldiers; Thy gold transmute to iron; all thou hast, With resolute daring, venture for thy crown! Peril and want we will participate! Let us bestride the war-horse, and expose Our tender person to the fiery glow Of the hot sun, take for our canopy The clouds above, and make the stones our pillow. The rudest warrier, when he sees his king Bear hardship and privation like the meanest Will patiently endure his own hard lot! CHARLES (laughing).

Ay! now is realized an ancient word Of prophesy, once uttered by a nun

Of Clairmont, in prophetic mood, who said, That through a woman's aid I o'er my foes Should triumph, and achieve my father's crown. Far off I sought her in the English camp; I strove to reconcile a mother's heart: Here stands the heroine — my guide to Rheims! My Agnes! I shall triumph through thy love! Thou'lt triumph through the valiant swords of

friends.

Chas. And from my foes' dissensions much I hope — For sure intelligence hath reached mine ear, That 'twixt these English lords and Burgundy Things do not stand precisely as they did; Hence to the duke I have despatched La Hire, To try if he can lead my angry vassal Back to his ancient loyalty and faith: Each moment now I look for his return.

PUCHATEL (at the window).

A knight e'en now dismounteth in the court. Chas. A welcome messenger! We soon shall learn Whether we're doomed to conquer or to yield.

Scene V.

The same. LA HIRE.

CHARLES (meeting him).

Hope bringest thou, or not? Be brief, La Hire, Out with thy tidings! What must we expect?

Expect naught, sire, save from thine own good sword.

The haughty duke will not be reconciled! Speak! How did he receive my embassy?

HIRE. His first and unconditional demand, Ere he consent to listen to thine errand.

Is that Duchatel be delivered up,

Whom he doth name the murderer of his sire. This base condition we reject with scorn! CHAS.

Then be the leagne dissolved cre it commence! Hire. Hast thou thereon, as I commanded thee,

Challenged the duke to meet him in fair fight On Montereau's bridge, whereon his father fell? HIRE. Before him on the ground I flung thy glove,
And said: "Thou wouldst forget thy majesty,
And like a knight do battle for thy realm."
He scornfully rejoined "He needed not
To fight for that which he possessed already,
But if thou wert so eager for the fray,
Before the walls of Orleans thou wouldst find him,
Whither he purposed going on the morrow;"
Thereon he laughing turned his back upon me.

Thereon he laughing turned his back upon me. Chas. Say, did not justice raise her sacred voice, Within the precincts of my parliament?

HIRE. The rage of party, sire, hath silenced her.

An edict of the parliament declares

Thee and thy race excluded from the throne.

Dunois. These upstart burghers' haughty insolence!

Chas. Hast thou attempted with my mother aught?

Hire. With her?

Charles. Ay! How did she demean herself?

LA Hire (after a few moments' reflection).
I chanced to step within St. Denis' walls
Precisely at the royal coronation.

The crowds were dressed as for a festival; Triumphal arches rose in every street

Through which the English monarch was to pass.
The way was strewed with flowers, and with huzzas,
As France some brilliant conquest had achieved,
The record around the reveal car.

The people thronged around the royal car.

Sorel. They could huzza — huzza, while trampling thus Upon a gracious sovereign's loving heart!

Hire. I saw young Harry Laucaster — the boy — On good St. Lewis' regal chair enthroned; On either side his haughty uncles stood, Bedford and Gloucester, and before him kneeled, To render homage for his lands, Duke Philip.

Chas. Oh, peer dishonored! Oh, unworthy cousin!
Hire. The child was timid, and his footing lost

As up the steps he mounted towards the throne. An evil omen! murmured forth the crowd, And scornful laughter burst on every side. Then forward stepped Queen Isabel — thy mother, And — but it angers me to utter it!

CHARLES. Sav on.

HIRE. Within her arms she clasped the boy,

And herself placed him on thy father's throne.

CHAS. Oh. mother! mother!

LA HIRE. E'en the murderous bands

Of the Burgundians, at this spectacle, Evinced some tokens of indignant shame.

The green perceived it, and addressed the crowds, Exclaiming with lond voice: "Be grateful, French-

That I engraft upon a sickly stock A healthy scion, and redeem you from The misbegotten son of a mad sire!"

The KING hides his face: AGNES hastens towards him and clasps him in her arms; all the bystanders express aversion and horror.

DUNOIS. She-wolf of France! Rage-breathing Megara!

CHARLES (after a pause, to the SENATORS).

Yourselves have heard the posture of affairs. Delay no longer, back return to Orleans, And bear this message to my faithful town; I do absolve my subjects from their oath, Their own best interests let them now consult, And vield them to the Duke of Burgundy; Yelepit the Good, he need must prove humane.

Dunois. What say'st thou, sire? Thou wilt abandon Orleans!

SENATOR (kneels down).

My king! Abandon not the faithful town! Consign her not to England's harsh control. She is a precious jewel in the crown. And none hath more inviolate faith maintained Towards the kings, thy royal ancestors.

DUNOIS. Have we been routed? Is it lawful, sire, To leave the English masters of the field, Without a single stroke to save the town? And thinkest thou, with careless breath, forsooth, Ere blood hath flowed, rashly to give away

The fairest city from the heart of France?

CHAS. Blood hath been poured forth freely, and in vain! The hand of heaven is visibly against me;

In every battle is my host o'erthrown.

I am rejected of my parliament.

My capital, my people, hall me foe.

Those of my blood. — my nearest relatives. —

Forsake me and betray — and my own nother

Doth nurture at her breast the hostile brood.

Beyond the Loire we will retire, and yield

To the o'ermastering hand of destiny

Which sideth with the English.

SOREL God furbil

That we in weak despair should quit this realm? This utterance came not from thy heart, my king. Thy noble heart, which hash been sorely riven By the fell deed of thy unnatural not ler. Thould be thyself again, right valiently. Thould battle with thine adverse festiny. Which doth of pose thee with relentless ire.

CHARLES (lost in glow my the sti.

Is it not true? A dark and ominous doom
Impendeth o'er the heaven-shan loned house
Of Value — there preside the avenging powers.
To whom a mother's crime unbarred the way.
For thirty years my sire in madness raved;
Already have three elder brothers been
Mowed down by death; its the decree of heaven.
The house of the Sixth Cluries is doomed to fall.

Some In thee 'twill rise with renovated life!

Oh, in thyself have faith! — believe me. king.

Not vainly bath a gracious destiny

Redeemed thee from the ruin of thy house.

And by thy brethren's death exalted thee.

The youngest born, to an unlooked-for throne
Heaven in thy gentle spirit hall prepared

The leech to renely the thousand ills

By party rage inflicted on the land.

The flames of civil discord thou wilt quench,

And my heart tells me thou'll establish peace.

And it in a new the more by v of France.

Chas. Not I! The rule of isometered times require
A pilot formed by nature to command.
A peaceful nation I could reader happy.

A wild, rebellious people not subdue.
I never with the sword could open hearts
Against me closed in hatred's cold reserve.
Sorel. The people's eye is dimmed, an error blinds

them,

But this delusion will not long endure;
The day is not far distant when the love
Deep rooted in the bosom of the French,
Towards their native monarch, will revive,
Together with the ancient jealonsy,
Which forms a barrier 'twist the hostile nations.
The haughty foe precipitates his doom.
Hence, with rash haste abandon not the field,
With dauntless front contest each foot of ground,
As thine own heart defend the town of Orleans!
Let every boat be sunk beneath the wave,
Each bridge be burned, sooner than carry thee
Across the Loire, the boundary of thy realm,
The Stygian flood, o'er which there's no return.

CHAS. What could be done I have done. I have

offered,

In single fight, to combat for the crown. I was refused. In vain my people bleed, In vain my towns are levelled with the dust. Shall I, like that unnatural mother, see My child in pieces severed with the sword? No; I forego my claim, that it may live.

Dunois. How, sire! Is this fit language for a king?
Is a crown thus renounced? Thy meanest subject,
For his opinion's sake, his hate and love,
Sets property and life upon a cast;
When civil war hangs out her bloody flag,
Each private end is drowned in party zeal.
The husbandman forsakes his plough, the wife
Neglects her distaff; children, and old men,
Don the rude garb of war; the citizen
Consigns his town to the devouring flames,
The peasant burns the produce of his fields;
And all to injure or advantage thee,
And to achieve the purpose of his heart.
Men show no mercy, and they wish for none,

When they at honor's call maintain the fight, Or for their idols or their gods contend. A truce to such effeminate pity, then, Which is not suited to a monarch's breast. Thou didst not heedlessly provoke the war; As it commenced, so let it spend its fury. It is the law of destiny that nations Should for their monarchs immolate themselves. We Frenchmen recognize this sacred law, Nor would annul it. Base, indeed, the nation That for its honor ventures not its all.

CHARLES (to the SENATORS).

Yon've heard my last resolve; expect no other. May God protect you! I can do no more.

Dunois. As thou dost turn thy back upon thy realm,
So may the God of battle age avert
His visage from thee. Thou forsak'st thyself,
So I forsake thee. Not the power combined
Of England and rebellious Burgundy,
Thy own mean spirit hurls thee from the throne.
Born heroes ever were the kings of France;
Thou wert a craven, even from thy birth.

[To the Senators.]

The king abandons yon. But I will throw Myself into your town — my father's town — And 'neath its ruins find a soldier's grave.

[He is about to depart. Agnes Sorel detains him.

Sorel (to the King).

Oh, let him not depart in anger from thee!
Harsh words his lips have uttered, but his heart
Is true as gold. 'Tis he, himself, my king,
Who loves thee, and hath often bled for thee.
Dunois, confess, the heat of noble wrath
Made thee forget thyself; and oh, do thou
Forgive a faithful friend's o'erhasty speech!
Come, let me quickly reconcile your hearts,
Ere anger bursteth forth in quenchless flame.

[Dunois looks fixedly at the King, and appears to

Chas. Our way lies over the Loire. Duehatel, See all our equipage embarked.

Dunois (quickly to Sorel). Farewell.

[He turns quickly round, and goes out. The Senators follow.

Sorel (wringing her hands in despair).
Oh, if he goes, we are forsaken quite!

Follow, La Hire! Oh, seek to soften him!

[LA HIRE goes out.

Scene VI.

CHARLES, SOREL, DUCHATEL.

Chas. Is, then, the sceptre such a peerless treasure?

Is it so hard to loose it from our grasp?

Believe me, 'tis more galling to endure

The domineering rule of these proud vassals.

To be dependent on their will and pleasure

Is, to a noble heart, more bitter far

Than to submit to fate.

[To Duchatel, who still lingers. Duchatel, go,

And do what I commanded.

DUCHATEL (throws himself at the King's feet).
Oh, my king!

Chas. No more! Thou'st heard my absolute resolve!

Duchatel. Sire, with the Duke of Burgundy make

peace!

'Tis the sole outlet from destruction left!

Chas. Thou giv'st this counsel, and thy blood alone Can ratify this peace.

DUCHATEL. Here is my head.

I oft have risked it for thee in the fight,
And with a joyful spirit I, for thee,
Would lay it down upon the block of death.
Conciliate the duke! Deliver me
To the full measure of his wrath, and let

My flowing blood appease the ancient hate.
Charles (looks at him for some time in silence, and with

deep emotion).
Can it be true? 'Am I, then, sunk so low,
That even friends, who read my immost heart,
Point out for my escape the path of shame?

Yes, now I recognize my abject fall. My honor is no more confided in.

DUCHATEL. Reflect —

CHARLES. Be silent, and incense me not!
Had I ten realms, on which to turn my back,
With my friend's life I would not purchase them.
Do what I have commanded. Hence, and see

My equipage embarked.

Twill speedily

Be done.

[He stands up and retires. Agnes Sorel weeps passionately.

Scene VII.

The royal palace at Chinon.

CHARLES, AGNES SOREL.

CHARLES (seizing the hand of Agnes).

My Agnes, be not sorrowful!
Beyond the Loire we still shall find a France;
We are departing to a happier land,
Where laughs a milder, an unclouded sky,
And gales more genial blow; we there shall meet
More gentle manners; song abideth there,
And love and life in richer beauty bloom,

Sorel. Oh, must I contemplate this day of woe!
The king must roam in banishment! the son
Depart, an exile from his father's house,
And turn his back upon his childhood's home!
Oh, pleasant, happy land that we forsake,
Ne'er shall we tread thee joyously again.

Scene VIII.

LA HIRE returns, CHARLES, SOREL.

Sorel. You come alone? You do not bring him back? [Observing him more closely.

La Hire! What news? What does that look an nounce?

Some new calamity?

La Hire Calamity

Hatl spent itself; sunshine is now returned.

Sorel. 'Vhat is it? I implore you.

LA HIRE 'to the King). Summon back

The relegates from Orleans.

CHARLEY Why? What is it?

LA HIR! Summon them back! Thy fortune is reversed A lattle has been fought, and thou hast conquered.

Sorel. Conquered! Oh, heavenly music of that word! Chas. 'a Hire! A fabulous report deceives thee;

Co quered! In eonquest I believe no more.

La Hira. Still greater wonders thou wilt soon believe. Here cometh the archbishop. To thine arms

Ha leadeth back Dunois.

Sorei O beauteous flower C' victory, which doth the heavenly fruits

(peace and reconcilement bear at once!

SCENE IX.

The ame, Archbishop of Rheims, Dunois, Duchatel, with Raoul, a Knight in armor.

Are bishop (leading Dunois to the King, and joining trin hands).

Princes, embrace! Let rage and discord cease, Since Heaven itself hath for our cause declared.

[Dunois embraces the King

Cr s. Relieve my wonder and perplexity.
What may this solemn earnestness portend?
Whence this unlooked-for change of fortune?

A CHBISHOP (leads the Knight forward, and presents him to the King).

Speak!

Of Lotharingian troops to join your host;
And Baudricourt, a knight of Vaucouleurs,
Was our commander. Having gained the heights
By Vermanton, we wound our downward way
Into the valley watered by the Yonne.
There, in the plain before us, lay the foe,
And when we turned, arms glittered in our rear.
We saw ourselves surrounded by two hosts,

And could not hope for conquest or ; flight. Then sank the bravest heart, and in a spair We all prepared to lay our weapons wn. The leaders with each other anxiously Sought counsel and found none; who to our eves A spectacle of wonder showed itself. For suddenly from forth the thickets' cepths A maiden, on her head a polished hel Like a war-goddess, issued; terrible Yet lovely was her aspect, and her har In dusky ringlets round her shoulder, fell. A heavenly radiance shone around the height: When she upraised her voice and thu, addressed us: "Why be dismayed, brave French, en? On the foe!

Were they more numerous than the & an sands, God and the holy maiden lead you on !! Then quickly from the standard-bearers hand She snatched the banner, and before our troop With valiant bearing strode the wond mus maid. Silent with awe, scarce knowing what we did, The banner and the maiden we pursue, And fired with ardor, rush upon the foe, Who, much amazed, stand motionless and view The miracle with fixed and wondering gaze. Then, as if seized by terror sent from God, They suddenly betake themselves to flight, And easting arms and armor to the ground, Disperse in wild disorder o'er the field. No leader's call, no signal now avails; Senseless from terror, without looking back, Horses and men plunge headlong in the stream, Where they without resistance are despatched. It was a slaughter rather than a fight! Two thousand of the foe bestrewed the field, Not reckoning numbers swallowed by the flood, While of our company not one was slain.

Chas. 'Tis strange, by heaven! most wonderful and strange!

Sorel. A maiden worked this miracle, you say?
Whence did she come? Who is she?

RAOUL. Who she is

She will reveal to no one but the king! She ealls herself a seer and prophetess Ordained by God, and promises to raise

The siege of Orleans ere the moon shall change.

The people credit her, and thirst for war. The host she follows — she'll be here anon.

[The ringing of bells is heard, together with the clang of arms.

Hark to the din! The pealing of the bells! 'Tis she! The people greet God's messenger.

CHARLES (to DUCHATEL).

Conduct her thither. [To the Archbishor.

What should I believe?

A maiden brings me conquest even now, When naught can save me but a hand divine! This is not in the common course of things.

And dare I here believe a miracle?

Many Voices (behind the scene).

Hail to the maiden! - the deliverer!

Chas. She comes! Dunois, now occupy my place!
We will make trial of this wond'rous maid.
Is she indeed inspired and sent by God

She will be able to discern the king.

[Dunois seats himself; the King stands at his right hand, Agnes Sorel near him; the Archbishop and the others opposite; so that the intermediate space remains vacant.

Scene X.

The same. Johanna, accompanied by the councillor and many knights, who occupy the background of the scene; she advances with noble bearing, and slowly surveys the company.

Dunois (after a long and solemn pause).

Art thou the wond'rous maiden

Johanna (interrupts him, regarding him with dignity).

Bastard of Orleans, thou wilt tempt thy God!

This place abandon, which becomes thee not!

To this more mighty one the maid is sent.

[With a firm step she approaches the King, bows one





knee before him, and, rising immediately, steps back. All present express their ustonishment, Dunois forsakes his seat, which is occupied by the King.

Maiden, thou ne'er hast seen my face before.

Whence hast thou then this knowledge?

Johanna. Thee I saw

When none beside, save God in heaven, beheld

She approaches the King, and speaks mysteriously. Bethink thee, Dauphin, in the bygone night, When all around lay buried in deep sleep, Thou from thy eouch didst rise and offer up An earnest prayer to God. Let these retire And I will name the subject of thy prayer.

Chas. What I to Heaven confided need not be From men coneealed. Disclose to me my prayer, And I shall doubt no more that God inspires thee.

Three prayers thou offeredst, Dauphin; listen now

Whether I name them to thee! Thou didst pray That if there were appended to this erown Unjust possession, or if heavy guilt, Not yet atoned for, from thy father's times, Occasioned this most lamentable war, God would accept thee as a sacrifice, Have mercy on thy people, and pour forth Upon thy head the ehalice of his wrath.

Charles (steps back with awe).

Who art thou, mighty one? Whence eomest thon? All express their astonishment.

Johan. To God thou offeredst this second prayer: That if it were his will and high decree

To take away the sceptre from thy race, And from thee to withdraw whate'er thy sires, The monarchs of this kingdom, once possessed, He in his merey would preserve to thee Three priceless treasures — a contented heart, Thy friend's affection, and thine Agnes' love.

The King conceals his face: the spectators express their astonishment. After a pause.

Thy third petition shall I name to thee?

Chas. Enough; I credit thee! This doth surpass
Mere human knowledge: thou art sent by God!

Arche. Who art thou, wonderful and holy maid?

What favored region have thee? What blest pair

What favored region bore thee? What blest pair, Beloved of Heaven, may claim thee as their child? Johan. Most reverend father, I am named Johanna,

I am a shepherd's lowly daughter, born In Dom Remi, a village of my king. Included in the dioeese of Toul, And from a child I kept my father's sheep. And much and frequently I heard them tell Of the strange islanders, who o'er the sea Had come to make us slaves, and on us force A foreign lord, who loveth not the people; How the great city, Paris, they had seized, And had usurped dominion o'er the realm. Then earnestly God's Mother I implored To save us from the shame of foreign chains, And to preserve to us our lawful king. Not distant from my native village stands An ancient image of the Virgin blest, To which the pious pilgrims oft repaired; Hard by a holy oak, of blessed power, Standeth, far-famed through wonders manifold. Beneath the oak's broad shade I loved to sit Tending my flock — my heart still drew me there. And if by chance among the desert hills A lambkin strayed, 'twas shown me in a dream, When in the shadow of this oak I slept. And once, when through the night beneath this tree In pious adoration I had sat, Resisting sleep, the Holy One appeared, Bearing a sword and banner, otherwise Clad like a shepherdess, and thus she spake:

"Tis I; arise, Johanna! leave thy flock,
The Lord appoints thee to another task!
Receive this banner! Gird thee with this sword!
Therewith exterminate my people's foes;
Conduct to Rheims thy royal master's son,
And crown him with the kingly diadem!"
And I made answer: "How may I presume

To undertake such deeds, a tender maid, Unpractised in the dreadful art of war!" And she replied: "A maiden pure and chaste Achieves whate'er on earth is glorious If she to eartly love ne'er yields her heart. Look upon me! a virgin, like thyself; I to the Christ, the Lord divine, gave birth, And am myself divine!" Mine eyelids then She touched, and when I upward turned my gaze, Heaven's wide expanse was filled with angel-boys, Who bore white lilies in their hands, while tones Of sweetest music floated through the air. And thus on three successive nights appeared The Holy One, and cried, — "Arise, Johanna! The Lord appoints thee to another task!" And when the third night she revealed herself. Wrathful she seemed, and chiding spake these words "Obedience, woman's duty here on earth; Severe endurance is her heavy doom; She must be purified through discipline; Who serveth here, is glorified above!" While thus she spake, she let her shepherd garb Fail from her, and as Queen of Heaven stood forth Enshrined in radiant light, while golden clouds Upbore her slowly to the realms of bliss.

[All are moved; AGNES SOREL weeping, hides her face on the bosom of the King.

Archbisnop (after a long pause).

Before divine credentials such as these Lach doubt of earthly prudence must subside, Her deeds attest the truth of what she speaks, For God alone such wonders can achieve.

Dunois. I credit not her wonders, but her eyes Which beam with innocence and purity.

Chas. Am I, a sinner, worthy of such favor? Infallible, All-searching eye, thou seest Mine inmost heart, my deep humility!

Johan. Humility shines brightly in the skies;
Thou art abased, hence God exalteth thee.
Chas. Shall I indeed withstand mine enemies?
Johan. France I will lay submissive at thy feet!

Cnas. And Orleans, say'st thou, will not be surrendered? Johan. The Loire shall sooner roll its waters back.

Cnas. Shall I in triumph enter into Rheims?

Johan. I through ten thousand foes will lead thee there. [The knights make a noise with their lances and shields, and evince signs of courage.

Dunois. Appoint the maiden to command the host!

We follow blindly whereso'er she leads! The Holy One's prophetic eye shall guide,

And this brave sword from danger shall protect her!

Hire. A universe in arms we will not fear,
If she, the mighty one, precede our troops.
The God of battle walketh by her side;
Let her conduct us on to victory!

[The knights clang their arms and step forward.

Chas. Yes, holy maiden, do thou lead mine host;
My chiefs and warriors shall submit to thee.
This sword of matchless temper, proved in war,
Sent back in anger by the Constable,
Hath found a hand more worthy. Prophetess,
Do thou receive it, and henceforward be

Johan. No, noble Dauphin! conquest to my liege
Is not accorded through this instrument
Of earthly might. I know another sword
Wherewith I am to conquer, which to thee,
I, as the Spirit taught, will indicate;

Let it be hither brought.

Charles. Name it, Johanna.

Johan. Send to the ancient town of Fierbois;
There in Saint Catherine's churchyard is a vault
Where lie in heaps the spoils of bygone war.
Among them is the sword which I must use.
It by three golden lilies may be known,
Upon the blade impressed. Let it be brought,
For thou, my liege, shalt conquer through this sword.

Chas. Perform what she commands.

Johanna. And a white banner, Edged with a purple border, let me bear.

Upon this banner let the Queen of Heaven Be pictured, with the beauteous Jesus child Floating in glory o'er this earthly ball. For so the Holy Mother showed it me.

Chas. So be it as thou sayest.

Johanna (to the Archeishop). Reverend bishop; Lay on my head thy consecrated hands! Pronounce a blessing, Father, on thy child!

[She kneels down.

Arch. Not blessings to receive, but to dispense Art thou appointed. Go, with power divine! But we are sinners all and most unworthy.

[She rises: a Page enters.

Page. A herald from the English generals.

Johan. Let him appear, for he is sent by God!

[The King motions to the Page, who retires.

Scene XI.

The HERALD. The same.

Chas. Thy tidings, herald? What thy message!
Speak!

HER. Who is it, who for Charles of Valois,

The Count of Pointhieu, in this presence speaks?

Dunois. Unworthy herald! base, insulting knave!

Dost thou presume the monarch of the French
Thus in his own dominions to deny?

Thou art protected by thine office, else ——

HER. One king alone is recognized by France,
And he resideth in the English eamp.

Chas. Peace, peace, good cousin! Speak thy message, herald!

HER. My noble general laments the blood Which hath already flowed, and still must flow. Hence, in the seabbard holding back the sword, Before by storm the town of Orleans falls,

He offers thee an amicable treaty.

Chas. Proceed!

Johanna (stepping forward).

Permit me, Dauphin, in thy stead,

To parley with this herald.

Charles. Do so, maid! Determine thou, for peace, or bloody war.

JOHANNA (to the HERALD). [mcuth? Who sendeth thee? Who speaketh through thy

HER. The Earl of Salisbury; the British chief.

Johan. Herald, 'tis false! The earl speaks not through thee.

Only the living speak, the dead are silent.

HER. The earl is well, and full of lusty strength;
He lives to bring down ruin on your heads.

Johan. When thou didst quit the British camp he lived.
This morn, while gazing from Le Tournelle's tower,

A ball from Orleans struck him to the ground. Smilest thou that I discern what is remote? Not to my words give credence; but believe The witness of thinc eyes! his funeral train Thou shalt encounter as thou goest hence!

Now, herald, speak, and do thine errand here.

HER. If what is hidden thou canst thus reveal, Thou knowest mine errand ere I tell it thee.

Jonan. It boots me not to know it. But do thou Give ear unto my words! This message bear In answer to the lords who sent thee here. Monarch of England, and ye haughty dukes, Bedford and Gloucester, regents of this realm! To heaven's high King ye are accountable For all the blood that hath been shed! Restore The keys of all the cities ta'en by force In opposition to God's holy law! The maiden cometh from the King of Heaven And offers you or peace or bloody war. Choose ye! for this I say, that ye may know it: To you this beauteous realm is not assigned By Mary's son; — but God hath given it To Charles, my lord and Dauphin, who ere long Will enter Paris with a monarch's pomp, Attended by the great ones of his realm.

Now, herald, go, and speedily depart, For ere thou canst attain the British camp And do thine errand, is the maiden there,

To plant the sign of victory at Orleans.

[She retires. In the midst of a general movement, the curtain falls.

ACT II.

Landscape, bounded by rocks.

Scene I.

Talbot and Lionel, English generals, Philip, Duke of Burgundy, Fastolfe, and Chatillon, with soldiers and banners.

Talbot. Here let us make a halt beneath these rocks,
And pitch our camp, in case our scattered troops,
Dispersed in panie fear, again should rally.
Choose trusty sentinels, and guard the heights!
'Tis true the darkness shields us from pursuit,
And sure I am, unless the foe have wings,
We need not fear surprisal. Still 'tis well
To practice caution, for we have to do
With a bold foe, and have sustained defeat.

[Fastolfe goes out with the soldiers.

LIONEL. Defeat! My general, do not speak that word.
It stings me to the quick to think the French
To-day have seen the backs of Englishmen.
Oh, Orleans! Orleans! Grave of England's glory!
Our honor lies upon thy fatal plains
Defeat most ignominious and burlesque!
Who will in future years believe the tale!
The victors of Poietiers and Agincourt,
Cressy's bold heroes, routed by a woman?

Burg. That must console us. Not by mortal power, But by the devil have we been o'erthrown!

Talbot. The devil of our own stupidity!

How, Burgundy? Do princes quake and fear Before the phantom which appals the vulgar?

Credulity is but a sorry cloak

For cowardice. Your people first took flight.

Burg. None stood their ground. The flight was general.

Talbot. 'Tis false! Your wing fled first. You wildly broke

Into our camp, exclaiming: "Hell is loose, The devil combats on the side of France!"

And thus you brought confusion 'mong our troops. Lioner. You can't deny it. Your wing yielded first.

Burg. Because the brunt of battle there commenced.

Talbot. The maiden knew the weakness of our camp;

She rightly judged where fear was to be found.

Burg. How? Shall the blame of our disaster rest With Burgundy?

LIONEL. By heaven! were we alone, We English, never had we Orleans lost!

Burg. No, truly! for ye ne'er had Orleans seen!
Who opened you a way into this realm,
And reached you forth a kind and friendly hand
When you descended on this hostile coast?
Who was it crowned your Henry at Paris,
And unto him subdued the people's hearts?
Had this Burgundian arm not guided you
Into this realm, by heaven you ne'er had seen

The smoke ascending from a single hearth!

AONEL. Were conquests with big words effected, duke,
You, doubtless, would have conquered France alone.

Burg. The loss of Orleans angers you, and now You vent your gall on me, your friend and ally. What lost us Orleans but your avarice? The city was prepared to yield to me, Your envy was the sole impediment.

TALBOT. We did not undertake the siege for you. Burg. How would it stand with you if I withdrew With all my host?

Lionel. We should not be worse off
Than when, at Agincourt, we proved a match
For you and all the banded power of France.

Burg. Yet much you stood in need of our alliance; The regent purchased it at heavy cost.

Talbot. Most dearly, with the forfeit of our honor, At Orleans have we paid for it to-day.

Burg. Urge me no further, lords. Ye may repent it!
Did I forsake the banners of my king,
Draw down upon my head the traitor's name,
To be insulted thus by foreigners?
Why am I here to combat against France?
If I must needs endure ingratitude,

Let it come rather from my native king!
Talbot. You're in communication with the Dauphin,

We know it well, but we soon shall find means To guard ourselves 'gainst treason.

BURGUNDY. Death and hell!

Am I encountered thus? Chatillon, hark!

Let all my troops prepare to quit the camp.
We will retire into our own domain

We will retire into our own domain.

[Chatillon goes out.

Lionel. God speed you there! Never did Britain's fame
More brightly shine than when she stood alone,
Confiding solely in her own good sword.
Let each one fight his battle for himself,
For 'tis eternal truth that English blood
Cannot, with honor, blend with blood of France.

Scene II.

The same. Queen Isabel, attended by a Page.

Vhat brain-bewildering planet o'er your minds
Sheds dire perplexity? When unity
Alone can save you, will you part in hate,
And, warring 'mong yourselves, prepare your doom?
— I do entreat you, noble duke, recall
Your hasty order. You, renowned Talbot,
Seek to appease an irritated friend!
Come, Lionel, aid me to reconcile
These haughty spirits and establish peace.

LIONEL. Not I, madame. It is all one to me.
'Tis my belief, when things are misallied,
The sooner they part company the better.

ISABEL. How? Do the arts of hell, which on the field Wrought such disastrous ruin, even here Bewilder and befool us? Who began This fatal quarrel? Speak! Lord-general! Your own advantage did you so forget, As to offend your worthy friend and ally? What could you do without his powerful arm?

What could you do without his powerful arm? 'Twas he who placed your monarch on the throne, He holds him there, and he can hurl him thence; His army strengthens you — still more his name. Were England all her citizens to pour

Upon our coasts, she never o'er this realm Would gain dominion did she stand alone; No! France can only be subdued by France!

Talbot. A faithful friend we honor as we ought; Discretion warns us to beware the false.

Burg. The liar's brazen front beseemeth him Who would absolve himself from gratitude.

Isabel. Jow, noble duke? Could you so far renounce Your princely honor, and your sense of shame, As clasp the hand of him who slew your sire? Are you so mad to entertain the thought Of cordial reconcilement with the Dauphin, Whom you yourself have hurled to ruin's brink? His overthrow you have well nigh achieved, And madly now would you renounce your work? Here stand your allies. Your salvation lies In an indissoluble bond with England?

Burg. Far is my thought from treaty with the Dauphin;
But the contempt and insolent demeanor
Of haughty England I will not endure.

Isabel. Come, noble duke? Excuse a hasty word.
Heavy the grief which bows the general down,
And well you know misfortune makes unjust.
Come! come! embrace; let me this fatal breach
Repair at once, ere it becomes eternal.

Talbot. What think you, Burgundy? A noble heart, By reason vanquished, doth confess its fault.

A wise and prudent word the queen hath spoken; Come, let my hand with friendly pressure heal The wound inflicted by my angry tongue.

Burg. Discreet the counsel offered by the queen!
My just wrath yieldeth to necessity.

Isabel. 'Tis well! Now, with a brotherly embrace Confirm and seal the new-established bond;
And may the winds disperse what hath been spoken.

[Burgindy and Talbot embrace.]

Lioner (contemplating the group aside).

Hail to an union by the furies planned!

Isabel. Fate bath proved adverse, we have lost a battle,
But do not, therefore, let your courage sink.
The Dauphin, in despair of heavenly aid,

Doth make alliance with the powers of hell; Vainly his soul he forfeits to the devil, For hell itself cannot deliver him. A conquering maiden leads the hostile force; Yours, I myself will lead; to you I'll stand In place of maiden or of prophetess.

LIONEL. Madame, return to Paris! We desire To war with trusty weapons, not with women.

Talbot. Go! go! Since your arrival in the eamp,
Fortune hath fled our banners, and our course
Hath still been retrograde.

Burgundy. Depart at once! Your presence here doth seandalize the host.

Isabel (looks from one to the other with astonishment).
This, Burgundy, from you? Do you take part
Against me with these thankless English lords?

Burg. Go! go! The thought of combating for you Unnerves the courage of the bravest men.

Isabel. I scarce among you have established peace, And you already form a league against me!

Talbot. Go, in God's name. When you have left the camp

No devil will again appal our troops.

ISABEL. Say, am I not your true confederate?

Are we not banded in a common cause?

Talbot. Thank God! your cause of quarrel is not ours. We combat in an honorable strife.

Burg. A father's bloody murder I avenge. Stern filial duty consecrates my arms.

Talbot. Confess at once. Your conduct towards the Dauphin

Is an offence alike to God and man.

ISABEL. Curses blast him and his posterity!

The shameless son who sins against his mother!

Burg. Ay! to avenge a husband and a father!

ISABEL. To judge his mother's conduct he presumed!

LIONEL. That was, indeed, irreverent in a son!

ISABEL. And me, forsooth, he banished from the realir

Talbot. Urged to the measure by the public voice. Isabel. A curse light on him if I e'er forgive him!

Rather than see him on his father's throne -

Talbot. His mother's honor you would sacrifice! Isabel. Your feeble natures cannot comprehend

The vengance of an outraged mother's heart. Who pleasures me, I love; who wrongs, I hate. If he who wrongs me chance to be my son, All the more worthy is he of my hate. The life I gave I will again take back From him who doth, with ruthless violence, The bosour rend which bore and nourished him. Ye, who do thus make war upon the Dauphin, What rightful cause have ve to plunder him? What crime hath he committed against you? What insult are von called on to avenge? Ambition, paltry envy, goad you on;

I have a right to hate him — he's my son. Talbot. He feels his mother in her dire revenge!

ISABEL. Mean hypocrites! I hate you and despise. Together with the world, you cheat yourselves! With robber-hands you English seek to clutch This realm of France, where you have no just right, Nor equitable claim, to so much earth As could be covered by your charger's hoof. - This duke, too, whom the people style the Good, Doth to a foreign lord, his country's foe, For gold betray the birthland of his sires. And vet is justice ever on your tongue. - Hypocrisv I scoru. Such as I am, So let the world behold me!

BURGUNDY. It is true!

Your reputation you have well maintained. Isabel. I've passions and warm blood, and as a queen Came to this realm to live, and not to seem. Should I have lingered out a joyless life Because the curse of adverse destiny To a mad consort joined my blooming youth? More than my life I prize my liberty. And who assails me here — But why should I Stoop to dispute with you about my rights? Your sluggish blood flows slowly in your veius! Strangers to pleasure, ye know only rage! This duke, too - who, throughout his whole career, Hath wavered to and iro, twixt good and ill -Can neither love or hate with his whole heart.

- I go to Melan. Let this gentleman.

Print gra Linel

Who doth my isney please, attend me there. To cheer my solitude, and you may work Your own good pleasure! Ill inquire no more Concerning the Burgun lians or the English.

T Sie hecke is to ber Page, and is to estima

LIONEL Rely meon us, we will send to Melan The fairest voutlis whom we in battle take.

TO is a bunding

ISABEL. Skilful your arm to wield the sword of death. The French alone can round the polished phrase. [Six poss or a

SCENE III.

TALBOT, BURGUNDY, LIONEL

Talbor. Heavens! What a woman!

Now, brave renerals. LIONEL Your counsel! Shall we prosecute our flight,

Or turn, and with a bold and sadden stroke Wipe out the foul distance of to-day?

Burg. We are too weak, our soldiers are dispersed, The recent terror still unnerves the lost.

Talbor. Blind terror, sudden impulse of a moment,

Alone occasioned our disastrous rout. This plantom of the terror-stricken brain. More close v viewed will vanish into sir. My counsel, therefore, is, at break of day, To lead the army back, across the stream. To meet the enemy.

BURGUNDY. Consider well -

LIONEL. Your panion! Here is not ing to consider Wa: we have lost we must at once retrieve.

Or look to be eternally disgraced.

Talbor. It is resolved. To-morrow morn we fight. This dread-inspiring; art on to destroy. Which thus doth I lind and territy the bost Let us in hight ence outer this she devil.

If she oppose her person to our sword,
Trust me, she never will molest us more;
If she avoid our stroke — and be assured
She will not stand the hazard of a battle —
Then is the dire enchantment at an end?

LIONEL. So be it! And to me, my general, leave
This easy, bloodless combat, for I hope
Alive to take this ghost, and in my arms,
Before the Bastard's eyes — her paramour —
To bear her over to the English camp,
To be the sport and mockery of the host.

Burg. Make not too sure.

Talbot. If she encounter me,

I shall not give her such a soft embrace.

Come now, exhausted nature to restore

Through gentle sleep. At daybreak we set forth.

[They go out.

Scene IV.

Johanna with her banner, in a helmet and breastplate, otherwise attired as a woman. Dunois, La Hire, knights and soldiers, appear above upon the rocky path, pass silently over, and appear immediately after on the scene.

Johanna (to the knights who surround her while the procession continues above.)

The wall is sealed and we are in the camp!
Now fling aside the mantle of still night,
Which hitherto hath veiled your silent march,
And your dread presence to the foc proclaim
By your loud 'attle-cry — God and the maiden!

All (exclaim aloud, amidst the loud clang of arms).
God and the maiden! [Drums and trumpets.
Sentinels (behind the scene). The foe! The foe!

Johan. Ho! torches here! Hurl fire into the tents!

Let the devouring flames angment the horror, While threatening death doth compass them around!

[Soldiers hasten on, she is about to follow. Dunois (holding her back).

Thy part thou hast accomplished now, Johanna! Into the camp thou hast conducted us.

The foe thou hast delivered in our hands, Now from the rush of war remain apart! The bloody consummation leave to us.

Hire. Point out the path of conquest to the host;
Before us, in pure hand, the banner bear.
But wield the fatal weapon not thyself;
Tempt not the treacherous god of battle, for
He rageth blindly, and he spareth not.

Johan. Who dares impede my progress? Who presume The spirit to control which guideth me? Still must the arrow wing its destined flight! Where danger is, there must Johanna be; Nor now, nor here, am I foredoomed to fall; Our monarch's royal brow I first must see Invested with the round of sovereignty. No hostile power can rob me of my life, Till I've accomplished the commands of God.

Ilire. Come, let us follow after her, Dunois,
And let our valiant bosoms be her shield! [Exit.

Scene V.

English Soldiers hurry over the stage. Afterwards Talbot.

1 Sol. The maiden in the eamp!

2 Soldier. Impossible!
It cannot be! How eame she in the camp?
3 Sol. Why, through the air! The devil aided her!
4 AND 5 SOLDIERS.

Fly! fly! We are dead men!

Talbot (enters).

They heed me not! They stay not at my call! The sacred bands of discipline are loosed! As hell had poured her damned legions forth, A wild, distracting impulse whirls along, In one mad throng, the cowardly and brave. I cannot rally e'en the smallest troop To form a bulwark 'gainst the hostile flood, Whose raging billows press into our camp! Do I alone retain my sober senses,

While all around in wild delirium rave?
To fly before these weak, degenerate Frenchmen
Whom we in twenty battles have overthrown?
Who is she then — the irresistible —
The dread-inspiring goddess, who doth turn
At once the tide of battle, and transform
To lions bold a herd of timid deer?
A juggling minx, who plays the well-learned part
Of heroine, thus to appal the brave?

A woman snatch from me all martial fame?

Soldier (rushes in).

The maiden comes! Fly, general! fly! fly!

Talbot (strikes him down).

Fly thou, thyself, to hell! This sword shall pierce Who talks to me of fear, or coward flight!

[He goes out.

Scene VI.

The prospect opens. The English camp is seen in flames.

Drums, flight, and pursuit. After a while Montgomery enters.

MONTGOMERY (alone).

Where shall I flee? Foes all around and death!
Lo! here

The furious general who, with threatening sword, prevents

Escape, and drives us back into the jaws of death.
The dreadful maiden there — the terrible — who, like
Devouring flame, destruction spreads; while all
around

Appears no bush wherein to hide — no sheltering cave!

Oh, would that o'er the sea I never had come here! Me miserable! Empty dreams deluded me—Cheap glory to achieve on Gallia's martial fields.

And I am guided by malignant destiny

Into this murderous flight. Oh, were I far, far hence. Still in my peaceful home, on Severn's flowery banks, Where in my father's house, in sorrow and in tears, I left my mother and my fair young bride.

[Johanna appears in the distance.

Wo's me! What do I see! The dreadful form ap-

pears!

Arrayed in lurid light, she from the raging fire Issues, as from the jaws of hell, a midnight ghost. Where shall I go? where flee? Already from afar She seizes on me with her eye of fire, and flings Her fatal and unerring eoil, whose magic folds With ever-tightening pressure, bind my feet and make

Escape impossible! Howe'er my heart rebels, I am compelled to follow with my gaze that form Of dread!

[Johanna advances towards him some steps; and

again remains standing.

She comes! I will not passively await
Her furious onset! Imploringly I'll clasp
Her knees! I'll sue to her for life. She is a woman.
I may perchance to pity move her by my tears!
[While he is on the point of approaching her she draws near.

Scene VII.

Johanna, Montgomery.

JOHAN. Prepare to die! A British mother bore thee! Montgomery (falls at her feet).

Fall back, terrifie one! Forbear to strike
An unprotected foe! My sword and shield
I've flung aside, and supplicating fall
Defenceless at thy feet. A ransom take!
Extinguish not the precious light of life!
With fair possessions crowned, my father dwells
In Wales' fair land, where among verdant meads
The winding Severn rolls his silver tide,
And fifty villages confess his sway.
With heavy gold he will redeem his son,

When he shall hear I'm in the camp of France.

Johan. Deluded mortal! to destruction doomed!

Thou'rt fallen in the maiden's hand, from which
Redemption or deliverance there is none.

Had adverse fortune given thee a prey

To the fierce tiger or the crocodile—

Hadst robbed the lion mother of her brood—Compassion thou might'st hope to find and pity; But to encounter me is certain death.

For my dread compact with the spirit realm—The stern inviolable—bindeth me,
To slay each living thing whom battle's God,

Full charged with doom, delivers to my sword.
Not. Thy speech is fearful, but thy look is mild;
Not dreadful art thou to contemplate near;

My heart is drawn towards thy lovely form. Oh! by the mildness of thy gentle sex,

Attend my prayer. Compassionate my youth.

Johan. Name me not woman! Speak not of my sex!

Like to the bodiless spirits, who know naught Of earth's humanities, I own no sex;

Beneath this vest of steel there beats no heart.

Mont. Oh! by love's sacred, all-pervading power,
To whom all hearts yield homage, I conjure thee.
At home I left behind a gentle bride,
Beanteous as thou, and rich in blooming grace:
Weeping she waiteth her betrothed's return.
Oh! if thyself dost ever hole to love,
If in thy love thon hopest to be happy,
Then ruthless sever not two gentle hearts,

Together linked in love's most holy bond!

Johan. Thou dost appeal to earthly, unknown gods,
To whom I yield no homage. Of love's bond,
By which thou dost conjure me, I know naught,
Nor ever will I know his empty service.

Defend thy life, for death doth summon thee.

Mont. Take pity on my sorrowing parents, whom
I left at home. Doubtless thou, too, hast left

Parents, who feel disquictude for thee.

Johan. Unhappy man! thou dost remember me
How many mothers of this land your arms
Have rendered childless and disconsolate;
How many gentle children fatherless;
How many fair young brides dejected widows!
Let England's mothers now be taught despair,
And learn to weep the bitter tear oft shed
By the bereaved and sorrowing wives of France.

MONT. 'Tis hard in foreign lands to die unwept. JOHAN. Who called you over to this foreign land, To waste the blooming culture of our fields, To chase the peasant from his household hearth, And in our cities' peaceful sanctuary To hurl the direful thunderbolt of war? In the delusion of your hearts ye thought To plunge in servitude the freeborn French, And to attach their fair and goodly realm, Like a small boat, to your proud English bark! Ye fools! The royal arms of France are hung Fast by the throne of God; and ye as soon From the bright wain of heaven might snatch a star As rend a single village from this realm, Which shall remain inviolate forever! The day of vengeance is at length arrived; Not living shall ye measure back the sea, The sacred sea — the boundary set by God Betwixt our hostile nations — and the which Ye ventured impiously to overpass.

Montgomery (lets go her hands).

Oh, I must die! I feel the grasp of death!

Johan. Die, friend! Why tremble at the approach of

Of mortals the irrevocable doom?

death?

Look upon me! I'm born a shepherd maid;
This hand, accustomed to the peaceful crook,
Is all unused to wield the sword of death.
Yet, snatched away from childhood's peaceful haunts,
From the fond love of father and of sisters,
Urged by no idle dream of earthly glory,
But heaven-appointed to achieve your ruin,
Like a destroying angel I must roam,
Spreading dire havoc around me, and at length
Myself must fall a sacrifice to death!
Navor again shall I behold my bound!

Never again shall I behold my home!
Still, many of your people I must slay,
Still, many widows make, but I at length
Myself shall perish, and fulfil my doom.
Now thine fulfil. Arise! resume thy sword,
And let us fight for the sweet prize of life.

Montgomery (stands up).

Now, if thou art a mortal like myself, Can weapons wound thee, it may be assigned To this good arm to end my country's woe, Thee sending, sorceress, to the depths of hell. In God's most gracious hands I leave my fate. Accursed one! to thine assistance call The fiends of hell! Now combat for thy life!

[He seizes his sword and shield, and rushes upon her; martial music is heard in the distance. After a short conflict Montgomery falls.

Scene VIII.

Johanna (alone).

To death thy foot did bear thee — fare thee well! [She steps away from him and remains absorbed in thought.

Virgin, thou workest mightily in me!
My feeble arm thou dost endue with strength,
And steep'st my woman's heart in cruelty.
In pity melts the soul and the hand trembles,
As it did violate some sacred fane,
To mar the goodly person of the foe.
Once I did shudder at the polished sheath,
But when 'tis needed, I'm possessed with strength,
And as it were itself a thing of life,
The fatal weapon, in my trembling grasp,
Self-swayed, inflicteth the unerring stroke.

Scene IX.

A Knight with closed visor, Johanna.

Knight. Accursed one! thy hour of death has come!
Long have I sought thee on the battle-field,
Fatal delusion! get thee back to hell,
Whence thou didst issue forth.

Johanna. Say, who art thou,
Whom his bad genius sendeth in my way?
Princely thy port, no Briton dost thou seem,
For the Burgundian colors stripe thy shield,
Before the which my sword inclines its point.

KNIGHT. Vile castaway! Thou all unworthy art
To fall beneath a prince's noble hand.
The hangman's axe should thy accursed head
Cleave from thy trunk, unfit for such vile use

The royal Duke of Burgundy's brave sword.

Johan. Art thou indeed that noble duke himself?

Knight (raises his visor).

I'm he, vile creature, tremble and despair! The arts of hell shall not protect thee more. Thou hast till now weak dastards overcome; Now thou dost meet a man.

Scene X.

Dunois and La Hire. The same.

Dunois. Hold, Burgundy!
Turn! combat now with men, and not with maids.

HIRE. We will defend the holy prophetess;

First must thy weapon penetrate this breast.

Burg. I fear not this seducing Circe; no,

Nor you, whom she hath changed so shamefully! Oh, blush, Dunois! and do thou blush, La Hire! To stoop thy valor to these hellish arts—

To be shield-bearer to a sorceress!

Come one — come all! He only who despairs Of heaven's protection seeks the aid of hell.

[They prepare for combat, Johanna steps between.

JOHAN. Forbear!

Burgundy. Dost tremble for thy lover? Thus Before thine eyes he shall——

[He makes a thrust at Dunois. Dunois, forbear!

Part them, La Hire! no blood of France must flow:
Not hostile weapons must this strife decide,

Above the stars 'tis otherwise decreed.

Fall back! I say. Attend and venerate

The Spirit which hath seized, which speaks through me!

Dunois. Why, maiden, now hold back my upraised arm? Why check the just decision of the sword?

My weapon pants to deal the fatal blow Which shall avenge and heal the woes of France. [She places herself in the midst and separates the parties.

Johan. Fall back, Dunois! Stand where thou art, La Hire!

Somewhat I have to say to Burgundy.

What wouldst thou, Burgundy? Who is the foe Whom eagerly thy murderous glances seek? This prince is, like thyself, a son of France,—This hero is thy countryman, thy friend; I am a daughter of thy fatherland. We all, whom thou art eager to destroy, Are of thy friends;—our longing arms prepare To clasp, our bending knees to honor thee. Our sword 'gainst thee is pointless, and that face E'en in a hostile helm is dear to us,

For there we trace the features of our king.

Burg. What, syren! wilt thou with seducing words

Allure thy victim? Cunning sorceress,

Me thou deludest not. Mine ears are closed

Against thy treacherous words; and vainly dart

Thy fiery glances 'gainst this mail of proof.

To arms, Dunois!

With weapons let us fight, and not with words.

Dunois. First words, then weapons, Burgundy! Do

words

With dread inspire thee? 'Tis a coward's fear, And the betrayer of an evil cause.

Johan. 'Tis not imperious necessity

Which throws us at thy feet! We do not eome As suppliants before thee. Look around! The English tents are level with the ground, And all the field is eovered with your slain. Hark! the war-trumpets of the French resound; God hath decided — ours the victory! Our new-culled laurel garland with our friend We fain would share. Come, noble fugitive! Oh, come where justice and where victory dwell! Even I, the messenger of heaven, extend

A sister's hand to thee. I fain would save And draw thee over to our righteous cause! Heaven hath declared for France! Angelic powers, Unseen by thee, do battle for our king; With lilies are the holy ones adorned, Pure as this radiant banner is our cause; Its blessed symbol is the queen of heaven.

Burg. Falsehood's fallacious words are full of guile,
But hers are pure and simple as a child's.
If evil spirits borrow this disguise,
They copy innocence triumphantly.
I'll hear no more. To arms, Dunois! to arms!
Mine ear, I feel, is weaker than mine arm.

Johan. You call me an enchantress, and accuse Of hellish arts. Is it the work of hell To heal dissension and to foster peace? Comes holy concord from the depths below? Say, what is holy, innocent, and good, If not to combat for our fatherland? Since when hath nature been so self-opposed That heaven forsakes the just and righteous eause, While hell protects it? If my words are true, Whence could I draw them but from heaven above? Who ever sought me in my shepherd-walks, To teach the humble maid affairs of state? I ne'er have stood with princes, to these lips Unknown the arts of eloquence. Yet now, When I have need of it to touch thy heart, Insight and varied knowledge I possess; The fate of empires and the doom of kings Lie clearly spread before my childish mind,

And words of thunder issue from my mouth.
Burgundy (greatly moved, looks at her with emotion and astonishment).

How is it with me? Doth some heavenly power Thus strangely stir my spirit's inmost depths? This pure, this gentle creature cannot lie! No, if enchantment blinds me, 'tis from heaven. My spirit tells me she is sent from God.

Johan. Oh, he is moved! I have not prayed in vain, Wrath's thunder-cloud dissolves in gentle tears,

And leaves his brow, while mercy's golden beams
Break from his eyes and gently promise peace.
Away with arms, now elasp him to your hearts,
He weeps—he's conquered, he is ours once more!
[Her sword and banner fall; she hastens to him with
outstretched arms, and embraces him in great agitation. LA Hime and Dunois throw down their
swords, and hasten also to embrace him.

ACT III.

Residence of the King at Chalons or the Marne.

Scene I.

Dunois, LA Hire.

Dunois. We have been true heart-friends, brothers in arms,

Still have we battled in a common cause, And held together amid toil and death. Let not the love of woman rend the bond Which hath resisted every stroke of fate.

HIRE. Hear me, my prince!

Dunois.

You love the wondrour maid,
And well I know the purpose of your heart.
You think without delay to seek the king,

And to entreat him to bestow on you Her hand in marriage. Of your bravery The well-earned guerdon he cannot refuse But know,—ere I behold her in the arms

Of any other —

La Hire. Listen to me, prince!
Dunois. 'Tis not the fleeting passion of the eye
Attracts me to her. My unconquered sense
Had set at naught the fiery shafts of love
Till I beheld this wondrous maiden, sent
By a divine appointment to become
The savior of this kingdom, and my wife;
And on the instant in my heart I vowed
A sacred oath, to bear her home, my bride

For she alone who is endowed with strength Can be the strong man's friend. This glowing heart Longs to repose upon a kindred breast,

Which can sustain and comprehend its strength.

Hire. How dare I venture, prince, my poor deserts To measure with your name's heroic fame! When Count Dunois appeareth in the lists, Each humbler suitor must forsake the field; Still it doth ill become a shepherd maid To stand as consort by your princely side. The royal current in your veins would scorn To mix with blood of baser quality.

Dunois. She, like myself, is holy Nature's child, A child divine - hence we by birth are equal. She bring dishonor on a prince's hand, Who is the holy angel's bride, whose head Is by a heavenly glory circled round, Whose radiance far outshineth earthly crowns, Who seeth lying far beneath her feet All that is greatest, highest of this earth! For thrones on thrones, ascending to the stars, Would fail to reach the height where she abides In angel majesty!

HIRE. Our monarch must decide.

Not so! she must Dunois. Decide! Free hath she made this realm of France, And she herself must freely give her heart.

Hire. Here comes the king!

Scene II.

CHARLES, AGNES, SOREL, DUCHATEL, and CHATILLON. The same.

CHARLES (to CHATILLON).

He comes! My title he will recognize, And do me homage as his sovereign liege?

CHATH. Here, in his royal town of Chalons, sire, The duke, my master, will fall down before thee. He did command me, as my lord and king, To give thee greeting. He'll be here anou.

SOREL. He comes! Hail beanteons and anspicious day, Which bringeth joy, and peace, and reconcilement!

CHATIL. The duke, attended by two hundred knights, Will hither come; he at thy feet will kneel; But he expecteth not that thou to him Should yield the cordial greeting of a kinsman.

Chas. I long to elasp him to my throbbing heart.

Chatle. The duke entreats that at this interview,
No word be spoken of the ancient strife!

Chas. In Lethe be the past forever sunk!

The smiling future now invites our gaze.

CHATIL. All who have combated for Burgundy

Shall be included in the amnesty.

Chas. So shall my realm be doubled in extent! Chatil. Queen Isabel, if she consent thereto, Shall also be included in the peace.

Chas. She maketh war on me, not I on her.
With her alone it rests to end our quarrel.

CHATIL. Twelve knights shall answer for thy royal word.

Chas. My word is sacred.

Chatillon. The archbishop shall Between you break the consecrated host,
As pledge and seal of cordial reconcilement.

Chas. Let my eternal weal be forfeited,

If my hand's friendly grasp belie my heart. What other surety doth the duke require?

CHATILLON (glancing at Duchatel).

I see one standing here, whose presence, sire, Perehance might poison the first interview.

[Duchatel retires in silence.

Chas. Depart, Duchatel, and remain concealed Until the duke can bear thee in his sight.

[He follows him with his eye, then hustens after and embraces him.

True-hearted friend! Thou wouldst far more than this Have done for my repose! [Exit Duchatel.

Chatil. This instrument doth name the other points.

Charles (to the Archbishop).

Let it be settled. We agree to all.
We count no price too high to gain a friend.
Go now, Dunois, and with a hundred knights,
Give courteous conduct to the noble duke.
Let the troops, garlanded with verdant boughs,

Receive their comrades with a joyous welcome. Be the whole town arrayed in festive pomp, And let the bells with joyous peal, proclaim That France and Burgundy are reconciled.

Hark! What importeth that loud trumpet's call?
PAGE. The Duke of Burgundy hath stayed his march.

Dunois. Up! forth to meet him!

[Exit with LA HIRE and CHATILLON.

CHARLES (to SOREL).

My Agnes! thou dost weep! Even my strength Doth almost fail me at this interview. How many victims have been doomed to fall Ere we could meet in peace and reconcilement! But every storm at length suspends its rage, Day follows on the murkiest night; and still When comes the hour, the latest fruits mature! Archbishop (at the window).

The thronging crowds impede the duke's advance;
He scarce can free himself. They lift him now
From off his horse; they kiss his spurs, his mantle.

Chas. They're a good people, in whom love flames forth
As suddenly as wrath. In how brief space
They do forget that 'tis this very duke
Who slew, in fight, their fathers and their sons;
The moment swallows up the whole of life!
Be tranquil, Sorel. E'en thy passionate joy
Perehance might to his conscience prove a thorn.
Nothing should either shame or grieve him here.

Scene III.

The Duke of Burgundy, Dunois, La Hire, Chatillon, and two other knights of the Duke's train. The Duke remains standing at the door; the King inclines towards him; Burgundy immediately advances, and in the moment when he is about to throw himself upon his knees, the King receives him in his arms.

Chas. You have surprised us; it was our intent To fetch you hither, but your steeds are fleet.

Burg. They bore me to my duty.

[He embraces Sorel, and kisses her brow. With your leave!

At Arras, niece, it is our privilege,

And no fair damsel may exemption claim.

Chas. Rumor doth speak your court the seat of love,
The mart where all that's beautiful must tarry.

Burg. We are a traffic-loving people, sire;

Whate'er of costly earth's wide realms produce, For show and for enjoyment, is displayed Upon our mart at Bruges; but above all There woman's beauty is pre-eminent.

Sorel. More precious far is woman's truth; but it Appeareth not upon the public mart.

Chas. Kinsman, 'tis rumored to your prejudice That woman's fairest virtue you despise.

Burg. The heresy inflicteth on itself

The heaviest penalty. 'Tis well for you,
From your own heart, my king, you learned betimes
What a wild life hath late revealed to me.
[He perceives the Archbishop, and extends his hand.
Most reverend minister of God! your blessing!
You still are to be found on duty's path,

Where those must walk who would encounter you. Archb. Now let my Master call me when he will;

My heart is full, I can with joy depart, Since that mine eyes have seen this day!

That of your precious stones you robbed yourself,
Therefrom to forge 'gainst me the tools of war!
Bear you a soul so martial? Were you then
So resolute to work my overthrow?
Well, now our strife is over; what was lost
Will in due season all be found again.
Even your jewels have returned to you.
Against me to make war they were designed;
Receive them from me as a pledge of peace.

[He receives a casket from one of the attendants, and presents it to her open. Sorel, embarrassed, looks at the King.

Chas. Receive this present; 'tis a twofold pledge Of reconcilement and of fairest love.

Burgundy (placing a diamond rose in her hair).

Why, is it not the diadem of France? With full as glad a spirit I would place The golden circle on this lovely brow.

[Taking her hand significantly.

And count on me if, at some future time

You should require a friend.

[Agnes Sorel bursts into tears, and steps aside. The King struggles with his feelings. The bystanders contemplate the two princes with emotion.

Burgundy (after gazing round the circle, throws himself'

into the King's arms). Oh, my king!

[At the same moment the three Burgundian knights hasten to Dunois, La Hine, and the Archbishov. They embrace each other. The two Princes remain for a time speechless in each other's arms.

I could renounce you! I could bear your hate!

Chas. Hush! hush! No further!

Burgundy. I this English king

Could crown! Swear fealty to this foreigner! And you, my sovereign, into ruin plunge!

Chas. Forget it! Everything's forgiven now! This single moment doth obliterate all.

'Twas a malignant star! A destiny!

Burgundy (grasps his hand).

Believe me, sire, I'll make amends for all. Your bitter sorrow I will compensate; You shall receive your kingdom back entire,

A solitary village shall not fail!

Chas. We are united. Now I fear no foe.

Burg. Trust me, it was not with a joyous spirit That I bore arms against you. Did you know? Oh, wherefore sent you not this messenger?

[Pointing to Sorel.

I must have yielded to her gentle tears.

Henceforth, since breast to breast we have embraced,
No power of hell again shall sever us!

My owing govern and have His severaign's heart

My erring course ends here. His sovereign's heart

Is the true resting-place for Burgundy.

ARCHBISHOP (steps between them).

Ye are united, princes! France doth rise

A renovated phonix from its ashes. The auspicious future greets us with a smile. The country's bleeding wounds will heal again, The villages, the desolated towns, Rise in new splendor from their ruined heaps, The fields array themselves in beauteous green; But those who, victims of your quarrel, fell, The dead, rise not again; the bitter tears, Caused by your strife, remain forever wept! One generation hath been doomed to woe: On their descendants dawns a brighter day; The gladness of the son wakes not the sire. This the dire fruitage of your brother-strife! Oh, princes, learn from hence to pause with dread, Ere from its seabbard ye unsheath the sword. The man of power lets loose the god of war, But not, obedient, as from fields of air Returns the falcon to the sportsman's hand, Doth the wild deity obey the eall Of mortal voice; nor will the Saviour's hand A second time forth issue from the clouds. Burg. Oh, sire! an angel walketh by your side. Where is she? Why do I behold her not? Chas. Where is Johanna? Wherefore faileth she To grace the festival we owe to her?

Arche. She loves not, sire, the idless of the court,
And when the heavenly mandate calls her not
Forth to the world's observance, she retires,
And doth avoid the notice of the crowd.
Doubtless, unless the welfare of the realm
Claims her regard, she communes with her God,
For still a blessing on her steps attends.

Scene IV.

The same.

Johanna enters. She is clad in armor, and wears a garland in her hair.

Chas. Thou comest as a priestess decked, Johanna, To consecrate the union formed by thee!

Burg. How dreadful was the maiden in the fight!
How lovely circled by the beams of peace!
My word, Johanna, have I now fulfilled?

Art thou contented? Have I thine applause? Johan. The greatest favor thou hast shown thyself.

Arrayed in blessed light thou shinest now, Who didst erewhile with bloody, ominous ray, Hang like a moon of terror in the heavens.

[Looking round.

Many brave knights I find assembled here, And joy's glad radiance beams in every eye; One mourner, one alone I have encountered; He must conceal himself, where all rejoice.

Burg. And who is conscious of such heavy guilt, That of our favor he must needs despair?

Johan. May be approach? Oh, tell me that he may;
Complete thy merit. Void the reconcilement
That frees not the whole heart. A drop of hate
Remaining in the cup of joy converts
The blessed draught to poison. Let there be
No deed so stained with blood that Burgundy

Cannot forgive it on this day of joy.

Burg. Ha! now I understand!

Jonanna. And thou'lt forgive?

Thou wilt indeed forgive? Come in, Duchatel! [She opens the door and leads in Duchatel, who remains standing at a distance.

The duke is reconciled to all his foes,

And he is so to thee.

[Duchatel approaches a few steps nearer, and tries to read the countenance of the Duke.

Burgundy. What makest thou

Of me, Johanna? Know'st thou what thou askest? Johan. A gracious sovereign throws his portals wide,

Admitting every guest, excluding none;
As freely as the firmament the world,
So mercy must encircle friend and foe.
Impartially the sun pours forth his beams
Through all the regions of infinity;
The heaven's reviving dew falls everywhere,

And brings refreshment to each thirsty plant;

Whate'er is good, and eometh from on high, Is universal, and without reserve; But in the heart's recesses darkness dwells!

Burg. Oh, she can mould me to her wish; my heart Is in her forming hand like melted wax.

— Duchatel, I forgive thee — come, embrace me! Shade of my sire! oh, not with wrathful eye Behold me clasp the hand that shed thy blood. Ye death-gods, reekon not to my account, That my dread oath of vengeance I abjure. With you, in you drear realm of endless night, There beats no human heart, and all remains Eternal, steadfast, and immovable.

Here in the light of day 'tis otherwise.

Man, living, feeling man, is aye the sport Of the o'ermastering present.

CHARLES (to Jonanna). Lofty maid!
What owe I not to thee! How truly now
Hast thou fulfilled thy word, — how rapidly
Reversed my destiny! Thou hast appeased
My friends, and in the dust o'erwhelmed my foes;
From foreign yoke redeemed my cities. Thou
Hast all achieved. Speak, how can I reward thee:

Johan. Sire, in prosperity be still humane, As in misfortune thou hast ever been; And on the height of greatness ne'er forget -The value of a friend in times of need; Thou hast approved it in adversity. Refuse not to the lowest of thy people The elaims of justice and humanity, For thy deliverer from the fold was called. Beneath thy royal sceptre thou shalt gather The realm entire of France. Thou shalt become The root and aneestor of mighty kings; Succeeding monarchs, in their regal state, Shall those outshine, who filled the throne before Thy stock, in majesty shall bloom so long As it stands rooted in the people's love. Pride only can achieve its overthrow, And from the lowly station, whence to-day God summoned thy deliverer, ruin dire Obseurely threats thy crime-polluted sons!

Burg. Exalted maid! Possessed with sacred fire!
If thou eanst look into the gulf of time,
Speak also of my race! Shall coming years
With ampler honors crown my princely line!

Johan. High as the throne, thou, Burgnindy, hast built Thy seat of power, and thy aspiring heart Would raise still higher, even to the clouds, The lofty edifice. But from on high A hand omnipotent shall check its rise. Fear thou not hence the downfall of thy house! Its glory in a maiden shall survive; Upon her breast shall sceptre-bearing kings, The people's shepherds, bloom. Their ample sway Shall o'er two realms extend, they shall ordain Laws to control the known world, and the new, Which God still veils behind the pathless waves.

Chas. Oh, if the Spirit doth reveal it, speak; Shall this alliance which we now renew In distant ages still unite our sons?

Johanna (after a pause).

Sovereigns and kings! disunion shun with dread! Wake not contention from the murky cave Where he doth lie asleep, for once aroused He cannot soon be quelled? He doth beget An iron brood, a rnthless progeny; Wildly the sweeping conflagration spreads.

— Be satisfied! Seek not to question further! In the glad present let your hearts rejoice, The future let me shroud!

Thou canst explore my heart, thou readest there If after worldly greatness it aspires,
To me to give a joyous oracle.

Jonan. Of empires only I discern the doom; In thine own bosom lies thy destiny!

Dunois. What, holy maid, will be thy destiny?
Doubtless, for thee, who art beloved of heaven,
The fairest earthly happiness shall bloom,
For thou art pure and holy.

Johanna. Happiness
Abideth yonder, with our God, in heaven.

Chas. Thy fortune be henceforth thy monarch's care!

For I will glorify thy name in France,

And the remotest age shall call thee blest.

Thus I fulfil my word. Kneel down!

[He draws his sword and touches her with it.
And rise

A noble! I, thy monarch, from the dust Of thy mean birth exalt thee. In the grave Thy fathers I ennoble—thou shalt bear Upon thy shield the *fleur-de-lis*, and be Of equal lineage with the best in France. Only the royal blood of Valois shall Be nobler than thine own! The highest peer Shall feel himself exalted by thy hand; To wed thee nobly, maid, shall be my care.

Dunois (advancing).

My heart made choice of her when she was lowly. The recent honor which encircles her,
Neither exalts her merit nor my love.
Here in my sovereign's presence, and before
This holy bishop, maid, I tender thee
My hand, and take thee as my princely wife,
If thou esteem me worthy to be thine.

Chas. Resistless maiden! wonder thou dost add
To wonder! Yes, I now believe that naught's
Impossible to thee. Thou hast subdued
This haughty heart, which still hath scoffed till now

At love's omnipotence.

Ly Hire (advancing). If I have read
Aright Johanna's soul, her modest heart's
Her fairest jewel. She deserveth well
The homage of the great, but her desires
Soar not so high. She striveth not to reach
A giddy eminence; an honest heart's
True love contents her, and the quiet lot
Which with this hand I humbly proffer her.

Chas Thou, too, La Hire! two brave competitors,—
Peers in heroic virtue and renown!
—Wilt thou, who hast appeased mine enemies,
My realms united, part my dearest friends?
One only can possess her; I esteem

Each to be justly worthy such a prize.
Speak, maid! thy heart alone must here decide.
Sorel. The noble maiden is surprised, her cheek
Is crimsoned over with a modest blush.
Let her have leisure to consult her heart,
And in confiding friendship to unseal
Her long-closed bosom. Now the hour is come
When, with a sister's love, I also may
Approach the maid severe, and offer her
This silent, faithful breast. Permit us women
Alone to weigh this womanly affair;

Do you await the issue.

Charles (about to retire). Be it so!

Johan. No, sire, not so! the crimson on my cheek

Is not the blush of bashful modesty.

Naught have I for this noble lady's ear

Which in this presence I may not proclaim.

The choice of these brave knights much hon

The choice of these brave knights much honors

But I did not forsake my shepherd-walks, To chase vain worldly splendor, nor array My tender frame in panoply of war, To twine the bridal garland in my hair. Far other labor is assigned to me, Which a pure maiden can alone achieve. I am the soldier of the Lord of Hosts, And to no mortal man can I be wife.

Arens. To be a fond companion unto man
Is woman born — when nature she obeys,
Most wisely she fulfils high heaven's decree!
When His behest who called thee to the field
Shall be accomplished, thou'lt resign thy arms,
And once again rejoin the softer sex,
Whose gentle nature thou dost now forego,
And which from war's stern duties is exempt.

JOHAN. Most reverend sir! as yet I cannot say
What work the Spirit will enjoin on me.
But when the time comes round, his guiding voice
Will not be mute, and it I will obey.
Now he commands me to complete my task;
My royal master's brow is still uncrowned,

Still unanointed is his sacred head;
My sovereign cannot yet be called a king.
Chas. We are advancing on the way to Rheims.
Johan. Let us not linger, for the enemy

Is planning how to intercept thy course:

I will conduct thee through the midst of them!

Dunois.' And when thy holy mission is fulfilled, When we in triumph shall have entered Rheims,

Wilt then not then permit me, sacred maid ——
Johan. If heaven ordain that from the strife of death,
Crowned with the wreath of conquest, I return,
My task will be accomplished — and the maid
Hath thenceforth in the palace naught to do.

Charles (taking her hand).

It is the Spirit's voice impels thee now;
Love in thy bosom, heaven-inspired, is mute;
'Twill not be ever so; believe me, maid!
Our weapons will repose, and victory
Will by the hand lead forward gentle peace.
Joy will again return to every breast,
And softer feelings rest in every heart,—
They will awaken also in thy breast,
And tears of gentle longing thou wilt weep,
Such as thine eye hath never shed before;
— This heart, which heaven now occupies alone,
Will fondly open to an earthly friend—
Thousands thou hast till now redeemed and blessed,
Thou wilt at length conclude by blessing one!

Inou with at length conclude by blessing one!

Johan. Art weary, Dauphin, of the heavenly vision,
That thou its vessel wouldst annihilate?
The holy maiden, sent to thee by God,
Degrade, reducing her to common dust?
Ye blind of heart! Oh ye of little faith!
God's glory shines around you; to your gaze
He doth reveal his wonders, and ye see
Naught but a woman in me. Dare a woman
In iron panoply array herself,
And boldly mingle in the strife of men?
Woe, woe is me! if e'er my hand should wield
The avenging sword of God, and my vain heart

Cherish affection to a mortal man!

'Twere better for me I had ne'er been born! Heuceforth no more of this, unless ye would Provoke the Spirit's wrath who in me dwells! The eye of man, regarding me with love, To me is horror and profanity.

Chas. Forbear! It is in vain to urge her further.

Johan. Command the trumpets of the war to sound!

This stillness doth perplex and harass me;

An inward impulse drives me from repose,

It still impels me to achieve my work,

And steruly beekons me to meet my doom.

Scene V.

A Knight, entering hastily.

Chas. What tidings? Speak!

Knight. The foe has crossed the Marne,
And marshalleth his army for the fight.

Johanna (inspired).

Battle and tumult! Now my soul is free.

Arm, warriors, arm! while I prepare the troops.

[She goes out.

Chas. Follow, La Hire! E'en at the gates of Rheims
They will compel us to dispute the crown!
Dunois. No genuine courage prompts them. This

essay

Is the last effort of enraged despair.

Chys. I do not urge you, duke. To-day's the time To compensate the errors of the past.

BURG. You shall be satisfied with me.

CHARLES. Myself
Will march before you on the path of fame;
Here, with my royal town of Rheims in view,
I'll fight, and gallantry achieve the crown.

Thy knight, my Agnes, bids thee now farewell!

Agnes (embracing him).

I do not weep, I do not tremble for thee; My faith, unshaken, cleaveth unto God! Heaven, were we doomed to failure, had not given So many gracious pledges of success! My heart doth whisper me that, victory-crowned, In conquered Rheims, I shall embrace my king.

[Trumpets sound with a spirited tone, and while the scene is changing pass into a wild martial strain. When the scene opens, the orchestra joins in, accompanied by warlike instruments behind the scene.

Scene VI.

The scene changes to an open country skirted with trees.

During the music soldiers are seen retreating hastily across the background.

Talbot, leaning on Fastolfe, and accompanied by soldiers. Soon after, Lionel.

Talbot. Here lay me down beneath the trees, and then Betake you back, with speed, unto the fight; I need no aid to die.

FASTOLFE. Oh, woful day! [LIONEL enters. Behold what sign awaits you, Lionel! Here lies our general wounded unto death.

LIONEL. Now, God forbid! My noble lord, arise!

No moment this to falter and to sink.

Yield not to death. By your all-powerful will

Command your ebbing spirit still to live.

Talbot. In vain! The day of destiny is come,
Which will o'erthrow the English power in France.
In desperate co.nbat I have vainly risked
The remnant of our force to ward it off.
Struck by the thunderbolt I prostrate lie,
Never to rise again. Rheims now is lost,
Hasten to succor Paris!

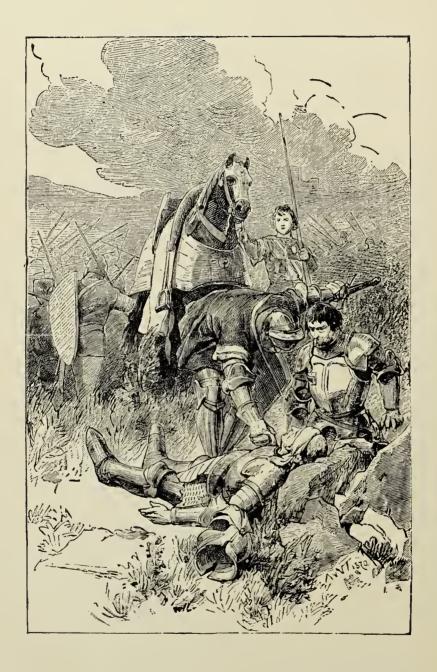
Lionel. Paris is with the Dauphin reconciled; A conrier even now has brought the news.

Talbot (tearing off his bandages).

Then freely flow, ye currents of my blood, For Talbot now is weary of the sun!

LIONEL. I may no longer tarry: Fastolfe, haste!
Convey our leader to a place of safety.
No longer now can we maintain this post;
Our flying troops disperse on every side,
On, with resistless might, the maiden comes





Talbot. Folly, thou conquerest, and I must yield!
Against stupidity the very gods
Themselves contend in vain. Exalted reason,
Resplendent daughter of the head divine,
Wise foundress of the system of the world,
Guide of the stars, who art thou then if thou,
Bound to the tail of folly's uncurbed steed,
Must, vainly shrieking with the drunken erowd,
Eyes open, plunge down headlong in the abyss.
Accursed, who striveth after noble ends,
And with deliberate wisdom forms his plans!
To the fool-king belongs the world.

LIONEL. My lord, But for a few brief moments can you live —

Think of your Maker!

Talbot. Had we, like brave men,
Been vanquished by the brave, we might, indeed,
Console ourselves that 'twas the common lot;
For fickle fortune aye revolves her wheel.
But to be baffled by such juggling arts!
Deserved our earnest and laborious life
Not a more earnest issue?

Lionel (extends his hand to him). Fare you well!

The debt of honest tears I will discharge
After the battle—if I then survive.

Now Fate doth call me hence, where on the field
Her web she waveth, and dispenseth doom.
We in another world shall meet again;

For our long friendship, this a brief farewell. [Exit. Talbot. Soon is the struggle past, and to the earth,

To the eternal sun, I render back
These atoms, joined in me for pain and pleasure.
And of the mighty Talbot, who the world
Filled with his martial glory, there remains
Naught save a modicum of senseless dust.
Such is the end of man—the only spoil
We carry with us from life's battle-field,
Is but an insight into nothingness,
And utter scorn of all which once appeared
To us exalted and desirable.

Scene VII.

CHARLES, BURGUNDY, DUNOIS, DUCHATEL, and Soldiers.

Burg. The trench is stormed!
Dunois. The victory is ours!

Charles (perceiving Talbot.)

Look! Who is he, who yonder of the sun Taketh reluetant, sorrowful farewell? His armor indicates no common man; Go, succor him, if aid may yet avail.

[Soldiers of the King's retinue step forward Fastol. Back! Stand apart! Respect the mighty dead, Whom ye in life ne'er ventured to approach!

Burg. What do I see? Lord Talbot in his blood!
[He approaches him. Talbot gazes fixedly at him, and dies.

Fastol. Traitor, avaunt! Let not the sight of thee Poison the dying hero's parting glance.

Dunois. Resistless hero! Dread-inspiring Talbot!

Does such a narrow space suffice thee now,

And this vast kingdom could not satisfy

The large ambition of thy giant soul!

Now first I can salute you, sire, as king:

The diadem but tottered on your brow,

While yet a spirit tenanted this clay.

Charles (after contemplating the body in silence).

A higher power hath vanquished him, not we!

He lies upon the soil of France, as lies

The hero on the shield he would not quit.

Well, peace be with his ashes! Bear him hence!

[Soldiers take up the body and carry it away]

Here in the heart of France, where his career Of conquest ended, let his relies lie! So far no hostile sword attained before.

A fitting tomb shall memorize his name; His epitaph the spot whereon he fell.

Fastolfe (yielding his sword).
I am your prisoner, sir.

Charles (returning his sword). Not so! Rude war Respects each pious office; you are free To render the last honors to the dead,
Go now, Duchatel — still my Agnes trembles —
Hasten to snatch her from anxiety —
Bring her the tidings of our victory,
And usher her in triumph into Rheims!

[Exit Duchatel.]

Scene VIII.

The same. LA HIRE.

Dunois. La Hire, where is the maiden?
LA HIRE. That I ask

Or you; I left her fighting by your side.

Dunois, I thought she was protected by your arm, When I departed to assist the king.

Burg. Not long ago I saw her banner wave Amidst the thickest of the hostile ranks.

Dunois. Alas! where is she? Evil I forebode?

Come, let us haste to rescue her. I foar

Her daring soul hath led her on too far;

Alone she combats in the midst of foes,

And without succor yieldeth to the crowd.

Chas. Haste to her rescue!

LA HIRE.

BURGUNDY.

Come!

We follow all! [Exit. They retire in haste.

A deserted part of the battle-field. In the distance are seen the towers of Rheims illumined by the sun.

Scene IX.

A Knight in black armor, with closed visor. Johanna follows him to the front of the stage, where he stops and awaits her.

Johan. Deluder! now I see thy stratagem!
Thou hast deceitfully, through seeming flight,
Allured me from the battle, doom and death
Averting thus from many a British head.
Destruction now doth overtake thyself.

KNIGHT. Why dost thou follow after me and track

My steps with quenchless rage? I am not doomed

To perish by thy hand.

Deep in my soul JOHANNA. I hate thee as the night, which is thy color; To blot thee out from the fair light of day An irresistible desire impels me.

Who art thou? Raise thy visor. I had said

That thou wert Talbot had I not myself Seen warlike Talbot in the battle fall.

Knight. Is the divining-spirit mute in thee?

JOHAN. His voice speaks foully in my spirit's depth

The near approach of woe.

Johanna D'Arc! BLACK KNIGHT. Borne on the wings of conquest, thou hast reached The gates of Rheims. Let thy achieved renown Content thee. Fortune, like thy slave, till now Hath followed thee; dismiss her, ere in wrath She free herself; fidelity she hates;

She serveth none with constancy till death. JOHAN. Why check me in the midst of my career? Why bid me falter and forsake my work?

I will complete it and fulfil my vow!

KNIGHT. Nothing can thee, thou mighty one, withstand, In battle thou art ave invincible.

But henceforth shun the fight; attend my warning.

Johan. Not from my hand will I resign this sword Till haughty England's prostrate in the dust.

KNIGHT. Behold! there Rheims ariseth with its towers, The goal and end of thy career. Thou seest The lofty minster's sun-illumined dome; Thou in triumphal pomp wouldst enter there,

Thy monarch crown, and ratify thy vow.

Enter not there! Return! Attend my warning!

JOHAN. What art thou, double-tongued, deceitful being, Who wouldst bewilder and appal me? Speak!

By what authority dost thou presume To greet me with fallacious oracles?

The Black Knight is about to depart, she steps in his way.

No, thou shalt speak, or perish by my hand!

She endeavors to strike him.

Black Knight (touches her with his hand, she remains motionless).

Slay what is mortal!

[Darkness, thunder and lightning. The Knight sinks into the earth.

Johanna (stands at first in amazement, but soon recovers herself).

'Twas nothing living. 'Twas a base delusion,

An instrument of hell, a juggling fiend,

Uprisen hither from the fiery pool

To shake and terrify my steadfast heart.

Wielding the sword of God, whom should I fear!

I will triumphantly achieve my work.

My courage should not waver, should not fail Were hell itself to champion me to fight!

She is about to depart.

Scene X.

LIONEL, JOHANNA.

LIONEL. Accursed one, prepare thee for the fight!

Not both of us shall quit this field alive.

Thou hast destroyed the bravest of our host:

The noble Talbot hath his mighty soul

Breathed forth upon my bosom. I'll avenge

The hero, or participate his doom.

And wouldst thou know who brings thee glory now,

Whether he live or die, — I'm Lionel, The sole survivor of the English chiefs,

And still unconquered is this valiant arm.

[He rushes upon her; after a short combat she strikes the sword out of his hand.

Perfidious fortune!

[He wrestles with her. Johanna seizes him by the crest and tears open his helmet; his face is thus exposed; at the same time she draws her sword with her right hand.

Johanna. Suffer what thou soughtest!

The Virgin sacrifices thee through me!

[At this moment she gazes in his face. His aspect softens her, she remains motionless and slowly lets her arm sink.

LIONEL. Why linger, why withhold the stroke of death?

My glory thou hast taken — take my life!

I want no mercy, I am in thy power.

[She makes him a sign with her hand to fly.

How! shall I fly and owe my life to thee?

No, I would rather die.

Johanna (with averted face). I will not know

That ever thou didst owe thy life to me.

LIONEL. I hate alike thee and thy proffered gift.

I want no mercy — kill thine enemy Who loathes and would have slain thee.

Johanna. Slay me, then,

And fly!

LIONEL. Ha! What is this?

JOHANNA (hiding her face). Woe's me!

Lioner. (approaching her). 'Tis said Thou killest all the English whom thy sword

Subdues in battle — why spare me alone?

Johanna (raises her sword with a rapid movement as if to strike him, but lets it fall quiekly when she gazes on his face).

Oh, Holy Virgin!

LIONEL. Wherefore namest thou

The Holy Virgin? she knows naught of thee; Heaven hath no part in thee.

Johanna (in the greatest anxiety). What have I done?
Alas! I have broke my vow!

She wrings her hands in despair.

Lionel (looks at her with sympathy and approaches her).
Unhappy maid!

I pity thee! Thy sorrow touches me; Thou hast shown mercy unto me alone, My hatred yielded unto sympathy!

Who art thou, and whence comest thou?

JOHANNA. Away!

LIONEL. Thy youth, thy beauty, move my soul to pity!
Thy look sinks in my heart. I fain would save thee!
How may I do so? tell me. Come! oh, come!

Renounce this fearful league — throw down these arms!

Johan. I am unworthy now to carry them!

LIONEL. Then throw them from thee — quick! come, follow me!

JOHANNA (with horror).
How! follow thee!

Lionel. Thou may'st be saved. Oh, come! I will deliver thee, but linger not.

Strange sorrow for thy sake doth seize my heart,

Unspeakable desire to rescue thee —

[He seizes her arm.

Jonan. The Bastard comes! 'Tis they! They seek for me!

If they should find thee ——

LIONEL. I'll defend thee, maid. Johan. I die if thou shouldst perish by their hands!

LIONEL. Am I then dear to thee?

Johanna. Ye heavenly powers!

Lionel. Shall I again behold thee — hear from thee? Johan. No! never!

LIONEL. Thus this sword I seize in pledge

That I again behold thee!

[He snatches her sword.

Johanna. Madman, hold!

Thou darest?

LIONEL. Now I yield to force — again
I'll see thee!

Scene XI.

Johanna, Dunois, La Hire.

LA HIRE. It is she! The maiden lives! DUNOIS. Fear not, Johanna! friends are at thy side.

HIRE. Is not that Lionel who yonder flies?

Dunois. Let him escape! Maiden, the righteons cause Hath triumphed now. Rheims opens wide its gates;

The joyous crowds pour forth to meet their king.

Hire. What ails thee, maiden? She grows pale — she sinks!

[Jonanna grows dizzy, and is about to fall. Dunois. She's wounded — rend her breastplate — 'tis her arm!

The wound is not severe.

LA HIRE. Her blood doth flow.

Johan. Oh, that my life would stream forth with my blood! [She lies senseless in LA HIRE's arms.

ACT IV.

A hall adorned as for a festival; the columns are hung with garlands; behind the scene flutes and hautboys.

Scene I.

Johan. Hushed is the din of arms, war's storms subside,

Glad songs and dance succeed the bloody fray,
Through all the streets joy echoes far and wide,
Altar and church are decked in rich array,
Triumphal arches rise in vernal pride,
Wreathes round the columns wind their flowery way,
Wide Rheims cannot contain the mighty throng,
Which to the joyous pageant rolls along.

One thought alone doth every heart possess, One rapt'rous feeling o'er each breast preside. And those to-day are linked in happiness Whom bloody hatred did erewhile divide. All who themselves of Gallic race confess The name of Frenchman own with conscious pride, France sees the splendor of her ancient crown, And to her monarch's son bows humbly down.

Yet I, the author of this wide delight,
The joy, myself created, cannot share;
My heart is changed, in sad and dreary plight
It flies the festive pageant in despair;
Still to the British camp it taketh flight,
Against my will my gaze still wanders there,
And from the throng I steal, with grief oppressed,
To hide the guilt-which weighs upon my breast.

What! I permit a human form To haunt my bosom's sacred cell?

And there, where heavenly radiance shone,
Doth earthly love presume to dwell?
The savior of my country, I,
The warrior of God most high,
Burn for my country's foeman? Dare I name
Heaven's holy light, nor feel o'erwhelmed with
shame?

[The music behind the scene passes into a soft and moving melody.

Woe is me! Those melting tones!
They distract my 'wildered brain!
Every note, his voice recalling,
Conjures up his form again!

Would that spears were whizzing round!
Would that battle's thunder roared!
Midst the wild tumultuous sound
My former strength were then restored.

These sweet tones, these melting voices,
With seductive power are fraught!
They dissolve, in gentle longing,
Every feeling, every thought,
Waking tears of plaintive sadness.

[After a pause, with more energy. Should I have killed him? Could I, when I gazed Upon his face? Killed him? Oh, rather far Would I have turned my weapon 'gainst myself! And am I culpable because humane? Is pity sinful? Pity! Didst thou hear The voice of pity and humanity When others fell the victims of thy sword? Why was she silent when the gentle youth From Wales entreated thee to spare his life? Oh, cunning heart! Thou liest before high heaven! It is not pity's voice impels thee now! Why was I doomed to look into his eyes! To mark his noble features! With that glance, Thy crime, thy woe commenced. Unhappy one!

A sightless instrument thy God demands, Blindly thou must accomplish his behest! When thou didst see, God's shield abandoned thee, And the dire snares of hell around thee pressed! Flutes are again heard, and she subsides into a quiet melancholy.

Harmless staff! Oh, that I ne'er
Had for the sword abandoned thee!
Had voices never reached mine ear,
From thy branches, sacred tree!
High queen of heaven! Oh, would that thou
Hadst ne'er revealed thyself to me!
Take back — I dare not elaim it now —
Take back thy erown, 'tis not for me!

I saw the heavens open wide,
I gazed upon that face of love!
Yet here on earth my hopes abide,
They do not dwell in heaven above!
Why, Holy One, on me impose
This dread vocation? Could I steel,
And to each soft emotion close
This heart, by nature formed to feel?

Wouldst thou proclaim thy high command,
Make choice of those who, free from sin,
In thy eternal mansions stand;
Send forth thy flaming cherubim!
Immortal ones, thy law they keep,
They do not feel, they do not weep!
Choose not a tender woman's aid,
Not the frail soul of shepherd maid!

Was I concerned with warlike things, With battles or the strife of kings? In innocence I led my sheep Adown the mountain's silent steep, But thou didst send me into life, 'Midst princely halls and scenes of strife, To lose my spirit's tender bloom: Alas, I did not seek my doom!

Scene II.

AGNES SOREL, JOHANNA.

Sorel (advances joyfully. When she perceives Johanna she hastens to her and fulls upon her neck; then suddenly recollecting herself, she relinquishes her hold, and fulls down before her).

No! no! not so! Before thee in the dust ——

Jonanna (trying to raise her).

Arise! Thou dost forget thyself and me. Sorel. Forbid me not! 'tis the excess of joy

Which throws me at thy feet — I must pour forth My o'ercharged heart in gratitude to God;

I worship the Invisible in thee.

Thou art the angel who has led my lord

To Rheims, to crown him with the royal crown.

What I ne'er dreamed to see is realized!

The eoronation march will soon set forth;

Arrayed in festal pomp the monarch stands;

Assembled are the nobles of the realm, The mighty peers to bear the insignia;

To the cathedral rolls the billowy erowd;

Glad songs resound, the bells unite their peal:

Oh, this excess of joy I eannot bear!

[Johanna gently raises her Agnes Sorel pauses a moment, and surveys the Mainen more narrowly.

Yet thou remainest ever grave and stern; Thou canst create delight, yet share it not. Thy heart is cold, thou feelest not our joy, Thou hast beheld the glories of the skies;

No earthly interest moveth thy pure breast. [Johanna seizes her hand passionately, but soon lets it

fall again.

Oh, couldst thou own a woman's feeling heart! Put off this armor, war is over now, Confess thy union with the softer sex!

My loving heart shrinks timidly from thee, While thus thou wearest Pallas' brow severe.

JOHAN. What wouldst thou have me do? Sorel.

Unarm thyself!

Put off this coat of mail! The God of Love

Fears to approach a bosom clad in steel. Oh, be a woman, thou wilt feel his power!

Johan. What, now unarm myself? Midst battle's roar I'll bare my bosom to the stroke of death!

Not now! Would that a sevenfold wall of brass Could hide me from your revels, from myself!

Sorel. Thou'rt loved by Count Dunois. His noble heart,
Which virtue and renown alone inspire,
With pure and holy passion glows for thee.
Oh, it is sweet to know oneself beloved

By such a hero—sweeter still to love him!

[Johanna turns away with aversion.]

Thou hatest him?—no, no, thou only eanst Not love him:—how could hatred stir thy breast! Those who would tear us from the one we love, We hate alone; but none can claim thy love. Thy heart is tranquil—if it could but feel——

JOHAN. Oh, pity me! Lament my hapless fate:
Sorel. What can be wanting to complete thy joy?
Thou hast fulfilled thy promise, France is free,

To Rheims, in triumph, thou hast led the king, Thy mighty deeds have gained thee high renown, A happy people praise and worship thee;

Thy name, the honored theme of every tongue;

Thou art the goddess of this festival;

The monarch, with his crown and regal state, Shines not with greater majesty than thou!

Jonan. Oh, could I hide me in the depths of earth!
Sorel. Why this emotion? Whence this strange distress?

Who may to-day look up without a fear, If thou dost cast thine eyes upon the ground! It is for me to blush, me, who near thee Feel all my littleness; I cannot reach Thy lofty virtue, thy heroic strength! For — all my weakness shall I own to thee? Not the renown of France, my Fatherland, Not the new splendor of the monarch's crown, Not the triumphant gladness of the crowds, Engage this woman's heart. One only form Is in its depths enshrined; it hath not room

For any feeling save for one alone: He is the idol, him the people bless,

Him they extol, for him they strew these flowers,

And he is mine, he is my own true love!

Johan. Oh, thou art happy! thou art blessed indeed!

Thou lovest, where all love. Thou may'st, unblamed. Pour forth thy rapture, and thine inmost heart, Fearless discover to the gaze of man!

Thy country's triumph is thy lover's too.

The vast, innumerable multitudes,
Who, rolling onward, crowd within these walls,
Participate thy joy, they hallow it;
Thee they salute, for thee they twine the wreath,
Thou art a portion of the general joy;
Thou lovest the all-inspiring soul, the sun,
And what thou seest is thy lover's glory!

Sorel (falling on her neck).

Thon dost delight me, thou eanst read my heart! I did thee wrong, thou knowest what love is, Thou tell'st my feelings with a voice of power. My heart forgets its fear and its reserve, And seeks confidingly to blend with thine——

Johanna (tearing herself from her with violence).

Forsake me! Turn away! Do not pollute
Thyself by longer intercourse with me!
Be happy! go—and in the deepest night
Leave me to hide my infamy, my woe!

Sorel. Thou frighten'st me, I understand thee not, I ne'er have understood thee — for from me
Thy dark mysterious being still was veiled.
Who may divine what thus disturbs thy heart,
Thus terrifies thy pure and sacred soul!

Johan. Thou art the pure, the holy one! Couldst thou Behold mine inmost heart, thou, shuddering, Wouldst fly the traitoress, the enemy!

Scene III.

Dunois, Duchatel, and La Hire, with the banner of Johanna.

Dunois. Johanna, thee we seek. All is prepared; The king hath sent us, 'tis his royal will

That thou before him shouldst thy banner bear, The company of princes thou shalt join, And march immediately before the king: For he doth not deny it, and the world Shak witness, maiden, that to thee alone He doth ascribe the honor of this day.

Hire. Here is the banner. Take it, noble maiden Thou'rt stayed for by the princes and the people.

Johan. I march before him? I the banner bear?
Dunois. Whom else would it become? What other hand

Is pure enough to bear the sacred ensign! Amid the battle thou hast waved it oft; To grace our glad procession bear it now.

[LA HIRE presents the banner to her, she draws back, shuddering.

JOHAN. Away! away!

LA HIRE. How! Art thou terrified At thine own banner, maiden? Look at it!

[He displays the banner-

It is the same thou didst in conquest wave. Imaged upon it is the queen of heaven, Floating in glory o'er this earthly ball; For so the Holy Mother showed it thee.

[Johanna gazing upon it with horror.

'Tis she herself! so she appeared to me. See, how she looks at me and knits her brow, And anger flashes from her threatening eye!

Sorel. Alas, she raveth! Maiden, be composed!

Collect thyself! Thou seest nothing real!

That is her pictured image; she herself
Wanders above, amid the angelic choir!

JOHAN. Thou comest, fearful one, to punish me?

Destroy, o'erwhelm, thine arrowy lightnings hurl
And let them fall upon my guilty head.

Alas, my vow I've broken! I've profaned

And descerated thy most holy name!

Dunois. Woe's us! What may this mean? What me blest words?

LA HIRE (in astonishment, to Duchatel).

This strange emotion canst thou comprehend?

DUCHAT. That which I see, I see — I long have feared it. Dunois. What sayest thou?

Duchatel. I dare not speak my thoughts.

I would to heaven that the king were crowned!

Hire. How! hath the awe this banner doth inspire

Turned back upon thyself? before this sign

Turned back upon thyself? before this sign Let Britons tremble; to the foes of France 'Tis fearful, but to all true citizens

It is auspieious.

Johanna. Yes, thou sayest truly!
To friends 'tis gracious! but to enemies
It causeth horror!

Dunois. [The Coronation march is heard. Take thy banner, then!

The march begins — no time is to be lost!

[They press the banner upon her; she seizes it with evident emotion, and retires; the others follow.

[The scene changes to an open place before the Cathedral.

Scene IV.

Spectators occupy the background; Bertrand, Claude Marie, and Etienne come forward; then Margot and Louison. The Coronation march is heard in the distance.

BERT. Hark to the music! They approach already! What had we better do? Shall we mount up Upon the platform, or press through the crowd, That we may nothing lose of the procession?

ETIEN. It is not to be thought of. All the streets
Are througed with horsemen and with carriages.
Beside these houses let us take our stand
Here we without annoyance may behold

The train as it goes by.

CLAUDE MARIE. Almost it seems
As were the half of France assembled here
So mighty is the flood that it hath reached
Even our distant Lotharingian land
And borne us thither!

Bertrand. Who would sit at home When great events are stirring in the land!

It hath cost plenty, both of sweat and blood, Ere the crown rested on its rightful head! Nor shall our lawful king, to whom we give The crown, be worse accompanied than he Whom the Parisians in St. Denis crowned! He is no loyal, honest-minded man Who doth absent him from this festival, And joins not in the cry: "God save the King"!

Scene V.

Margot and Louison join them.

Louis. We shall again behold our sister, Margot! How my heart beats!

Margor. In majesty and pomp We shall behold her, saying to ourselves:

It is our sister, it is our Johanna!

Louis. Till I have seen her, I can scarce believe That she, whom men the Maid of Orleans name, The mighty warrior, is indeed Johanna, Our sister whom we lost!

Margot. [The music draws nearer Thou doubtest still! Thou wilt thyself behold her!

BERTRAND.

See, they come!

Scene VI.

Musicians, with flutes and hautboys, open the procession. Children follow, dressed in white, with branches in their hands; behind them two heralds. Then a procession of halberdiers, followed by magistrates in their robes two marshals with their staves; the DUKE of BURGUNDY, bearing the sword; Dunois with the sceptre, other nobles with the regalia; others with sacrificial offerings. these, Knights with the ornaments of their order; choristers with incense; two BISHOPS with the ampulla; the ARCH-BISHOP with the crucifix. JOHANNA follows, with her banner, she walks with downcast head and wavering steps; her sisters, on beholding her, express their astonishment and joy. Behind her comes the King under a canopy, supported by four barons; courtiers follow, soldiers conclude the procession; as soon as it has entered the church the music ceases.

Scene VII.

Louison, Margot, Claude Marie, Etienne, Bertrand.

Marg. Saw you our sister?

CLAUDE MARIE. She in golden armor,

Who with the banner walked before the king?

Marg. It was Johanna. It was she, our sister! Louis. She recognized us not! She did not feel

That we, her sisters, were so near to her.

She looked upon the ground, and seemed so pale, And trembled so beneath her banner's weight—

When I beheld her, I could not rejoice.

Marg. So now, arrayed in splendor and in pomp, I have beheld our sister — who in dreams Would ever have imagined or conceived, When on our native hills she drove the flock, That we should see her in such majesty?

Louis. Our father's dream is realized, that we In Rheims before our sister should bow down. That is the church, which in his dream he saw And each particular is now fulfilled. But images of woe he also saw!

Alas! I'm grieved to see her raised so high!

BERT. Why stand we idly here? Let's to the church
To view the coronation!

Margot. Yes! perchance

We there may meet our sister; let us go!
Louis. We have beheld her. Let us now return
Back to our village.

Margor. How? Ere we with her Have interchanged a word?

Louison. She doth belong

To us no longer; she with princes stands
And monarchs. Who are we, that we should seek

With foolish vanity to near her state?

She was a stranger while she dwelt with us!

MARG. Will she despise, and treat us with contempt?

The king himself is not ashamed of us, He kindly greets the meanest of the crowd. How high soever she may be exalted, The king is raised still higher!

Trumpets and kettle-drums are heard from the church.

CLAUDE MARIE. Let's to the church! [They husten to the buckground, where they are lost among the crowd.

Scene VIII.

Thibaut enters, clad in black. Raimond follows him, and tries to hold him back.

RAIM. Stay, father Thibaut! Do not join the crowds! Here, at this joyous festival you meet None but the happy, whom your grief offends. Come! Let us quit the town with hasty steps.

Thib. Hast thou beheld my child? My wretched child? Didst thou observe her?

I entreat you, fly! Raimond. This. Didst mark her tottering and uncertain steps, Her countenance, so pallid and disturbed? She feels her dreadful state; the hour is come To save my child, and I will not neglect it.

[He is about to retire.

RAIM. What would you do?

Тивант. Surprise her, hurl her down From her vain happiness, and forcibly

Restore her to the God whom she denies.

RAIM. Oh, do not work the ruin of your child! This. If her soul lives, her mortal part may die.

[Johanna rushes out of the church, without her banner The people press around her, worship her, and kis: her garments. She is detained in the background by the crowd.

She comes! 'tis she! She rushes from the church. Her troubled conscience drives her from the fane! 'Tis visibly the judgment of her God!

RAIM. Farewell! Require not my attendance further! Hopeful I came, and sorrowful depart. Your daughter once again I have beheld, And feel again that she is lost to me!

[He goes out. Thibaut retires on the opposite side.





Scene IX.

Johanna, People. Afterwards her Sisters.

Johanna (she has freed herself from the crowd and comes forward).

Remain I cannot — spirits chase me forth!
The organ's pealing tones like thunder sound,
The dome's arched roof threatens to overwhelm me
I must escape and seek heaven's wide expanse!
I left my banner in the sanctuary,
Never, oh, never, will I touch it more!
It seemed to me as if I had beheld
My sisters pass before me like a dream.
'Twas only a delusion! — they, alas!
Are far, far distant — inaecessible —

E'en as my childhood, as mine innocence!

Margot (stepping forward).
'Tis she! It is Johanna!

Louison (hastening toward her). Oh, my sister!

Johan. Then it was no delusion — you are here—

Thee I embrace, Louison! Thee, my Margot?

Here in this strange and crowded solitude,

I elasp once more my sisters' faithful breasts!

MARG. She knows us still, she is our own kind sister.

Johan. Your love hath led you to me here so far!

So very far! You are not wroth with her

Who left her home without one parting word!
Louis. God's unseen providence conducted thee.
MARG. Thy great renown, which agitates the world,

Which makes thy name the theme of every tongue,

Hath in our quiet village wakened us, And led us hither to this festival. To witness all thy glory we are come;

And we are not alone!

JOHANNA (quickly). Our father's here!

Where is he? Why doth he conceal himself?

MARG. Our father is not with us.

JOHANNA.

He will not see me, then! You do not bring
His blessing for his child?

Louison. He knoweth not

That we are here.

JOHANNA. Not know it! Wherefore not?

You are embarrassed, and you do not speak;

You look upon the ground! Where is our father?

Marg. Since thou hast left —

Louison (making a sign to Margot!

Margot. Our father hath

Become dejected.

Johanna. Ah!

Console thyself!
Our sire's foreboding spirit well thou knowest!
He will collect himself, and be composed,

When he shall learn from us that thou art happy.

MARG. And thou art happy? Yes, it must be so, For thou art great and honored!

Johanna. I am so,

Now I again behold you, once again Your voices hear, whose fond, familiar tones Bring to my mind my dear paternal fields. When on my native hills I drove my herd, Then I was happy as in paradise—

I ne'er can be so more, no, never more!

[She hides her face on Louison's bosom. Claude Marie, Etienne, and Bertrand appear, and remain timidly standing in the distance.

Marg. Come, Bertrand! Claude Marie! come, Etienne!
Our sister is not proud: she is so gentle,
And speaks so kindly, — more so than of yore,
When in our village she abode with us.

[They draw near, and hold out their hands; Johanna guzes on them fixedly, and appears amazed.

Johan. Where am I? Tell me! Was it all a dream, A long, long dream? And am I now awake? Am I away from Dom Remi? Is't so? I fell asleep beneath the Druid tree, And I am now awake; and round me stand The kind, familiar forms? I only dreamed Of all these battles, kings, and deeds of war, — They were but shadows which before me passed; For dreams are always vivid 'neath that tree.

How did you come to Rheims? How came I here? No, I have never quitted Dom Remi! Confess it to me, and rejoice my heart

Confess it to me, and rejoice my heart.

Louis. We are at Rheims. Thou hast not merely dreamed

Of these great deeds—thou hast achieved them all. Come to thyself, Johanna! Look around—

Thy splendid armor feel, of burnished gold!

[Johanna lays her hand upon her breast, recollects herself, and shrinks back.

BERT. Out of my hand thou didst receive this helm.

Marie. No wonder thou shouldst think it all a dream; For nothing in a dream could come to pass

More wonderful than what thou hast achieved.

JOHANNA (quickly).

Come, let us fly! I will return with you Back to our village, to our father's bosom.

Louis. Oh, come! Return with us!

Johanna. The people here

Exalt me far above what I deserve.

You have beheld me weak and like a child; You love me, but you do not worship me.

MARG. Thou wilt abandon this magnificence.

JOHAN. I will throw off the hated ornaments

Which were a barrier 'twixt my heart and yours,

And I will be a shepherdess again,

And like a humble maiden I will serve you,

And will with bitter penitence atone, That I above you vainly raised myself.

[Trumpets sound.

Scene X.

The King comes forth from the church. He is in the coronation robes. Agnes Sorel, Archbishop, Burgundy, Dunois, La Hire, Duchatel, Knights, Courtiers, and People.

Many roices shout repeatedly, while the King advances,— Long live the king! Long live King Charles the Seventh!

[The trumpets sound. I pon a signal from the King, the Heralds with their staves command silence.

King. Thanks, my good people! Thank you for your love!

The crown which God hath placed upon our brow Hath with our valiant swords been hardly won: With noble blood 'tis wetted; but henceforth The peaceful olive branch shall round it twine. Let those who fought for us receive our thanks; Our pardon, those who joined the hostile ranks, For God hath shown us mercy in our need, And our first royal word shall now be, mercy!

PEOPLE. Long live the king! Long live King Charles the good!

King. From God alone, the highest potentate,
The monarchs of the French receive the crown;
But visibly from his Almighty hand
Have we received it. [Turning to the Maiden.
Here stands the holy delegate of heaven,
Who hath restored to you your rightful king,
And rent the yoke of foreign tyranny.
Her name shall equal that of holy Denis,
The guardian and protector of this realm,
And to her fame an altar shall be reared.

PEOPLE. Hail to the maiden, the deliverer! [Trumpets. King (to Johanna).

If thou art born of woman, like onrselves, Name aught that can augment thy happiness. But if thy fatherland is there above, If in this virgin form thou dost conceal The radiant glory of a heavenly nature, From our deluded sense remove the veil, And let us see thee in thy form of light As thou art seen in heaven, that in the dust We may bow down before thee.

[A general silence; every eye is fixed upon the Maiden. Johanna (with a sudden cry). God! my father!

Scene XI.

Thibaut comes forth from the crowd, and stands opposite to her. Many voices exclaim,—

Her father! Thibaut. Yes, her miserable father, Who did beget her, and whom God impels Now to accuse his daughter.

Burgundy. Ha! What's this?

DUCHAT. Now will the fearful truth appear!

Thibaut (to the King). Thou think's:

That thou art rescued through the power of God?

Delnded prince! Delnded multitude!

Ye have been rescued through the arts of hell!

[All step back with horror.

Dunois. Is this man mad?

Thibaut. Not I, but thou art mad.

And this wise bishop, and these noble lords, Who think that through a weak and sinful maid The God of heaven would reveal himself.

Come, let us see if to her father's face

She will maintain the specions, juggling arts Wherewith she hath deluded king and people.

Now, in the name of the blest Trinity,

Belong'st thou to the pure and holy ones?

[A general silence; all eyes are fixed upon her; she

remains motionless.

Sorel. God! she is dnmb!

Thibaut. Before that awful name,

Which even in the depths of hell is feared, She must be silent! She a holy one, By God commissioned? On a cursed spot It was conceived; beneath the Druid tree Where evil spirits have from olden time Their sabbath held. There her immortal soul She bartered with the enemy of man For transient, worldly glory. Let her bare Her arm, and ye will see impressed thereon

The fatal marks of hell!

Burgundy. Most horrible!

Yet we must needs believe a father's words Who 'gainst his daughter gives his evidence.

Dunois. The madman cannot be believed

Who in his child brings shame upon himself.

Sorel (to Johanna).

Oh, maiden, speak! this fatal silence break! We firmly trust thee! we believe in thee!

One syllable from thee, one single word Shall be sufficient. Speak! annihilate This horrid accusation. But declare

Thine innocence, and we will all believe thee.

[Johanna remains motionless; Agnes steps back with horror.

Hire. She's frightened. Horror and astonishment Impede her utterance. Before a charge So horrible e'en innocence must tremble.

He approaches her.

Collect thyself, Johanna! innocence
Hath a triumphant look, whose lightning flash
Strikes slander to the earth! In noble wrath
Arise! look up, and punish this base doubt,
An insult to thy holy innocence.

[Johanna remains motionless; La Hire steps back;

the excitement increuses.

Dunois. Why do the people fear, the princes tremble?
I'll stake my honor on her innocence!
Here on the ground I throw my knightly gage;

Who now will venture to maintain her guilt?

[A loud clap of thunder; all are horror-struck, Thib. Answer, by Him whose thunders roll above!

Give me the lie! Proclaim thine innocence; Say that the enemy hath not thy heart!

[Another clap of thunder, louder than the first; the people fly on all sides.

Burg. God guard and save us! What appalling signs!

DUCHATEL (to the KING).

Come, come, my king! Forsake this fearful place!

Archbishop (to Johanna).

I ask thee in God's name. Art thou thus silent From consciousness of innocence or guilt? If in thy favor the dread thunder speaks,

Touch with thy hand this cross, and give a sign!
[Johanna remains motionless. More violent peals of thunder. The King, Agnes Sorel, the Archbishop, Burgundy, La Hire, Duchatel retire.

Scene XII.

Dunois, Johanna.

Dunois. Thou art my wife; I have believed in thee
From the first glance, and I am still unchanged.
In thee I have more faith than in these signs,
Than in the thunder's voice, which speaks above.
In noble anger thon art silent thus;
Enveloped in thy holy innocence,
Thou scornest to refute so base a charge.
Still scorn it, maiden, but confide in me;
I never doubted of thine innocence.
Speak not one word; only extend thy hand
In pledge and token that thou wilt confide
In my protection and thine own good cause.
[He extends his hand to her; she turns from him with
a convulsive motion; he remains transfixed with
horror.

Scene XIII.

JOHANNA, DUCHATEL, DUNOIS, afterwards RAIMOND.

DUCHATEL (returning).

Johanna d'Arc! uninjured from the town The king permits you to depart. The gates Stand open to you. Fear no injury,— You are protected by the royal word. Come follow me, Dunois! You cannot here Longer abide with honor. What an issue!

[He retires. Dunois recovers from his stupor, casts one look upon Johanna, and retires. She remains standing for a moment quite alone. At length Raimond appears; he regards her for a time with silent sorrow, and then approaching takes her hand.

RAIM. Embrace this opportunity. The streets

Are empty now. Your hand! I will conduct you. [On perceiving him, she gives the first sign of consciousness. She gazes on him fixedly, and looks up to heaven; then taking his hand she retires.

ACT V.

A wild wood: charcoal-burners' huts in the distance. It is quite dark; violent thunder and lightning; firing heard at intervals.

Scene I.

*CHARCOAL-BURNER and his WIFE.

Cn. B. This is a fearful storm, the heavens seem As they would vent themselves in streams of fire; So thick the darkness which usurps the day, That one might see the stars. The angry winds Bluster and howl like spirits loosed from hell, The firm earth trembles, and the aged elms, Groaning, bow down their venerable tops Yet this terrific tumult, o'er our heads, Which teacheth gentleness to savage beasts, So that they seek the shelter of their eaves, Appeaseth not the bloody strife of men — Amidst the raging of the wind and storm At intervals is heard the eannon's roar: So near the hostile armaments approach, The wood alone doth part them; any hour May see them mingle in the shock of battle.

Wife. May God protect us then! Our enemies, Not long ago, were vanquished and dispersed. How comes it that they trouble us again?

Cn. B. Because they now no longer fear the king. Since that the maid turned out to be a witch. At Rheims, the devil aideth us no longer, And things have gone against us.

Wife. Who comes here.

Scene II.

RAIMOND and Johanna enter.

RAIM. See! here are cottages; in them at least
We may find shelter from the raging storm.
You are not able longer to endure it.
Three days already you have wandered on,
Shunning the eye of man — wild herbs and roots

Your only nourishment. Come, enter in. These are kind-hearted cottagers.

[The storm subsides; the air grows bright and clear.

Charcoal-Burner. You seem
To need refreshment and repose — you're welcome

To what our humble roof can offer you!

Wife. What has a tender maid to do with arms?
Yet truly! these are rude and troublous times
When even women don the coat of mail!
The queen herself, proud Isabel, 'tis said,
Appears in armor in the hostile camp;
And a young maid, a shepherd's lowly daughter,
Has led the armies of our lord the king.

CH. B. What sayest thou? Enter the hut, and bring

A goblet of refreshment for the damsel.

She enters the hut.

RAIMOND (to JOHANNA).

All men, you see, are not so cruel; here E'en in the wilderness are gentle hearts. Cheer up! the pelting storm hath spent its rage, And, beaming peacefully, the sun declines.

Cn. B. I fancy, as you travel thus in arms,
You seek the army of the king. Take heed!
Not far remote the English are encamped,
Their troops are roaming idly through the wood.

RAIM. Alas for us! how then can we escape?

Cn. B. Stay here till from the town my boy returns. He shall conduct you safe by secret pat's.

You need not fear — we know each hidden way.

RAIMOND (to JOHANNA).

Put off your helmet and your coat-of mail, They will not now protect you, but betray.

Johanna shakes her head.

Cu. B. The maid seems very sad — hush! who comes here?

Scene III.

Charcoal-Burner's Wife comes out of the hut with a bowl. A Boy.

Wife. It is our boy whom we expected back.

[To Johanna.

Drink, noble maiden! may God bless it to you!

CHARCOAL-BURNER (to his son).

Art come, Anet? What news?

[The boy looks at Johanna, who is just raising the bowl to her lips; he recognizes her, steps forward, and snatches it from her.

Boy. Oh, mother! mother! Whom do you entertain? This is the witch

Of Orleans!

CHARCOAL-BURNER (and his WIFE).

God be gracious to our souls!

[They cross themselves and fly.

Scene IV.

RAIMOND, JOHANNA.

Johanna (calmly and gently)

Thou seest, I am followed by the curse, And all fly from me. Do thou leave me, too; Seek safety for thyself.

RAIMOND. I leave thee! now! Alas, who then would bear thee company?

Johan. I am not unaccompanied. Thou hast
Heard the loud thunder rolling o'er my head—
My destiny conducts me. Do not fear;
Without my seeking I shall reach the goal.

RAIM. And whither wouldst thou go? Here stand our foes,

Who have against thee bloody vengeance sworn— There stand our people who have banished thee.

JOHAN. Naught will befall me but what heaven ordains. RAIM. Who will provide thee food? and who protect thee

From savage beasts, and still more savage men? Who eherish thee in sickness and in grief?

JOHAN. I know all roots and healing herbs; my sheep Taught me to know the poisonous from the wholesome.

I understand the movements of the stars, And the clouds' flight; I also hear the sound Of hidden springs. Man hath not many wants, And nature riehly ministers to life. RAIMOND (seizing her hand).

Wilt thou not look within? Oh, wilt thou not Repent thy sin, be reconciled to God,

And to the bosom of the church return?

Johan. Thou hold'st me guilty of this heavy sin?
RAIM. Needs must I — thou didst silently confess ——

Johan. Thou, who hast followed me in misery,

The only being who continued true,

Who elave to me when all the world forsook,

Thou also hold'st me for a reprobate

Who hath renounced her God -

[Raimond is silent, Oh, this is hard!

RAIMOND (in astonishment).

And thou wert really then no sorceress?

Johan. A soreeress!

RAIMOND. And all these miraeles

Thou hast accomplished through the power of God And of his holy saints?

Johanna. Through whom besides?

RAIM. And thou wert silent to that fearful charge?
Thou speakest now, and yet before the king,

When words would have availed thee, thou wert dumb!

Johan. I silently submitted to the doom

Which God, my lord and master, o'er me hung.

RAIM. Thou couldst not to thy father aught reply?

JOHAN. Coming from him, methought it came from God;

And fatherly the chastisement will prove.

RAIM. The heavens themselves bore witness to thy guilt!

Johan. The heavens spoke, and therefore I was silent.

RAIM. Thou with one word couldst clear thyself, and

In this unhappy error left the world?

Johan. It was no error — 'twas the will of heaven.

RAIM. Thou innocently sufferedst this shame,

And no complaint proceeded from thy lips!

—I am amazed at thee, I stand o'erwhelmed. My heart is troubled in its immost depths.

Most gladly I receive the word as truth,

For to believe thy guilt was hard indeed.

But could I ever dream a human heart Would meet in silence such a fearful doom! Should I deserve to be heaven's messenger Unless the Master's will I blindly honored? And I am not so wretched as thou thinkest. I feel privation — this in humble life Is no misfortune; I'm a fugitive,— But in the waste I learned to know myself. When honor's dazzling radiance round me shone, There was a painful struggle in my breast; I was most wretched, when to all I seemed Most worthy to be envied. Now my mind Is healed once more, and this fieree storm in nature, Which threatened your destruction, was my friend; It purified alike the world and me! I feel an inward peace — and, come what may, Of no more weakness am I conscious now! Raim. Oh, let us hasten! come, let us proclaim Thine innocence aloud to all the world! Johan. He who sent this delusion will dispel it! The fruit of fate falls only when 'tis ripe! A day is coming that will clear my name, When those who now condemn and banish me, Will see their error and will weep my doom. RAIM. And shall I wait in silence, until chance — Johanna (gently taking his hand).

Thy sense is shrouded by an earthly veil,
And dwelleth only on external things.
Mine eye hath gazed on the invisible!
— Without permission from our God no hair
Falls from the head of man. Seest thou the sun
Declining to the west? So certainly
As morn returneth in her radiant light,

Infallibly the day of truth shall come!

Scene V.

Queen Isabel, with soldiers, appears in the background.

Isabel (behind the scene).

This is the way toward the English camp!

RAIM. Alas! the foc!

[The soldiers advance, and perceiving Johanna fall back in terror.

ISABEL. What now obstructs the march?

Sold. May God protect as!

Isabel. Do ye see a spirit?

How! Are ye soldiers! Ye are cowards all!

[She presses forward, but starts back on beholding the Maiden.

What do I see!

[She collects herself quickly and approaches her. Submit thyself! Thou art

My prisoner!

Johanna. I am. [Raimond flies in despair.]

Isabel (to the soldiers). Lay her in chains!

[The soldiers timidly approach the Maiden; she extends her arms and is chained.

Is this the mighty, the terrific one,

Who chased your warriors like a flock of lambs, Who, powerless now, cannot protect herself? Doth she work miracles with credulous fools, And lose her influence when she meets a man?

To the Maiden.

Why didst thou leave the army? Where's Dunois, Thy knight and thy protector.

Johanna. I am banished.

[Isabel, stepping back astonished.] What say'st thou? Thou art banished? By

What say'st thou? Thou art banished? By the Dauphin?

Johan. Inquire no further! I am in thy power, Decide my fate.

Isabel. Banished, because thou hast
Snatched him from ruin, placed upon his brow
The crown at Rheims, and made him King of France?
Banished! Therein I recognize my son!
— Conduct her to the camp, and let the host
Behold the phantom before whom they trembled!
She a magician? Her sole magic lies

In your delusion and your cowardice! She is a fool who sacrificed herself

To save her king, and reapeth for her pains

A king's reward. Bear her to Lionel. The fortune of the French I send him bound; I'll follow anon.

Johanna. To Lionel?

Slay me at once, ere send me unto him.

ISABEL (to the soldiers).

Obey your orders, soldiers! Bear her hence. [Exit

Scene VI.

Johanna, Soldiers.

JOHANNA (to the soldiers).

Ye English, suffer not that I escape
Alive out of your hands! Revenge yourselves!
Unsheath your weapons, plunge them in my heart,
And drag me lifeless to your general's feet!
Remember it was I who slew your heroes,
Who never showed compassion, who poured forth
Torrents of English blood, who from your sons
Snatched the sweet pleasure of returning home!
Take now a bloody vengance! Murder me!
I now am in your power; I may perchance
Not always be so weak.

CONDUCTOR OF THE SOLDIERS. Obey the queen!

JOHAN. Must I be yet more wretched than I was!

Unpitying Virgin! Heavy is thy hand!

Hast thou completely thrust me from thy favor?

No God appears, no angel shows himself;

Closed are heaven's portals, miracles have ceased.

[She follows the Soldiers]

Scene VII.

The French Camp.

Dunois, between the Archbishop and Duchatel.

Arch. Conquer your sullen indignation, prince!
Return with us! Come back unto your king!
In this emergency abandon not
The general cause, when we are sorely pressed,
And stand in need of your heroic arm.

Dunois. Why are ye sorely pressed? Why doth the foe Again exalt himself? all was achieved; — France was triumphant — war was at an end; — The savior you have banished; you henceforth May save yourselves; I'll not again behold The camp wherein the maid abideth not.

Think better of it, prince! Dismiss us not With such an answer!

DUNOIS. Silenee, Duehatel! You're hateful to me; I'll hear naught from you; You were the first who doubted of her truth.

Who had not wavered on that fatal day, And been bewildered, when so many signs Bore evidence against her! We were stunned, Our hearts were erushed beneath the sudden blow. - Who in that hour of dread could weigh the proofs? Our ealmer judgment now returns to us, We see the maid as when she walked with us, Nor have we any fault to charge her with. We are perplexed — we fear that we have done A grievous wrong. The king is penitent, The duke remorseful, comfortless La Hire, And every heart doth shroud itself in woe.

Dunois. She a deluder? If eelestial truth Would clothe herself in a corporeal form, She needs must choose the features of the maiden. If purity of heart, faith, innocence, Dwell anywhere on earth, upon her lips

And in her eyes' clear depths they find their home.

May the Almighty, through a miraele, Shed light upon this awful mystery, Which baffles human insight. Howsoe'er This sad perplexity may be resolved, One of two grievous sins we have committed! Either in fight we have availed ourselves Of hellish arms, or banished hence a saint! And both eall down upon this wretched land The vengeance and the punishment of heaven!

Scene VIII.

The same, a Nobleman, afterwards Raimond.

Noble. A shepherd youth inquires after your highness, He urgently entreats an interview,

He says he cometh from the maiden ——

Dunois. Haste!

Conduct him hither! He doth come from her!

[The Nobleman opens the door to Raimond, Dunois hastens to meet him.

Where is she? Where is the maid?

Raimond. Hail! noble prince!

And blessed am I that I find with you This holy man, the shield of the oppressed, The father of the poor and destitute!

Dunois. Where is the maiden?

Arcu. Speak, my son, inform us!

Raim. She is not, sir, a wicked sorceress!

To God and all his saints I make appeal.

An error blinds the people. You've cast forth God's messenger, you've banished innocence!

Dunois. Where is she?

RAIMOND. I accompanied her flight
Towards the woods of Ardennes; there she hath
Revealed to me her spirit's immost depths.
In torture I'll expire, and will resign
My hopes of everlasting happiness,

If she's not guiltless, sir, of every sin!

Dunois. The sun in heaven is not more pure than she!

Where is she? Speak!

RAIMOND. If God hath turned your hearts, Oh hasten, I entreat you — rescue her —

She is a prisoner in the English camp.

Dunois. A prisoner say you?

Archbisnop. Poor unfortunate!

RAIM. There in the forest as we sought for shelter, We were encountered by Queen Isabel,

Who seized and sent her to the English host.

Oh, from a cruel death deliver her

Who hath full many a time delivered you!

Dunois. Sound an alarm! to arms! up! beat the drums

Forth to the field! Let France appear in arms! The erown and the palladium are at stake! Our honor is in pledge! risk blood and life! She must be rescued erc the day is done! [Exit.

Scene IX.

A watch-tower — an opening above.

JOHANNA and LIONEL.

Fastolfe (entering hastily).

The people can no longer be restrained.
With fury they demand the maiden's death.
In vain your opposition. Let her die
And throw her head down from the battlements!
Her blood alone will satisfy the host.

Isabel (coming in).

With ladders they begin to seale the walls. Appearse the angry people! Will you wait Till in blind fury they o'erthrow the tower, And we beneath its towers are destroyed? Protect her here you cannot. Give her up!

LIONEL. Let them storm on. In fury let them rage!

Firm is this eastle, and beneath its ruins
I will be buried ere I yield to them.

— Johanna, answer me! only be mine,
And I will shield thee 'gainst a world in arms.

Isabel. Are you a man?

To thy ungrateful country thou dost owe
Duty and faith no longer. The false cowards
Who sought thy hand, forsake thee in thy need.
They for thy honor venture not the fight,
But I, against my people and 'gainst thine,
Will be thy champion. Once thou didst confess
My life was dear to thee; in combat then
I stood before thee as thine enemy—
Thou hast not now a single friend but me.

Johan. Thou art my people's enemy and mine.

Between us there can be no fellowship.

Thee I can never love, but if thy heart
Cherish affection for me, let it bring

A blessing on my people. Lead thy troops Far from the borders of my fatherland; Give up the keys of all the captured towns, Restore the booty, set the captives free, Send hostages the compact to confirm, And peace I offer thee in my king's name.

ISABEL. Wilt thou, a captive, dictate laws to us? Johan. It must be done; 'tis useless to delay.

Never, oh never, will this land endure
The English yoke; sooner will France become
A mighty sepulchre for England's hosts.
Fallen in battle are your bravest chiefs.
Think how you may achieve a safe retreat;
Your fame is forfeited, your power is lost.

ISABEL. Can you endure her raving insolence?

Scene X.

A Captain enters hastily.

Capt. Haste, general! Prepare the host for battle.
The French with flying banners come this way,
Their shining weapons glitter in the vale.

Johanna (with enthusiasm).

My people come this way! Proud England now Forth in the field! now boldly must you fight!

Fastol. Deluded woman, moderate your joy!

You will not see the issue of this day.

Johan. My friends will win the fight and I shall die!

The gallant heroes need my arm no more.

Lionel. These dastard enemies I scorn. They have

In twenty battles fled before our arms,
Ere this heroic maiden fought for them.
All the whole nation I despise, save one,

And this one they have banished. Come, Fastolfe,

We soon will give them such another day As that of Poictiers and of Agincourt Do you remain with the fortress, queen, And guard the maiden till the fight is o'er. I leave for your protection fifty knights.

FASTOL. How! general, shall we march against the foe And leave this raging fury in our rear?

Johan. What! can a fettered woman frighten thee?

LIONEL. Promise, Johanna, not to free thyself.

JOHAN. To free myself is now my only wish.

ISABEL. Bind her with triple chains. I pledged my life That she shall not escape.

[She is bound with heavy chains.

LIONEL (to JOHANNA). Thou will'st it so! Thou dost compel us! still it rests with thee! Renounce the French — the English banner bear, And thou art free, and these rude, savage men Who now desire thy blood shall do thy will.

Fastolfe (urgently).

Away, away, my general!

Spare thy words, JOHANNA. The French are drawing near. Defend thyself! [Trumpets sound, Lionel hastens forth.

FASTOL. You know your duty, queen! if fate declares Against us, should you see our people fly.

Isabel (showing a dagger).

Fear not. She shall not live to see our fall.

FASTOLFE (to JOHANNA).

Thou knowest what awaits thee, now implore A blessing on the weapons of thy people.

Scene XI.

ISABEL, JOHANNA, SOLDIERS.

Johan. Ay! that I will! no power can hinder me. Hark to that sound, the war-march of my people! How its triumphant notes inspire my heart! Ruin to England! victory to France! Up, valiant countrymen! The maid is near; She cannot, as of vore, before you bear Her banner - she is bound with heavy chains; But freely from her prison soars her soul, Upon the pinions of your battle-song.

ISABEL (to a SOLDIER).

Ascend the watch-tower which commands the field, And thence report the progress of the fight.

Soldier ascends.

Johan. Courage, my people! 'Tis the final struggle -Another victory, and the foe lies low!

ISABEL. What see'st thou?

Soldier. They're already in close fight

A furious warrior on a Barbary steed,

In tiger's skin, leads forward the gens d'armes.

Johan. That's Count Dunois! on, gallant warrior! Conquest goes with thee.

Soldier. The Burgundian duke

Attacks the bridge.

Isabel. Would that ten hostile spears

Might his perfidious heart transfix, the traitor!

Sold. Lord Fastolfe gallantly opposes him.

Now they dismount — they combat man to man Our people and the troops of Burgundy.

Isabel. Behold'st thou not the Dauphin? See'st thou not The royal wave?

Soldier. A cloud of dust

Shrouds everything. I can distinguish naught.

Johan. Had he my eyes, or stood I there aloft,
The smallest speck would not elude my gaze!
The wild fowl I can number on the wing,
And mark the falcon in his towering flight.

Sold. There is a fearful tumult near the trench; The chiefs, it seems, the nobles, combat there.

Isabel. Still doth our banner wave?

Soldier. It proudly floats.

Johan. Could I look through the loopholes of the wall,
I with my glance the battle would control.

Sold. Alas! What do I see? Our general's Surrounded by the foe!

ISABEL (points the dagger at Johanna). Die, wretch! Soldier (quickly). He's free!

The gallant Fastolfe in the rear attacks
The enemy—he breaks their serried ranks.

Isabel (withdrawing the dagger).

There spoke thy angel!
Soldier. Vietory! They fly.

ISABEL. Who fly?

Soldier. The French and the Burgundians fly; The field is covered o'er with fugitives.

Johan. My God! Thou wilt not thus abandon me! Sold. Yonder they lead a sorely wounded knight;

The people rush to aid him — he's a prince.

Isabel. One of our country, or a son of France? Sold. They loose his helmet—it is Count Dunois. Johanna (seizes her fetters with convulsive violence).

And I am nothing but a fettered woman!

Sold. Look yonder! Who the azure mantle wears Bordered with gold?

JOHANNA. That is my lord, the king. Sold. His horse is restive, plunges, rears and falls—

He struggles hard to extricate himself.

[Johanna accompanies these words with passionate movements.

Our troops are pressing on in full career,

They near him, reach him — they surround him now. Johan. Oh, have the heavens above no angels more! Isabel (laughing scornfully).

Now is the time, deliverer — now deliver!

Johanna (throws herself upon her knees, and prays with

pussionate violence).

Hear me, O God, in my extremity!
In fervent supplication up to Thee,
Up to thy heaven above I send my soul.
The fragile texture of a spider's web,
As a ship's cable, thou canst render strong;
Easy it is to thine omnipotence
To ehange these fetters into spider's webs—
Command it, and these massy chains shall fall,
And these thick walls be rent, Thou, Lord of old,
Didst strengthen Samson, when enchained and blind
He bore the bitter seorn of his proud foes.
Trusting in thee, he seized with mighty power
The pillars of his prison, bowed himself,
And overthrew the structure.

Soldier. Triumph! How?

Sold. The king is taken!

Johanna (springing up). Then God be gracious to me! [She seizes her chains violently with both hands, and breaks them asunder. At the same moment rushing upon the nearest soldier, she seizes his sword and hurries out. All gaze after her, transfixed with astonishment.

Scene XII.

The same, without Johanna.

ISABEL (after a long pause).

How was it? Did I dream? Where is she gone? How did she break these ponderous iron chains? A world could not have made me credit it, If I had not beheld it with these eyes.

Solder (from the tower).

How? Hath she wings? Hath the wind borne her down?

Isabel. Is she below?

Soldier. She strides amidst the fight:
Her course outspeeds my sight — Now she is here —
Now there — I see her everywhere at once!
— She separates the troops — all yield to her:
The scattered French collect — they form anew!

—Alas! what do I see! Our people cast

Their weapons to the ground, our banners sink—Isabel. What! Will she snatch from us the victory? Sold. She presses forward, right towards the king.

She reaches him — she bears him from the fight—

Lord Fastolfe falls — the general is taken!

ISABEL, I'll hear no more. Come down!

Sold. Fly, queen! you will be taken by surprise.

Armed soldiers are advancing tow'rds the tower.

[He comes down.

Isabel (drawing her sword). Then fight, ye cowards.

Scene IV.

LA HIRE with soldiers. At his entrance the people of the Queen lay down their arms.

La Hire (approaching her respectfully).

Queen, submit yourself —
Your knights have yielded — to resist is vain!

—Accept my proffered services. Command
Where you would be conducted.

Isabel.

Every place
The same, where I encounter not the Dauphin.

[She resigns her sword, and follows him with the soldiers.

The Scene changes to the buttle-field.

SCENE XIV.

Soldiers with flying banners occupy the background. Before them the King and the Duke of Burgundy appear, bearing Johanna in their arms; she is mortally wounded, and apparently lifeless. They advance slowly to the front of the stage. Agnes Sorel rushes in.

Sorel (throwing herself on the bosom of the King).
You're free — you live — I have you back again!
King. Yes, I am free — I am so at this price!
[Pointing to Johanna.

Sorel. Johanna! God! she's dying!

Burgundy.

An augel passeth hence! See, how she lies,
Easy and tranquil, like a sleeping child!
The peace of heaven around her features plays,
The breath of life no longer heaves her breast,
But vital warmth still lingers in her hand.

King. She's gone! She never will awaken more, Her eye will gaze no more on earthly things. She soars on high, a spirit glorified,

She seeth not our grief, our penitence. Sorel. Her eyes unclose — she lives!

Burgundy (in astonishment). Can she return
Back from the grave, triumphant e'en o'er death?

She riseth up! She standeth!

Johanna (standing up, and looking round). Where am I?

Burg. With thine own people, maiden — with thy friends!

King. Supported by thy friend, and by thy king. Johanna (after looking at him fixedly for some time).

No! I am not a sorceress! Indeed

I am not one.

King. Thou'rt holy, as an angel;
A cloud of error dimmed our mental sight.

Johanna (gazing round her with a joyful smile).

I there may show it, for I bore it truly.

- And am I really, then, among my friends,
And am no more rejected and despised?

They curse me not — kindly they look on me!
—Yes, all around me now seems clear again!
That is my king! — the banners these of France!
My banner I behold not — where is it?
Without my banner I dare not appear;
To me it was confided by my Lord,
And I before his throne must lay it down;

King (averting his face). Give her the banner!

[It is given to her. She stands quite unsupported, the banner in her hand. The heaven is illumined by a

rosy light.

Johan. See you the rainbow yonder in the air?
Its golden portals heaven doth wide unfold,
Amid the angel choir she radiant stands,
The eternal Son she claspeth to her breast,
Her arms she stretcheth forth to me in love.
How is it with me? Light clouds bear me пр—
My ponderous mail becomes a winged robe;
I mount—I fly—back rolls the dwindling earth—
Brief is the sorrow, endless is the joy!

[Her banner falls and she sinks lifeless on the ground.
All remain for some time in speechless sorrow. Upon
a signal from the King, all the banners are gently
placed over her, so that she is entirely concealed

by them.

USE OF THE CHORUS

IN TRAGEDY.

A POETICAL work must vindicate itself: if the execution be defective, little

aid can be derived from commentaries.

On these grounds I might safely leave the chorus to be its own advocate, if we had ever seen it presented in an appropriate manner. But it must be remembered that a dramatic composition first assumes the character of a whole by means of representation on the stage. The poet supplies only the words, to which, in a lyrical tragedy, music and rhythmical motion are essential accessories. It follows, then, that if the chorus is deprived of accompaniments appealing so powerfully to the senses, it will appear a superfluity in the economy of the drama—a mere hinderance to the development of the plot—destructive to the illusion of the scene, and wearisome to the spec-

To do justice to the chorus, more especially if our aims in poetry be of a grand and elevated character, we must transport ourselves from the actual to a possible stage. It is the privilege of art to furnish for itself whatever is requisite, and the accidental deficiency of auxiliaries ought not to confine the plastic imagination of the poet. He aspires to whatever is most dignified, he labors to realize the ideal in his own mind — though in the execution

of his purpose he must needs accommodate himself to circumstances.

The assertion so commonly made that the public degrades art is not well founded. It is the artist that brings the public to the level of his own conceptions; and, in every age in which art has gone to decay, it has fallen through its professors. The people need feeling alone, and feeling they possess. They take their station before the curtain with an unvoiced longing, with a multifarious capacity. They bring with them an aptitude for what is highest—they derive the greatest pleasure from what is judicious what is highest - they derive the greatest pleasure from what is judicious and true; and if, with these powers of appreciation, they deign to be satisfied with inferior productions, still, if they have once tasted what is excellent, they will in the end insist on having it supplied to them.

It is sometimes objected that the poet may labor according to an idealthat the critic may judge from ideas, but that mere executive art is subject to contingencies, and depends for effect on the occasion. Managers will be obstinate; actors are bent on display—the andience is inattentive and unruly. Their object is relaxation, and they are disappointed if mental exertion be required, when they expected only amusement. But if the theatre be made instrumental towards higher objects, the pleasure of the spectator will not be increased, but emobled. It will be a diversion, but a poetical one. All art is dedicated to pleasure, and there can be no higher and worthier end than to make men happy. The true art is that which provides the highest degree of pleasure; and this consists in the abandonment of the spirit to the free play of all its faculties. the free play of all its faculties.

Every one expects from the imaginative arts a certain emancipation from the bounds of reality: we are willing to give a scope to fancy, and recreate ourselves with the possible. The man who expects it the lenst will nevertheless forget his ordinary pursuits, his everyday existence and individuality, and experience delight from uncommon incidents:—if he be of a serious turn of mind he will acknowledge on the stage that moral government of the world which he fails to discover in real life. But he is, at the same time, perfectly aware that all is an empty show, and that in a true sense he is feeding only on dreams. When he returns from the theatre to the world of realities, he is again compressed within its narrow bounds; he is its denizen as before - for it remains what it was, and in him nothing has been changed, What, then, has he gained beyond a momentary illusive pleasure which vanished with the occasion?

It is because a passing recreation is alone desired that a mere show of truth is thought sufficient. I mean that probability or *traisemblance* which is so highly esteemed, but which the commonest workers are able to substi-

tute for the true.

Art has for its object not mcrely to afford a transient pleasure, to excite to a momentary dream of liberty; its aim is to make us absolutely free; and this it accomplishes by awakening, exercising, and perfecting in us a power to remove to an objective distance the sensible world; (which otherwise only burdens us as rugged matter, and presses us down with a brute influence;) to transform it into the free working of our spirit, and thus acquire a dominion over the material by means of ideas. For the very reason also that true art requires somewhat of the objective and real, it is not satisfied with a show of truth. It rears its ideal edifice on truth itself - on the solid and deep foundations of nature.

But how art can be at once altogether ideal, yet in the strictest sense real; now it can entirely leave the actual, and yet harmonize with nature, is a problem to the multitude; and hence the distorted views which prevail in regard to poetical and plastic works; for to ordinary judgments these two

requisites seem to counteract each other.

It is commonly supposed that one may be attained by the sacrifice of the other; — the result is a failure to arrive at either. One to whom nature has given a true sensibility, but denied the plastic imaginative power, will be a faithful painter of the real; he will adapt casual appearances, but never catch the spirit of nature. He will only reproduce to us the matter of the world, which, not being our own work, the product of our creative spirit, can never have the beneficent operation of art, of which the essence is freedom. Serious indeed, but unpleasing, is the cast of thought with which such an artist and poet dismisses us; we feel ourselves painfully thrust back into the narrow sphere of reality by means of the very art which ought to have emancipated us. On the other hand, a writer endowed with a lively fancy, but destitute of warmth and individuality of feeling, will not concern himself in the least about truth; he will sport with the stuff of the world, and endeavor to surprise by whimsical combinations; and as his whole performance is nothing but foam and glitter, he will, it is true, engage the attention for a time, but build up and confirm nothing in the understanding. His playfulness is, like the gravity of the other, thoroughly unpoetical. To string together at will fantastical images is not to travel into the realm of the ideal; and the imitational control of the ideal. tive reproduction of the actual cannot be called the representation of nature. Both requisites stand so little in contradiction to each other that they are rather one and the same thing; that art is only true insonneh as it altogether forsakes the actual, and becomes purely ideal. Nature herself is an idea of the mind, and is never presented to the senses. She lies under the veil of appearances, but is herself never apparent. To the art of the ideal alone is lent, or rather absolutely given, the privilege to grasp the spirit of the all and bind it in a corporeal form.

Yet, in truth, even art cannot present it to the senses, but by means of her creative power to the imaginative faculty alone; and it is thus that she becomes more true than all reality, and more real than all experience. It follows from these premises that the artist can use no single element taken from reality as he finds it — that his work must be ideal in all its parts, if it be designed to have, as it were, an intrinsic reality, and to harmonize with

nature.

What is true of art and poetry, in the abstract, holds good as to their various kinds; and we may apply what has been advanced to the subject of tragedy. In this department it is still necessary to controvert the ordinary notion of the natural, with which poetry is altogether incompatible. A certain ideality has been allowed in painting, though, I fear, on grounds rather conventional than intrinsic; but in dramatic works what is desired is allusion, which, if it could be accomplished by means of the actual,

would be, at best, a paltry deception. All the externals of a theatrical representation are opposed to this notion; all is merely a symbol of the real. The day itself in a theatre is an artificial one; the metrical dialogue is itself ideal; yet the conduct of the play must forsooth be real, and the general effect sacrificed to a part. Thus the French, who have utterly misconceived the spirit of the ancients, adopted on their stage the unities of time and place in the most common and empirical sense; as though there were any place but the bare ideal one, or any other time than the mere sequence of the incidents.

By the introduction of a metrical dialogue an important progress has been made towards the poetical tragedy. A few lyrical dramas have been successful on the stage, and poetry, by its own living energy, has triumphed over prevailing prejudices. But so long as these erroneous views are entertained little has been done — for it is not enough barely to tolerate as a poetical license that which is, in truth, the essence of all poetry. The introduction of the chorus would be the last and decisive step; and if it only served this end, namely, to declare open and honorable warfare against naturalism in art, it would be for us a living wall which tragedy had drawn around herself, to guard her from contact with the world of reality, and maintain her own ideal soil, her poetical freedom.

It is well-known that the Greek tragedy had its origin in the chorus; and though, in process of time it became independent, still it may be said that poetically, and in spirit, the chorus was the source of its existence, and that without these persevering supporters and witnesses of the incident a totally of the chorus, and the debasement of this sensibly powerful organ into the characterless substitute of a confidant, is by no means such an improvement in the tragedy as the French, and their imitators, would have it sup-

posed to be.

The old tragedy, which at first only concerned itself with gods, heroes and kings, introduced the chorus as an essential accompaniment. The poets found it in nature, and for that reason employed it. It grew out of the poetical aspect of real life. In the new tragedy it becomes an organ of art, which aids in making the poetry prominent. The modern poet no longer finds the chorus in nature; he must needs create and introduce it poetically; that is, he must resolve on such an adaption of his story as will admit of its retro-

cession to those primitive times and to that simple form of life.

The chorus thus renders more substantial service to the modern dramatist than to the old poet—and for this reason, that it transforms the commonplace actual world into the old poetleal one; that it enables him to dispense with all that is repugnant to poetry, and conducts him back to the most simple, original, and genuine motives of action. The palaces of kings are in these days closed — courts of justice have been transferred from the gates of cities to the interior of buildings; writing has narrowed the province of speech; the people itself—the sensibly living mass—when it does not operate as brute force, has become a part of the civil polity, and thereby an abstract idea in our minds; the deities have returned within the bosoms of mankind. The poet must reopen the palaces — he must place courts of justice beneath the camply of heaven — restore the gods, reproduce every extreme which the artificial frame of actual life has abolished - throw aside every factitious influence on the mind or condition of man which impedes the manifestation of his inward nature and primitive character, as the statuary rejects modern costume: - and of all external circumstances adopts nothing but what is palpable in the highest of forms - that of humanity.

But precisely as the painter throws around his figures drapertes of ample volume, to fill up the space of his picture richly and gracefully, to arrange its several parts in harmonious masses, to give due play to color, which charms and refreshes the eye—and at once to envelop human forms in a spiritual veil, and make them visible - so the tragic poet inlays and entwines his rigidly contracted plot and the strong outlines of his characters with a tissue of lyrical magnificence, in which, as in flowing robes of purple, they move freely and nobly, with a sustained dignity and exalted repose.

In a higher organization, the material, or the elementary, need not be visible; the chemical color vanishes in the fluer tints of the imaginative one. The material, however, has its peculiar effect, and may be included in an artistical composition. But it must deserve its place by animation, fulness and harmony, and give value to the ideal forms which it surrounds, instead of stifling them by its weight.

In respect of the pictorial art, this is obvious to ordinary apprehension, yet in poetry likewise, and in the tragical kind, which is our immediate subject, the same doctrine holds good. Whatever fascinates the senses alone is mere matter, and the rude element of a work of art: - if it takes the lead it will inevitably destroy the poetical - which lies at the exact medium between the ideal and the sensible. But man is so constituted that he is ever impatient to pass from what is fanciful to what is common; and reflection must, therefore, have its place even in tragedy. But to merit this place it must, by means of delivery, recover what it wants in actual life; for if the two elements of poetry, the ideal and the sensible, do not operate with an inward mutuality, they must at least act as allies—or poetry is out of the question. If the balance be not intrinsically perfect, the equipoise can only be maintained by the received by the contribution of both and the contribution of the co tained by an agitation of both scales.

This is what the chorus effects in tragedy. It is, in itself, not an individual but a general conception; yet it is represented by a palpable body which appeals to the senses with an imposing grandeur. It forsakes the contracted sphere of the incidents to dilate itself over the past and the future, over distant times and nations, and general humanity, to deduce the grand results of life, and pronounce the lessons of wisdom. But all this it does with the full power of fancy — with a bold lyrical freedom which ascends, as with godlike step, to the topmost height of worldly things; and it effects it in conjunction with the whole sensible influence of melody and rhythm, in tones

and movements.

The chorns thus exercises a purifying influence on tragic poetry, insomuch as it keeps reflection apart from the incidents, and by this separation arms it with a poetical vigor; as the painter, by means of a rich drapery, changes the ordinary poverty of costume into a charm and an ornament.

But as the painter finds himself obliged to strengthen the tone of color of

the living subject, in order to counterbalance the material influences - so the thy its disject; in order to counterbalance the material infinites—so the lyrical effusions of the chorus impose upon the poet the necessity of a proportionate elevation of his general diction. It is the chorus alone which entitles the poet to employ this fulness of tone, which at once charms the senses, pervades the spirit, and expands the mind. This one giant form on his canvas obliges him to mount all his figures on the cothurnus, and thus impart a tragical grandeur to his picture. If the chorus be taken away, the diction of the tragedy must generally be lowered, or what is now great and majestic will appear forced and overstrained. The old chorns introduced into the French tragedy would present it in all its poverty, and reduce it to nothing; yet, without doubt, the same accompaniment would impart to

Shakspeare's tragedy its true significance.

As the chorus gives life to the language - so also it gives repose to the action; but it is that beautiful and lofty repose which is the characteristic of a true work of art. For the mind of the spectator ought to maintain its freedom through the most impassioned scenes; it should not be the mere prey of impressions, but calmly and severely detach itself from the emotions which it suffers. The commonplace objection made to the chorns, that it disturbs the illusion, and blunts the edge of the feelings, is what constitutes its highest recommendation; for it is this blind force of the affections which the true artist deprecates - this illusion is what he disdains to excite. If the strokes which tragedy inflicts on our bosoms followed without respite, the passion would overpower the action. We should mix ourselves up with the subject-matter, and no longer stand above it. It is by holding asunder the different parts, and stepping between the passions with its composing views, that the chorus restores to us our freedom, which would else be lost in the tempest. The characters of the drama need this intermission in order to collect themselves; for they are no real beings who obey the impulse of the moment, and mercly represent individuals - but ideal persons and reptesentatives of their species, who enunciate the deep things of humanity.

Thus much on my attempt to revive the old chorus on the tragic stage. It is true that choruses are not unknown to modern tragedy; but the chorus of the Greek drama, as I have employed it—the chorus, as a single ideal person, furthering and accompanying the whole plot—is of an entirely distinct character; and when, in discussion on the Greek tragedy, I hear mention made of choruses, I generally suspect the speaker's ignorance of his subject.

In my view the chorus has never been reproduced since the decline of the

old tragedy.

I have divided it into two parts, and represented it in contest with itself; but this occurs where it acts as a real person, and as an unthinking multitude. As chorus and an ideal person it is always one and entire. I have also several times dispensed with its presence on the stage. For this liberty I have the example of Æschylus, the creator of tragedy, and Sophocles, the

greatest master of his art.

Another license it may be more difficult to excuse. I have blended together the Christian religion and the pagan mythology, and introduced recollections of the Moorish superstition. But the scene of the drama is Messina—where these three religions either exercised a living influence, or appealed to the senses in monumental remains—Besides, I consider it a privilege of poetry to deal with different religions as a collective whole, in which everything that bears an individual character, and expresses a peculiar mode of feeling, has its place. Religion itself, the idea of a Divine Power, lies under the veil of all religions; and it must be permitted to the poet to represent it in the form which appears the most appropriate to his subject.



THE BRIDE OF MESSINA.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

ISABELLA, Princess of Messina.
DON MANUEL | her Sons.
BEATRICE.
DIEGO, an ancient Servant.

MESSENGERS. THE ELDERS OF MESSINA, mute. THE CHORUS, consisting of the Followers of the two Princes.

Scene I.

A spacious hall, supported on columns, with entrances on both sides; at the back of the stage a large folding-door leading to a chapel.

Donna Isabella in mourning; the Elders of Messina.

Isab. Forth from my silent chamber's deep recesses,
Gray Fathers of the State, miwillingly
I come; and, shrinking from your gaze, uplift
The veil that shades my widowed brows: the light
And glory of my days is fled forever!
And best in solitude and kindred gloom
To hide these sable weeds, this grief-worn frame,
Beseems the mourner's heart. A mighty voice
Inexorable — dnty's stern command,
Calls me to light again.

Not twice the moon
Has filled her orb since to the tomb ye bore
My princely spouse, your city's lord, whose arm
Against a world of envious foes around
Harled fierce defiance! Still his spirit lives
In his heroic sons, their country's pride:
Ye marked how sweetly from their childhood's bloom
They grew in joyons promise to the years
Of manhood's strength; yet in their secret hearts,

From some mysterious root accursed, upsprung Unmitigable, deadly hate, that spurned All kindred ties, all youthful, fond affections, Still ripening with their thoughtful age; not mine The sweet accord of family bliss; though each Awoke a mother's rapture; each alike Smiled at my nourishing breast! for me alone Yet lives one mutual thought, of children's love; In these tempestuous souls discovered else By mortal strife and thirst of fierce revenge.

While yet their father reigned, his stern control Tamed their hot spirits, and with iron yoke To awful justice bowed their stubborn will: Obedient to his voice, to outward seeming They calmed their wrathful mood, nor in array Ere met, of hostile arms; yet unappeased Sat brooding malice in their bosoms' depths: They little reck of hidden springs whose power Can quell the torrent's fury: scaree their sire In death had closed his eyes, when, as the spark That long in smouldering embers sullen lay, Shoots forth a towering flame; so unconfined Burst the wild storm of brothers' hate triumphant O'er nature's holiest bands. Ye saw, my friends, Your country's bleeding wounds, when princely strife Woke discord's maddening fires, and ranged her sons In mutual deadly conflict; all around Was heard the clash of arms, the din of carnage, And e'en these halls were stained with kindred gore.

Torn was the state with civil rage, this heart With pangs that mothers feel; alas, unmindful Of aught but public woes, and pitiless You sought my widow's chamber — there with taunts And fierce reproaches for your country's ills From that polluted spring of brother's hate Derived, invoked a parent's warning voice, And threatening told of people's discontent And princes' crimes! "Ill-fated land! now wasted By thy unnatural sons, ere long the prey Of foeman's sword! Oh, haste," you cried, "and end This strife! bring peace again, or soon Messina

Shall bow to other lords." Your stern decree Prevailed; this heart, with all a mother's auguish O'erlabored, owned the weight of public cares. I flew, and at my children's feet, distracted, A suppliant lay; till to my prayers and tears The voice of nature answered in their breasts!

Here in the palace of their sires, unarmed, In peaceful guise Messina shall behold The long inveterate foes; this is the day! E'en now I wait the messenger that brings The tidings of my sons' approach: be ready To give your princes joyful welcome home With reverence such as vassals may be seem. Bethink ye to fulfil your subject duties, And leave to better wisdom weightier cares. Dire was their strife to them, and to the State Fruitful of ills; yet, in this happy bond Of peace united, know that they are mighty To stand against a world in arms, nor less Enforce their sovereign will—against yourselves.

[The Elders retire in silence; she beckons to an old attendant, who remains.

Diego!

Dego.

Isab. Old faithful servant, thou true heart, come near me;
Sharer of all a mother's woes, be thine
The sweet communion of her joys: my treasure
Shrined in thy heart, my dear and holy secret
Shall pierce the envious veil, and shine triumphant
To cheerful day; too long by harsh decrees,
Silent and overpowered, affection yet
Shall utterance find in Nature's tones of rapture!
And this unprisoned heart leap to the embrace
Of all it holds most dear, returned to glad
My desolate halls;

So bend thy aged steps
To the old cloisteresd anctuary that guards
The darling of my soul, whose innocence
To thy true love (sweet pledge of happier days)!
Trusting I gave, and asked from fortune's storm
A resting-place and shrine. Oh, in this hour

Of bliss, the dear reward of all thy eares. Give to my longing arms my child again!

[Trumpets are heard in the distance. Haste! be thy footsteps winged with joy — I hear The trumpet's blast, that tells in warlike accents My sons are near:

[Exit Diego. Music is heard in an opposite direction,

and becomes gradually louder.

Messina is awake!

Hark! how the stream of tongues hoarse murmuring Rolls on the breeze, —'tis they! my mother's heart Feels their approach, and beats with mighty throes Responsive to the loud, resounding march! They come! they come! my children! oh, my children!

The Chorus enters.

(It consists of two semi-choruses which enter at the same time from opposite sides, and after marching round the stage range themselves in rows, each on the side by which it entered. One semi-chorus consists of young knights, the other of older ones, each has its peculiar costume and ensigns. When the two choruses stand opposite to each other, the march ceases, and the two leaders speak.)*

First Chorus (Cajetan).

I greet ye, glittering halls
Of olden time!
Cradle of kings! Hail! lordly roof,
In pillared majesty sublime!

Sheathed be the sword!

In chains before the portal lies
The fiend with tresses snake-entwined,
Fell Discord! Gently treat the inviolate floor!

Peace to this royal dome!
Thus by the Furies' brood we swore,
And all the dark, avenging Deities!

^{*} The first chorus consists of Cajetan, Berengar, Manfred, Tristan, and eight followers of Don Manuel. The second of Bohemund, Roger, Hippolyte, and nine others of the party of Don Casar.

Second Chorus (Bonemund).

I rage! I burn! and scarce refrain To lift the glittering steel on high, For, lo! the Gorgon-visaged train Of the detested forman nigh: Shall I my swelling heart control? To parley deign — or still in mortal strife The tumult of my soul?

Dire sister, guardian of the spot, to thee Awe-struck I bend the knee, Nor dare with arms profane thy deep tranquillity!

First Chorus (Cajetan).

Welcome the peaceful strain! Together we adore the guardian power

Of these august abodes! Sacred the hour

To kindred brotherly ties

And reverend, holy sympathies; --Our hearts the genial charm shall own,

And melt awhile at friendship's soothing tone: -

But when in yonder plain We meet—then peace away! Come gleaming arms, and battle's deadly fray!

The whole Chorus.

But when in yonder plain We meet — then peace away! Come gleaming arms, and battle's deadly fray!

First Chorus (Berengar).

I hate thee not — nor eall thee foe, My brother! this our native earth, The land that gave our fathers birth:— Of chief's beliest the slave decreed, The vassal draws the sword at need, For chieftain's rage we strike the blow, For stranger lords our kindred blood must flow.

Second Chorus (Bonemund).

Hate fires their souls — we ask not why; — At honor's call to fight and die,

Boast of the true and brave! Unworthy of a soldier's name Who burns not for his chieftain's fame!

The whole Chorus.

Unworthy of a soldier's name Who burns not for his chieftain's fame!

One of the Chorus (BERENGAR).

Thus spoke within my bosom's core
The thought — as hitherward I strayed;

And pensive 'mid the waving store, I mused, of autumn's yellow glade:— These gifts of nature's bounteous reign,— The teeming earth, and golden grain, You elins, among whose leaves entwine The tendrils of the clustering vine; -Gay children of our sunny clime, — Region of spring's eternal prime! Each charm should woo to love and joy, No cares the dream of bliss annoy, And pleasure through life's summer day Speed every laughing hour away. We rage in blood, —oh, dire disgrace! For this usurping, alien race; From some far distant land they came, Beyond the sun's departing flame. And owned upon our friendly shore The welcome of our sires of yore. Alas! their sons in thraldom pine, The vassals of this stranger line.

A second (Manfred).

Yes! pleased, on our land, from his azure way, The sun ever smiles with unclouded ray. But never, fair isle, shall thy sons repose 'Mid the sweets which the faithless waves enclose. On their bosom they waited the corsair bold, With his dreaded barks to our coast of old. For thee was thy dower of beauty vain, 'Twas the treasure that lured the spoiler's train.

Oh, ne'er from these smiling vales shall rise
A sword for our vanquished liberties;
'Tis not where the laughing Ceres reigns,
And the jocund lord of the flowery plains:

Where the iron lies hid in the mountain eave,
Is the eradle of empire — the home of the brave!

[The folding-doors at the back of the stage are thrown open. Donna Isabella appears between her sons,
Don Manuel and Don Cæsar.

Both Choruses (Cajetan).

Lift high the notes of praise!
Behold! where lies the awakening sun,
She comes, and from her queenly brow
Shoots glad, inspiring rays.
Mistress, we bend to thee!

First Chorus.

Fair is the moon amid the starry choir
That twinkle o'er the sky,
Shining in silvery, mild tranquillity;
The mother with her sons more fair!
See! blooming at her side,
She leads the royal, youthful pair;
With gentle grace, and soft, maternal pride,
Attempering sweet their manly fire.

Second Chorus (Berengar).

From this fair stem a beauteous tree
With ever-springing boughs shall smile,
And with immortal verdure shade our isle;
Mother of heroes, joy to thee!
Triumphant as the sun thy kingly race
Shall spread from clime to clime,
And give a deathless name to rolling time!

Isabella (comes forward with her Sons).

Look down! benignant Queen of Heaven, and still,
This proud tumultuous heart, that in my breast
Swells with a mother's tide of eestasy,
As blazoned in these noble youths, my image
More perfect shows; — Oh, blissful hour! the first

That comprehends the fulness of my joy,
When long-constrained affection dares to pour
In unison of transport from my heart,
Unchecked, a parent's undivided love:
Oh! it was ever one — my sons were twain.
Say — shall I revel in the dreams of bliss,
And give my soul to nature's dear emotions?
Is this warm pressure of thy brother's hand
A dagger in thy breast?

[To Don Manuelle

Feed on that brow with love's enraptured gaze, Is it a wrong to thee?

Or when my eyes love's enraptured gaze, Trembling, I pause,

Lest e'en affection's breath should wake the fires Of slumbering hate.

[After regarding both with inquiring looks.
Speak! In your secret hearts
What purpose dwells? Is it the ancient feud
Unreconciled, that in your father's halls
A moment stilled; beyond the castle gates,
Where sits infuriate war, and champs the bit—
Shall rage anew in mortal, bloody conflict?

Chorus (Bonemund).

Concord or strife — the fate's decree Is bosomed yet in dark futurity! What comes, we little heed to know, Prepared for aught the hour may show!

Isabella (looking round).

What mean these arms? this warlike, dread array, That in the palace of your sires portends
Some fearful issue? needs a mother's heart
Outpoured, this rugged witness of her joys?
Say, in these folding arms shall treason hide
The deadly snare? Oh, these rude, pitiless men,
The ministers of your wrath!—trust not the show
Of seeming friendship; treachery in their breasts
Lurks to betray, and long-dissembled hate.
Ye are a race of other lands; your sires
Profaned their soil; and ne'er the invader's yoke
Was easy—never in the vassal's heart

Languished the hope of sweet revenge; — our sway Not rooted in a people's love, but owns Allegiance from their fears; with secret joy — For conquest's ruthless sword, and thraldom's chains From age to age, they wait the atoning hour Of princes' downfall; — thus their bards awake The patriot strain, and thus from sire to son Rehearsed, the old traditionary tale Beguiles the winter's night. False is the world, My sons, and light are all the specious ties By fancy twined: friendship — deceitful name! Its gaudy flowers but deck our summer fortune, To wither at the first rude breath of autumn! So happy to whom heaven has given a brother; The friend by nature signed — the true and steadfast!

Nature alone is honest — nature only — When all we trusted strews the wintry shore — On her eternal anchor lies at rest, Nor heeds the tempest's rage.

DON MANUEL.

My mother!

DON CÆSAR.

Hear me!

ISABELLA (taking their hands).

Be noble, and forget the fancied wrongs Of boyhood's age: more godlike is forgiveness Than victory, and in your father's grave Should sleep the ancient hate: — Oh, give your days

Renewed henceforth to peace and holy love!

She recedes one or two steps, as if to give them space to approach each other. Both fix their eyes on the ground without regarding one another.

Isabella (after awaiting for some time, with suppressed emotion, a demonstration on the part of her sons).

I can no more; my prayers — my tears are vain: — 'Tis well! obey the demon in your hearts! Fulfil your dread intent, and stain with blood The holy altars of your household gods; -These halls that gave you birth, the stage where $_{
m min}$ rder

Shall hold his festival of mutual carnage Beneath a mother's eye! — then, foot to foot, Close, like the Theban pair, with maddening gripe, And fold each other in a last embrace! Each press with vengeful thrust the dagger home, And "Victory!" be your shriek of death: — nor then Shall discord rest appeased; the very flame That lights your funeral pyre shall tower dissevered In ruddy columns to the skies, and tell With horrid image — "thus they lived and died!"

[She goes away; the Brothers stand as before

Chorus (Cajetan).

How have her words with soft control Resistless calmed the tempest of my soul!

No guilt of kindred blood be mine!

Thus with uplifted hands I pray;

Think, brothers, on the awful day,

And tremble at the wrath divine!

DON CÆSAR (without taking his eyes from the ground).
Thou art my elder — speak — without dishonor
I yield to thee.

Don Manuel. One gracious word, an instant, My tongue is rival in the strife of love!

Don C. I am the guiltier — weaker —

Don Manuel. Say not so! Who doubts thy noble heart, knows thee not well; Thy words were prouder, if thy soul were mean.

Don C. It burns indignant at the thought of wrong—But thou—methinks, in passion's fiercest mood, 'Twas aught but scorn that harbored in thy breast.

Don M. Oh! had I known thy spirit thus to peace Inclined, what thousand griefs had never torn A mother's heart!

Don Cæsar. I find thee just and true:

Men spoke thee proud of soul.

Don Manuel. The curse of greatness! Ears ever open to the babbler's tale.

Don C. Thou art too proud to meanness — I to false-hood!

Don M. We're deceived, betrayed!

Don Cæsar. The sport of frenzy! Don M. And said my mother true, false is the world?

Don C. Believe her, false as air.

Give me thy hand! DON MANUEL.

DON C. And thine be ever next my heart!

They stand clasping each other's hands, and regard each other in silence.

DON MANUEL. I gaze Upon thy brow, and still behold my mother In some dear lineament.

Her image looks DON CÆSAR. From thine, and wondrous in my bosom wakes

Affection's springs.

And is it thou? — that smile DON MANUEL. Benignant on thy face ?- thy lips that charm With gracious sounds of love and dear forgiveness?

Dox C. Is this my brother, this the hated foe? His mien all gentleness and truth, his voice, Whose soft prevailing accents breathe of friendship! After a pause.

Don M. Shall aught divide us? We are one forever! Don Cæsar. [They rush into each other's arms.

IST CHORUS (to the Second).

Why stand we thus, and coldly gaze, While Nature's holy transports burn?

No dear embrace of happier days

The pledge - that discord never shall return! Brothers are they by kindred band;

We own the ties of home and native land.

Both Choruses embrace.

A Messenger enters.

2D CHORUS to DON CASAR (BOHEMUND). Rejoice, my prince, thy messenger returns: And mark that beaming smile! the harbinger Of happy tidings.

Health to me, and health MESSENGER. To this delivered state! Oh sight of bliss, That lights mine eyes with rapture! I behold Their hands in sweet accord entwined; the sons Of my departed lord, the princely pair Dissevered late by conflict's hottest rage.

Our love aspires!

Messenger. I bring another joy; My staff is green with flourishing shoots.

Don Clesar (taking him aside). Oh, tell me

Thy gladsome message.

Messenser.

On this auspicious day; long sought, the lost one Is found.

DON CESAR. Discovered! Oh, where is she? Speak! MESS. Within Messina's walls she lies concealed.

Don Manuel (turning to the 1st Semi-chorus).

A ruddy glow mounts in my brother's cheek,
And pleasure dances in his sparkling eye;
Whate'er the spring, with sympathy of love

My inmost heart partakes his joy.

Don Clesar (to the Messenger). Come, lead me; Parewell, Don Manuel; to meet again Enfolded in a mother's arms! I fly To cares of utmost need. [He is about to depart.]

Doy Manuel. Make no delay;

And happiness attend thee!

Don Casar (after a pause of reflection, he returns).

How thy looks

Awake my soul to transport! Yes, my brother, We shall be friends indeed! This hour is bright With glad presage of ever-springing love, That in the enlivening beam shall flourish fair, Sweet recompense of wasted years!

DON MANUEL. The blossom

Betokens goodly fruit.

Des C.Esar.

Reluctant from thy arms, but think not less—
If thus I break this festal hour—my heart
Thrills with a holy joy.

Don Manuel (with manifest absence of mind).

Obey the moment!

Our lives belong to love.

Don Cesar. What calls me hence —

Dox M. Enough! thou leav'st thy heart.

Don Clesar. No envious secret

Shall part us long; soon the last darkening fold Shall vanish from my breast.

Turning to the CHORUS.
Attend! Forever

Stilled is our strife; he is my deadliest foe,
Detested as the gates of hell, who dares
To blow the fires of discord; none may hope
To win my love, that with malicious tales
Encroach upon a brother's ear, and point
With busy zeal of false, officious friendship.
The dart of some rash, angry word, escaped
From passion's heat; it wounds not from the lips,
But, swallowed by suspicion's greedy ear,
Like a rank, poisonous weed, embittered creeps,
And hangs about her with a thousand shoots,
Perplexing nature's ties.

[He embraces his brother again, and goes away accom-

panied by the 2D CHORUS.

Chorus (CAJETAN). Wondering, my prince,
I gaze, for in thy looks some mystery
Strange-seeming shows: scarce with abstracted mien
And cold thou answered'st, when with earnest heart
Thy brother poured the strain of dear affection.
As in a dream thou stand'st, and lost in thought,
As though—dissevered from its earthly frame—
Thy spirit roved afar. Not thine the breast
That deaf to nature's voice, ne'er owned the throbs
Of kindred love:—nay more—like one entranced
In bliss, thou look'st around, and smiles of rapture
Play on thy cheek.

Don Manuel. How shall my lips declare
The transports of my swelling heart? My brother
Revels in glad surprise, and from his breast
Instinct with strange new-felt emotions, pourThe tide of joy; but mine — no hate came with me,
Forgot the very spring of mutual strife!
High o'er this earthly sphere, on rapture's wings,
My spirit floats; and in the azure sea,
Above — beneath — no track of envious night
Disturbs the deep serene! I view these halls,
And picture to my thoughts the timid joy

Of my sweet bride, as through the palace gates, In pride of queenly state, I lead her home. She loved alone the loving one, the stranger, And little deems that on her beauteous brow Messina's prinee shall 'twine the nuptial wreath. How sweet, with unexpected pomp of greatness, To glad the darling of my soul! too long I brook this dull delay of crowning bliss! Her beauty's self, that asks no borrowed charm, Shall shine refulgent, like the diamond's blaze That wins new lustre from the circling gold!

Chorus (Cajetan).

Long have I marked thee, prince, with curious eye, Foreboding of some mystery deep enshrined Within thy laboring breast. This day, impatient, Thy lips have burst the scal; and unconstrained Confess a lover's joy;—the gladdening chase, The Olympian coursers, and the falcon's flight Can eharm no more:—soon as the sun declines Beneath the ruddy west, thou hiest thee quick To some sequestered path, of mortal eye Unseen—not one of all our faithful train Companion of thy solitary way. Say, why so long concealed the blissful flame? Stranger to fear—ill-brooked thy princely heart One thought unuttered.

Don Manuel.

Is mortal joy; — with silence best we guard
The fiekle good; — but now, so near the goal
Of all my cherished hopes, I dare to speak.
To-morrow's sun shall see her mine! no power
Of hell can make us twain! With timid stealth
No longer will I ereep at dusky eve,
To taste the golden fruits of Cupid's tree,
And snatch a fearful, fleeting bliss: to-day
With bright to-morrow shall be one! So smooth
As runs the limpid brook, or silvery sand
That marks the flight of time, our lives shall flow
In continuity of joy!

Chorus (Cajetan). Already
Our hearts, my prince, with silent vows have blessed

Thy happy love; and now from every tongue, For her — the royal, beauteous bride — should sound The glad acclaim; so tell what nook unseen, What deep umbrageous solitude, enshrines The charmer of thy heart? With magic spells Almost I deem she mocks our gaze, for oft In eager chase we scour each rustic path And forest dell; yet not a trace betrayed The lover's haunts, ne'er were the footsteps marked Of this mysterious fair.

Don Manuel. The spell is broke!

And all shall be revealed: now list my tale:—

'Tis five months flown,—my father yet controlled

The land, and bowed our necks with iron sway;

Little I knew but the wild joys of arms,

And mimic warfare of the chase;—

One day,—
Long had we tracked the boar with zealous toil
On yonder woody ridge:—it chanced, pursuing
A snow-white hind, far from your train I roved
Amid the forest maze;—the timid beast,
Along the windings of the narrow vale,
Through rocky cleft and thick-entangled brake,
Flew onward, scarce a moment lost, nor distant
Beyond a javelin's throw; nearer I came not,
Nor took an aim; when through a garden's gate,
Sudden she vanished:—from my horse quick springing,

I followed: — lo! the poor scared creature lay Stretched at the fect of a young, beauteous man, That strove with fond caress of her fair hands To still its throbbing heart: wondering, I gazed, And motionless — my spear, in act to strike, High poised — while she, with her large pitcous eyes For mercy sucd — and thus we stood in silence Regarding one another.

How long the pause I know not—time itself forgot;—it seemed Eternity of bliss: her glance of sweetness Flew to my soul; and quick the subtle flame Pervaded all my heart:—

But what I spoke,
And how this blessed creature answered, none
May ask; it floats upon my thought, a dream
Of childhood's happy dawn! Soon as my sense
Returned, I felt her bosom throb responsive
To mine,—then fell melodious on my ear
The sound, as of a convent bell, that called.
To vesper song; and, like some shadowy vision
That melts in air, she flitted from my sight,
And was beheld no more.

Chorus (Cajetan). Thy story thrills
My breast with pious awe! Prince, thou hast robbed
The sanetuary, and for the bride of heaven
Burned with unholy passion! Oh, remember
The cloister's sacred vows!

DON MANUEL. Theneeforth one path My footsteps wooed; the fickle train was still Of young desires — new felt my being's aim, My soul revealed! and as the pilgrim turns His wistful gaze, where, from the orient sky, With gracious lustre beams Redemption's star; — So to that brightest point of heaven, her presence, My hopes and longings centred all. No sun Sank in the western waves, but smiled farewell To two united lovers:—thus in stillness Our hearts were twined, — the all-seeing air above us Alone the faithful witness of our joys! Oh, golden hours! Oh, happy days! nor Heaven Indignant viewed our bliss; - no vows enchained Her spotless soul; naught but the link which bound it Eternally to mine!

Chorus (Cajetan). Those hallowed walls, Perehanee the calm retreat of tender youth,

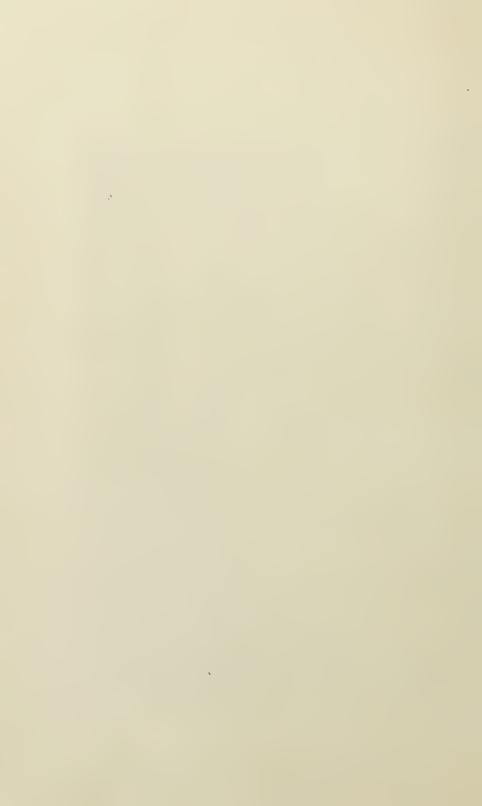
No living grave?

Don Manuel. In infant innocence Consigned a holy pledge, ne'er has she left Her cloistered home.

Chorus (Cajetan). But what her royal line? The noble only spring from noble stem.

Dox M. A secret to herself,—she ne'er has learned Her name or fatherland.





And not a trace Chorus (Cajetan). Guides to her being's undiscovered springs?

Don M. An old domestie, the sole messenger Sent by her unknown mother, oft bespeaks her Of kingly race.

And hast thou won naught else Chorus (Cajetan).

From her garrulous age?

Too much I feared to peril DON MANUEL.

My secret bliss!

What were his words? What Chorus (Cajetan). tidings

He bore — perchance thou know'st.

DON MANUEL. Oft he has eheered her With promise of a happier time, when all Shall be revealed.

Oh, say — betokens aught Chorus (Cajetan).

The time is near?

DON MANUEL. Not distant far the day That to the arms of kindred love once more Shall give the long forsaken, orphaned maid — Thus with mysterious words the aged man Has shadowed oft what most I dread — for awe Of change disturbs the soul supremely blest: Nay, more; but yesterday his message spoke The end of all my joys—this very dawn, He told, should smile auspicious on her fate, And light to other seenes - no precious hour Delayed my quick resolves — by night I bore her In secret to Messina.

Rash the deed Chorus (Cajetan). Of sacrilegious spoil! forgive, my prince, The bold rebuke; thus to unthinking youth Old age may speak in friendship's warning voice.

Don M. Hard by the convent of the Carmelites, In a sequestered garden's tranquil bound, And safe from eurious eyes, I left her, — hastening To meet my brother: trembling there she counts The slow-paced hours, nor deems how soon triumphant

In queenly state, high on the throne of fame,

Messina shall behold my timid bride.

For next, encompassed by your knightly train, With pomp of greatness in the festal show, Her lover's form shall meet her wondering gaze! Thus will I lead her to my mother; thus White countless thousands on her passage wait Amid the loud acclaim—the royal bride Shall reach my palace gates!

Chorus (CALETAN). Command us, prince,

We live but to obey!

I tore myself DON MANUEL. Reluctant from her arms; my every thought Shall still be hers: so come along, my friends, To where the turbaned merchant spreads his store Of fabries gold enwrought with curious art; And all the eathered wealth of eastern climes. First choose the well formed sandals—meet to grand And grace her delicate feet; then for her robe — The tissue, pure as Etha's snow that lies Nearest the sun - light as the wreathy mist At summer dawn — so playful let it float About her airy limbs. A girdle next, Purple with gold embroidered o'er, to bind With witching grace the tunic that confines Her bosom's swelling charms: of silk the mantle, Gorgeous with like empurphed buck, and fixed With clasp of gold - remember, too, the bracelets To gird her beauteons arms; nor leave the treasure Of ocean's pearly deeps and coral caves. About her locks entwine a diadem Of purest genus—the ruby's fiery glow Commingling with the emerald's green. A veil, From her tiara pendent to her feet, Like a bright fleecy cloud shall circle round Her slender form; and let a myrtle wreath Crown the enchanting whole!

Chorus (Carriag). We haste, my prince.
Amid the Bazar's glittering rows, to call
Each rich adornment.

Dos Mascal. From my stables lead A palfrey, milk-white as the steeds that draw The chariot of the sun; purple the housings, The bridle sparkling o'er with precions gents, For it shall bear my queen! Yourselves be ready With transpet's cheerful clang, in martial train To lead your mistress home: let two attend me, The rest await my quick return; and each Guard well my secret purpose.

[He goes away accompanied by two of the Chouns,

Chorus (CAJETAN).

The princely strife is o'er, and say,
What sport shall wing the slow-paced hours,

And chent the tedious day?

With hope and fenr's enlivening zest Disturb the slumber of the breast, And wake life's dull, introubled sea With freshening airs of gay variety.

One of the Chorus (MANFHED).

Lovely is peace! A beauteous boy, Conched lastless by the rivulet's glassy tide, 'Mid nature's tranquil seene,

He views the lambs that skip with innocent joy, And crop the meadow's flowering pride: — Then with his flate's eachanting sound,

Then with his finite's enemating sound He wakes the mountain echoes round,

Or slumbers in the sunset's ruddy sheen,
Lulled by the murmuring melody.
But war for me long spirit's treasure,
Its stern delight, and wilder pleusure:
I love the peril and the pain,
And revel in the surge of fortune's boisterous main!

A second (BERENGAR).

Is there not love, and beauty's smale That lures with soft, resistless wile?
"Tis thrilling hope! 'tis rapturous fear 'Tis heaven upon this mortal sphere; When at her feet we bend the knee, And own the glance of kndred ecstasy! For ever on life's checkered way,

"Tis lave that tints the darkening base of care

With soft benigment rny:

The mirthful daughter of the wave,
Celestial Venus ever fair,
Enchants our happy spring with fancy's gleam,
And wakes the airy forms of passion's golden dream.

First (Manfred).

To the wild woods away!

Quick let us follow in the train

Of her, chaste huntress of the silver bow;

And from the rocks amain

Track through the forest gloom the bounding roe,

The war-god's merry bride,

The chase recalls the battle's fray,

And kindles victory's pride:—

Up with the streaks of early morn,

We scour with jocund hearts the misty vale,

Loud echoing to the cheerful horn—

Over mountain— over dale—

And every languid sense repair,

Bathed in the rushing streams of cold, reviving air.

Second (Berengar).

Or shall we trust the ever-moving sea, The azure goddess, blithe and free. Whose face, the mirror of the cloudless sky, Lures to her bosom wooingly? Quick let us build on the dancing waves A floating castle gay, And merrily, merrily, swim away! Who ploughs with venturous keel the brine Of the ocean crystalline — His bride is fortune, the world his own, For him a harvest blooms unsown:— Here, like the wind that swift careers The circling bound of earth and sky, Flits ever-changeful destiny! Of airy chance 'tis the sportive reign, And hope ever broods on the boundless main!

A third (CAJETAN).

Nor on the watery waste alone Of the tumultuous, heaving sea;— On the firm earth that sleeps secure, Based on the pillars of eternity. Say, when shall mortal joy endure? New bodings in my anxious breast,

Waked by this sudden friendship, rise; Ne'er would I choose my home of rest On the stilled lava-stream, that cold

Beneath the mountain lies:

Not thus was discord's flame controlled —

Too deep the rooted hate — too long
They brooded in their sullen hearts
O'er unforgotten, treasured wrong.
In warning visions oft dismayed,

I read the signs of coming woe; And now from this mysterious maid

My bosom tells the dreaded ills shall flow:

Unblest, I deem, the bridal chain

Shall knit their secret loves, accursed With holy cloisters' spoil profane. No crooked paths to virtue lead; Ill fruit has ever sprung from evil seed!

BERENGAR.

And thus to sad unhallowed rites
Of an ill-omened nuptial tie,
Too well ye know their father bore
A bride of mournful destiny,
Torn from his sire, whose awful curse has sped
Heaven's vengeance on the impious bed!
This fierce, unnatural rage atones
A parent's crime — decreed by fate,
Their mother's offspring, strife and hate!

[The scene changes to a garden opening on the sea.

BEATRICE (steps forward from an alcove. She walks to and fro with an agitated air, looking round in every direction. Suddenly she stands still and listens.) No! 'tis not he: 'twas but the playful wind Rustling the pine-tops. To his ocean bed The sun declines, and with o'erwearied heart I count the lagging hours: an iey chill Creeps through my frame; the very solitude And awful silence fright my trembling soul! Where'er I turnn aught meets my gaze — he leaves

Forsaken and alone!

And like a rushing stream the eity's hum Floats on the breeze, and dull the mighty sea Rolls murmuring to the rocks: I shrink to nothing With horrors compassed round; and like the leaf, Borne on the autumn blast, am hurried onward Through boundless space.

Alas! that e'er I left

My peaceful eell—no eares, no fond desires
Disturbed my breast, unruffled as the stream
That glides in sunshine through the verdant mead:
Nor poor in joys. Now—on the mighty surge
Of fortune, tempest-tossed—the world enfolds me
With giant arms! Forgot my childhood's ties
I listened to the lover's flattering tale—
Listened, and trusted! From the sacred dome
Allured—betrayed—for sure some hell-born magic
Enchained my frenzied sense—I fled with him,
The invader of religion's dread abodes!
Where art thou, my beloved? Haste—return—
With thy dear presence calm my struggling soul!

[She listens.]

Hark! the sweet voice! No! 'twas the echoing surge That beats upon the shore; alas! he comes not. More faintly, o'er the distant waves, the sun Gleams with expiring ray; a deathlike shudder Creeps to my heart, and sadder, drearier grows E'en desolation's self.

[She walks to fro, and then listens again. Yes! from the thicket shade

A voice resounds! 'tis he! the loved one! No fond illusion mocks my listening ear. 'Tis louder — nearer: to his arms I fly — To his breast!

[She rushes with outstretched arms to the extremity of the garden. Don Casar meets her.

DON CASAR. BEATRICE.

Beatrice (starting back in horror)

What do I see?

At the same moment the Chorus comes forward. Don Cæsar. Angelic sweetness! fear not.

To the Chorus.

Retire! your gleaming arms and rude array

Affright the timorous maid. To BEATRICE. Fear nothing! beauty

And virgin shame are sacred in my eyes.

[The Chorus steps aside. He approaches and takes her hand.

Where hast thou been? for sure some envious power Has hid thee from my gaze: long have I sought thee: E'en from the hour when 'mid the funeral rites Of the dead prince, like some angelic vision, Lit with eelestial brightness, on my sight Thou shonest, no other image in my breast Waking or dreaming, lives; nor to thyself Unknown thy potent spells; my glance of fire, My faltering accents, and my hand that lay Trembling in thine, bespoke my ecstasy! Aught else with solemn majesty the rite And holy place forbade:

The bell proclaimed The awful sacrifiee! With downcast eyes, And kneeling I adored: soon as I rose, And caught with eager gaze thy form again, Sudden it vanished; yet, with mighty magie Of love enchained, my spirit tracked thy presence; Nor ever, with unwearied quest, I cease At palace gates, amid the temple's throng, In secret paths retired, or public scenes, Where beauteous innocence perchance might rove, To mark each passing form — in vain; but, guided By some propitious deity this day One of my train, with happy vigilance, Espied thee in the neighboring church.

[Beatrice, who had stood trembling with averted eyes, here makes a gesture of terror.

Once more; and may the spirit from this frame Be severed ere we part! Now let me snatch This glad, auspicious moment, and defy Or chance, or envious demon's power, to shake Henceforth my solid bliss; here I proclaim thee, Before this listening warlike train my bride, With pledge of knightly honors!

[He shows her to the Chorus Who thou art,

I ask not: thou art mine! But that thy soul And birth are pure alike one glance informed My inmost heart; and though thy lot were mean, And poor thy lowly state, yet would I strain thee With rapture to my arms: no choice remains, Thou art my love — my wife! Know too, that lifted On fortune's height, I spurn control; my will Can raise thee to the pinnaele of greatness — Enough my name — I am Don Cæsar! None Is nobler in Messina!

[Beatrice starts back in amazement. He remarks her agitation, and after a pause continues.

What a grace

Lives in thy soft surprise and modest silence!
Yes! gentle humbleness is beauty's crown—
The beautiful forever hid, and shrinking
From its own lustre: but thy spirit needs
Repose, for aught of strange—e'en sudden joy—
Is terror-fraught. I leave thee.

Turning to the Chorus. From this hour

She is your mistress, and my bride; so teach her With honors due to entertain the pomp Of queenly state. I will return with speed, And lead her home as fits Messina's princess.

[He goes away.

Beatrice and the Chorus.

Chorus (Bonemund).

Fair maiden — hail to thee, Thou lovely queen! Thine is the crown, and thine the victory! Of heroes to a distant age,
The blooming mother thou shalt shine,
Preserver of this kingly line.

(Roger).

And thrice I bid thee hail,
Thou happy fair!
Sent in auspicious hour to bless
This favored race — the god's peculiar care.
Here twine the immortal wreaths of fame
And evermore, from sire to son,
Rolls on the seeptered sway,
To heirs of old renown, a race of deathless name!

(Bonemund.)

The household gods exultingly
Thy coming wait;
The ancient, honored sires,
That on the portals frown sedate,
Shall smile for thee!
There blooming Hebe shall thy steps attend;
And golden victory, that sits
By Jove's eternal throne, with waving plumes
For conquest ever spread,
To welcome thee from heaven descend.

(Roger.)

Ne'er from this queenly, bright array
The erown of beauty fades,—
Departing to the realms of day,
Each to the next, as good and fair,
Extends the zone of feminine grace,

And veil of purity: — Oh, happy race!

What vision glads my raptured eye!
Equal in nature's blooming pride,
I see the mother and the virgin bride.

Beatrice (awaking from her reverie). Oh, luckless hour!

Alas! ill-fated maid!

Where shall I fly
From these rude warlike men?
Lost and betrayed!
A shudder o'er me came,

When of this race accursed — the brothers twain — Their hands embrued with kindred gore,

I heard the dreaded name;
Oft told, their strife and serpent hate
With terror thrilled my bosom's core:
And now — oh, hapless fate!
I tremble, 'mid the rage of discord thrown,
Deserted and alone!

Deserted and alone: $\lceil She\ runs\ into\ the\ alcove,$

Chorus (Bohemund).

Son of the immortal deities,
And blest is he, the lord of power;
His every joy the world can give;
Of all that mortals prize
He culls the flower.

(Roger.)

For him from ocean's azure caves
The diver bears each pearl of purest ray;
Whate'er from nature's boundless field
Or toil or art has won,
Obsequious at his feet we lay;
His choice is ever free;
We bow to chance, and fortune's blind decree.

(BOHEMUND.)

But this of princes' lot I deem
The crowning treasure, joy supreme —
Of love the triumph and the prize,
The beauty, star of neighboring eyes!
She blooms for him alone,
He calls the fairest maid his own.

(Roger).

Armed for the deadly fray,
The corsair bounds upon the strand,

And drags, amid the gloom of night, away,
The shricking captive train,
Of wild desires the hapless prey;
But ne'er his lawless hands profane
The gem — the peerless flower—
Whose charms shall deck the Sultan's bower.

(Bonemund.)

Now haste and watch, with curious eye,
These hallowed precincts round,
That no presumptuous foot come nigh
The secret, solitary ground:
Guard well the maiden fair,
Your chieftain's brightest jewel owns your care.
[The Chorus withdraws to the background.

[The scene changes to a chamber in the interior of the palace.

the palace.

Donna Isabella between Don Manuel and Don Cæsar.

The long-expected, festal day is come, My children's hearts are twined in one, as thus I fold their hands. Oh, blissful hour, when first A mother dares to speak in nature's voice, And no rude presence cheeks the tide of love. The clang of arms affrights mine ear no more; And as the owls, ill-omened brood of night, From some old, shattered homestead's ruined walls, Their ancient reign, fly forth a dusky swarm, Darkening the cheerful day; when absent long, The dwellers home return with joyous shouts, To build the pile anew; so Hate departs With all his grisly train; pale Envy, scowling Malice, And hollow-eyed Suspicion; from our gates, Hoarse murmuring, to the realms of night; while Peace,

By Concord and fair Friendship led along, Comes smiling in his place. [She pauses.

But not alone This day of joy to each restores a brother; It brings a sister! Wonderstruck you gaze! Yet now the truth, in silence guarded long,

Bursts from my soul. Attend! I have a daughter: A sister lives, ordained by heaven to bind ye With ties unknown before.

Don Cæsar. We have a sister! What hast thou said, my mother? never told Her-being till this hour!

Don Manuel. In childhood's years,
Oft of a sister we have heard, untimely
Snatched in her cradle by remorseless death;
So ran the tale.

Isabella. She lives!

Don Cæsar. And thou wert silent!

ISAB. Hear how the seed was sown in early time, That now shall ripen to a joyful harvest. Ye bloomed in boyhood's tender age; e'en then By mutual, deadly hate, the bitter spring Of grief to this torn, anxious heart, dissevered; Oh, may your strife return no more! A vision, Strange and mysterious, in your father's breast Woke dire presage: it seemed that from his eoueh, With branches intertwined, two laurels grew, And in the midst a lily all in flames, That, catching swift the boughs and knotted stems, Burst forth with erackling rage, and o'er the house Spread in one mighty sea of fire: perplexed By this terrific dream, my husband sought An Arab, skilled to read the stars, and long The trusted oracle, whose counsels swayed His inmost purpose: thus the boding sage Spoke Fate's decrees: if I a daughter bore, Destruction to his sons and all his race From her should spring. Soon, by heaven's will, this ehild

Of dreadful omen saw the light; your sire Commanded instant in the waves to throw The new-born innocent; a mother's love Prevailed, and, aided by a faithful servant, I snatched the babe from death.

Don Cæsar.

The ministers of thy eare! Oh, ever rich
Of counsels was a parent's love!

ISABELLA. But more

Than Nature's mighty voice, a warning dream Impelled to save my child: while yet unborn She slumbered in my womb, sleeping I saw An infant, fair as of celestial kind, That played upon the grass; soon from the wood A lion rushed, and from his gory jaws, Caressing, in the infant's lap let fall His prey, new-caught; then through the air down-

swept

An eagle, and with fond caress alike Dropped from his claws a trembling kid, and both Cowered at the infant's feet, a gentle pair. A monk, the saintly guide whose counsels poured In every earthly need, the balm of heaven Upon my troubled soul, my dream resolved. Thus spoke the man of God: a daughter, sent To knit the warring spirits of my sons In bonds of tender love, should recompense A mother's pains! Deep in my heart I treasured His words, and, reckless of the Pagan seer, Preserved the blessed child, ordained of heaven To still your growing strife; sweet pledge of hope And messenger of peace!

DON MANUEL (embracing his brother).

There needs no sister

To join our hearts; she shall but bind them closer. Isab. In a lone spot obscure, by stranger hands Nurtured, the secret flower has grown; to me Denied the joy to mark each infant charm And opening grace from that sad hour of parting; These arms ne'er clasped my child again! her sire, To jealousy's corroding fears a prey, And brooding dark suspicion, restless tracked Each day my steps.

Yet three months flown, my father Don Cæsar. Sleeps in the tranquil grave; say, whence delayed The joyous tidings? Why so long concealed The maid, nor earlier taught our hearts to glow With brother's love?

The cause, your frenzied hate, ISABELLA.

That raging unconfined, e'en on the tomb
Of your scarce buried father, lit the flames
Of mortal strife. What! could I throw my daughter
Betwixt your gleaning blades? Or 'mid the storm
Of passion would ye list a woman's counsels?
Could she, sweet pledge of peace, of all our hopes
The last and holy anchor, 'mid the rage
Of discord find a home? Ye stand as brothers,
So will I give a sister to your arms!
The reconciling angel comes; each hour
I wait my messenger's return; he leads her
From her sequestered cell, to glad once more
A mother's eves.

Don Manuel. Nor her alone this day
Thy arms shall fold; joy pours through all our gates;
Soon shall the desolate halls be full, the seat
Of every blooming grace. Now hear my secret:
A sister thon hast given; to thee I bring
A daughter; bless thy son! My heart has found
Its lasting shrine: ere this day's sun has set
Don Manuel to thy feet shall lead his bride,
The partner of his days.

Isabella. And to my breast
With transport will I clasp the chosen maid
That makes my first-born happy. Joy shall spring
Where'er she treads, and every flower that blooms
Around the path of life smile in her presence!
May bliss reward the son, that for my brows
Has twined the choicest wreath a mother wears.

Cæsar. Yet give not all the fulness of thy blessing
To him, thy eldest born. If love be blest,
I, too, can give thee joy. I bring a daughter,
Another flower for thy most treasured garland!
The maid that in this ice-cold bosom first
Awoke the rapturous flame! Ere yonder sun
Declines, Don Cæsar's bride shall call thee mother.

Don M. Almighty Love! thou godlike power — for well We call thee sovereign of the breast! Thy sway Controls each warring element, and tunes To soft accord; naught lives but owns thy greatness.

Lo! the rude soul that long defied thee melts
At thy command! [He embraces Don Cæsar.
Now I can trust thy heart,

And joyful strain thee to a brother's arms! I doubt thy faith no more, for thon eaust love!

Isab. Thrice blest the day, when every gloomy eare
From my o'erlabored breast has flown. I see
On steadfast columns reared our kingly race,
And with contented spirit track the stream
Of measureless time. In these deserted halls,
Sad in my widow's veil, but yesterday
Childless I roamed; and soon, in youthful charms
Arrayed, three blooming daughters at my side
Shall stand! Oh, happiest mother! Chief of women,
In bliss supreme; can aught of earthly joy
O'erbalance thine?

But say, of royal stem,
What maidens grace our isle? For ne'er my sous
Would stoop to meaner brides.

Don Manuel. Seek not to raise
The veil that hides my bliss; another day
Shall tell thee all. Enough — Don Manuel's bride
Is worthy of thy son and thee.

Isabella. Thy sire
Speaks in thy words; thus to himself retired
Forever would be brood o'er counsels dark,
And cloak his secret purpose; — your delay
Be short, my son. [Turning to Don Cæsar.
But thou — some royal maid,

Daughter of kings, hath stirred thy soul to love; So speak — her name —

My thoughts with mystery's garb — my spirit free And open as my brows; which thou wouldst know Concerned me never. What illumes above Heaven's flaming orb? Himself! On all the world He shines, and with his beaming glory tells From light he sprung: — in her pure eyes I gazed, I looked into her heart of hearts: —the brightness Revealed the pearl. Her race — her name — my Ask not of me!

Isabella. My son, explain thy words,
For, like some voice divine, the sudden charm
Has thralled thy soul: to deeds of rash emprise
Thy nature prompted, not to fantasies

Of boyish love: — tell me, what swayed thy choice?

Don C. My choice? my mother! Is it choice when man Obeys the might of destiny, that brings

The awful hour? I sought no beauteous bride,

No fond delusion stirred my tranquil breast,

Still as the house of death; for there, unsought,

I found the treasure of my soul. Thou know'st

That, heedless ever of the giddy race,

I looked on beauty's charms with cold disdain,

Nor deemed of womankind there lived another

Like thee — whom my idolatrous fancy decked

With heavenly graces:—

'Twas the solemn rite
Of my dead father's obsequies; we stood
Amid the countless throng, with strange attire
Hid from each other's glance; for thus ordained
Thy thoughtful care, lest with outbursting rage,
E'en by the holy place unawed, our strife
Should mar the funeral pomp.

With sable gauze
The nave was all o'erhung; the altar round
Stood twenty giant saints, uplifting each
A torch; and in the midst reposed on high
The coffin, with o'erspreading pall, that showed,
In white, redemption's sign; — thereon were laid
The staff of sovereignty, the princely crown,
The golden spurs of knighthood, and the sword,
With diamond-studded belt:—

And all was hushed
In silent prayer, when from the lofty choir,
Unseen, the pealing organ spoke, and loud
From hundred voices burst the choral strain!
Then, 'mid the tide of song, the coffin sank
With the descending floor beneath, forever
Down to the world below:—but, wide outspread
Above the yawning grave, the pall npheld
The gauds of earthly state, nor with the corpse

To darkness fell; yet on the seraph wings Of harmony, the enfranchised spirit soared

To heaven and mercy's throne:

Thus to thy thought, My mother, I have waked the scene anew, And say, if aught of passion in my breast Profaned the solemn hour; yet then the beams Of mighty love - so willed my guiding star -First lit my soul; but how it chanced, myself I ask in vain.

I would hear all; so end ISABELLA.

Thy tale.

Don Cæsar. What brought her to my side, or whence She came, I know not: — from her presence quick Some secret all-pervading inward charm Awoke; 'twas not the magic of a smile, Nor playful Cupid in her cheeks, nor more, The form of peerless grace; - 'twas beauty's soul, The speaking virtue, modesty inborn, That as with magic spells, impalpable To sense, my being thralled. We breathed together The air of heaven: - enough! - no utterance asked Of words, our spiritual converse; — in my heart, Though strange, yet with familiar ties inwrought She seemed, and instant spake the thought — 'tis she! Or none that lives!

Don Manuel (interposing with eagerness).

That is the sacred fire From heaven! the spark of love — that on the soul Bursts like the lightning's flash, and mounts in flame, When kindred bosoms meet! No choice remains— Who shall resist? What mortal break the band That heaven has knit? Brother, my blissful fortune Was echoed in thy tale - well thou hast raised The veil that shadows yet my secret love.

Isab. Thus destiny has marked the wayward course Of my two sons: the mighty torrent sweeps Down from the precipiee; with rage he wears His proper bed, nor heeds the channel traced By art and prudent eare. So to the powers That darkly sway the fortunes of our house,

Trembling I yield. One pledge of hope remains; Great as their birth — their noble souls.

ISABELLA, DON MANUEL, DON CÆSAR.

Diego is seen at the door.

Isabella.

My faithful messenger returns. Come near me,
Honest Diego. Quick! Where is she? Tell me,
Where is my child? There is no secret here

Where is my child? There is no secret here.
Oh, speak! No longer from my eyes conceal her;
Come! we are ready for the height of joy.

Come! we are ready for the height of joy.

[She is about to lead him towards the door. What means this pause? Thou lingerest—thou art

dumb —

Thy looks are terror-fraught — a shudder creeps Through all my frame — declare thy tidings! speak!

Where is she? Where is Beatrice?

[She is about to rush from the chamber.

Don Manuel (to himself abstractedly). Beatrice!
Diego (holding back the Princess). Be still!
Isab. Where is she? Anguish tears my breast!
Diego. She comes not;

I bring no daughter to thy arms.

Isabella. Declare

Thy message! Speak! by all the saints!

What has befallen?

Don Manuel. Where is my sister? Tell us, Thou harbinger of ill!

Diego. The maid is stolen
By corsairs! lost! Oh! that I ne'er had seen
This day of woe!

Don Manuel. Compose thyself, my mother!

Don C. Be calm; list all this tale.

Diego. At thy command I sought in haste the well-known path that leads

To the old sanctuary:—joy winged my footsteps;

The journey was my last!

Don Cæsar. Be brief!

Don Manuel. Proceed!

Dego. Soon as I trod the convent's court — impatient — I ask — "Where is thy daughter?" Terror sate In every eye; and straight, with horror mute, I heard the worst.

[Isabella sinks, pale and trembling, upon a chair; Don Manuel is busied about her.

Don C.ESAR. Say'st thou by pirates stolen? Who saw the band? — what tongue relates the spoil?

Piego. Not far a Moorish galley was descried,

From tempests' rage; where is the bark?

Diego. At dawn,
With favoring breeze she stood to sea.

Don Cesar.

One prey contents the Moor; say, have they told
Of other spoil?

Diego. A herd that pastured near Was dragged away.

Don C.ESAR. Yet from the convent's bound How tear the maid unseen?

Diego. 'Tis thought with ladders They scaled the wall.

Don Cæsar. Thon knowest what jealous care Enshrines the bride of Heaven; scarce could their steps

Invade the secret cells.

Diego. Bound by no vows
The maiden roved at will; oft would she seek
Alone the garden's shade. Alas! this day,
Ne'er to return!

Don C.ESAR. Saidst thou — the prize of corsairs?

Perchance, at other bidding, she forsook

The sheltering dome —

Isabella (rising suddenly). 'Twas force! 'twas savage spoil!

Ne'er has my child, reckless of honor's ties With vile seducer fled! My sons! Awake! I thought to give a sister to your arms; I ask a daughter from your swords! Arise!

Avenge this wrong! To arms! Launch every ship!

Scour all our coasts! From sea to sea pursue them! Oh, bring my daughter! haste!

Don Cæsar. Farewell — I fly
To vengeance! [He goes away.

[Don Manuel arouses himself from a state of abstraction, and turns, with an air of agitation, to Diego.

Don Manuel. Speak! within the convent's walls When first unseen —

Diego. This day at dawn.

Don Manuel (to Isabella). Her name Thou say'st is Beatrice?

Isabella. No questions! Fly!

Don M. Yet tell me ——

Isabella. Haste! Begone! Why this delay? Follow thy brother.

Don Manuel. I conjure thee — speak —

Isabella (dragging him away).

Behold my tears!

Don Manuel. Where was she hid? What region Concealed my sister?

Isabella. Scarce from curious eyes
In the deep bosom of the earth more safe

My child had been!
Diego.
Oh! now a sudden horror

Starts in my breast.

DON MANUEL. What gives thee fear?

Diego. 'Twas I

That guiltless caused this woe!

Isabella. Unhappy man! What hast thou done?

Diego. To spare thy mother's heart

One anxious pang, my mistress, I concealed What now my lips shall tell: 'twas on the day When thy dead husband in the silent tomb Was laid; from every side the unnumbered throng Pressed eager to the solemn rites; thy daughter—For e'en amid the cloistered shade was noised The funeral pomp, urged me, with ceaseless prayers, To lead her to the festival of Death. In evil hour I gave consent; and, shrouded

In evil hour I gave consent; and, shrouded In sable weeds of mourning, she surveyed

Her father's obsequies. With keen reproach My bosom tells (for through the veil her charms Resistless shone), 'twas there, perehance, the spoiler Lurked to betray.

Don Manuel (to himself). Thrice happy words! I live!

It was another!

Isabella (to Diego). Faithless! Ill betide

Thy treacherous age!

Oh, never have I strayed DIEGO. From duty's path! My mistress, in her prayers I heard the voice of Nature; thus from Heaven Ordained, methought, the secret impulse moves Of kindred blood, to hallow with her tears A father's grave: the tender office owned Thy servant's eare, and thus with good intent I wrought but ill.

Don Manuel (to himself'). Why stand I thus a prey To torturing fears! No longer will I bear The dread suspense — I will know all!

Forgive me, Don Cæsar (who returns). I follow thee.

Away! Let no man follow. \[\int Exit. \] Don Manuel. Don Cæsar (looking after him in surprise).

What means my brother? Speak -

In wonder lost ISABELLA.

I gaze; some mystery lurks -Thou mark'st, my mother, DON CÆSAR.

My quiek return; with eager zeal I flew At thy command, nor asked one trace to guide My footsteps to thy daughter. Whence was torn Thy treasure? Say, what eloistered solitude

Enshrined the beauteous maid? 'Tis consecrate ISABELLA.

To St. Cecilia; deep in forest shades, Beyond the woody ridge that slowly climbs Toward's Etna's towering throne, it seems a refuge Of parted souls!

Have eourage, trust thy sons; Don Cæsar. She shall be thine, though with unwearied quest O'er every land and sea I track her presence To earth's extremest bounds: one thought alone Disturbs, — in stranger hands my timorous bride Waits my return; to thy protecting arms I give the pledge of all my joy! She comes; Soon on her faithful bosom thou shalt rest

In sweet oblivion of thy cares. [Exit. Isab. When will the ancient curse be stilled that weighs Upon our house? Some mocking demon sports With every new-formed hope, nor envious leaves One hour of joy. So near the haven smiled — So smooth the treacherous main — secure I deemed My happiness: the storm was lufted; and bright In evening's lustre gleamed the sunny shore! Then through the placid air the tempest sweeps, And bears me to the roaring surge again!

[She goes into the interior of the palace, followed by Diego.

The Scene changes to the Garden.

Both Choruses, afterwards Beatrice.

The Chorus of Don Manuel enters in solemn procession, adorned with garlands, and bearing the bridged ornaments above mentioned. The Chorus of Don Cæsar opposes their entrance.

First Chorus (Cajetan).

Begone!

Second Chorus (Bohemund).

Not at thy bidding!

Cajetan. Seest thou not

Thy presence irks?

Bonemund. Thou hast it, then, the longer!

Cajet. My place is here! What arm repels me?

Bonemund. Mine!

CAJET. Don Manuel sent me hither.

Bonemund. I obey

My Lord Don Cæsar.

Cajetan. To the eldest born

Thy master reverence owes.

Bonemund. The world belongs

To him that wins!

Cajetan. Unmannered knave, give place!

Bonem. Our swords be measured first!

Cajetan. I find thee ever

A serpent in my path.

Bonemund. Where'er I list

Thus will I meet thee!

CAJETAN. Say, why cam'st thou hither

To spy? —— And then to question and

Bonemund. And thou to question and command? Unjet. To parley I disdain!

Bonemund. Too much I grace thee

By words!

CAJETAN. Thy hot, impetuous youth should bow To reverend age.

BOHEMUND. Older thou art — not braver. BEATRICE (rushing from her place of concealment).

Alas! What mean these warlike men?

CAJETAN (to Bonemund). I heed not Thy threats and lofty mien.

Bohemund. I serve a master

Better than thinc.

Beatrice. Alas! Should be appear!

CAJET. Thou liest! Don Manuel thousandfold excels. Bonem. In every strife the wreath of victory decks

Don Cæsar's brows!

BEATRICE. Now he will come! Already The hour is past!

CAJETAN. Tis peace, or thou shouldst know My vengeance!

Bonemund. Fear, not peace, thy arm refrains.

Beat. Oh! Were he thousand miles remote!

CAJETAN. Thy looks

But move my scorn; the compact I obey.

Bonem. The coward's ready shield!

CAJETAN. Come on! I follow.

Bohem. To arms!

Beatrice (in the greatest agitation).

Their falchions gleam — the strife begins!
Ye heavenly powers, his steps refrain! Some snare

Throw round his feet, that in this hour of dread He come not: all ye angels, late implored

To give him to my arms, reverse my prayers; Far, far from hence convey the loved one!

[She runs into the alcove. At the moment when the two Choruses are about to engage, Don Manuel appears.

DON MANUEL, the Chorus.

Don Manuel.

Hold!

What do I see!

First Chorus to the Second (CAJETAN, BERENGAR, MAN-FRED).

Come on! Come on!

Second Chorus (Bohemund, Roger, Hippolyte).

Down with them!

Don Manuel (stepping between them with drawn sword). Hold!

CAJETAN. 'Tis the prince!

BOHEMUND. Be still!

Don Manuel. I stretch him dead

Upon this verdant turf that with one glance Of scorn prolongs the strife, or threats his foe!

Why rage ye thus? What maddening fiend impels

To blow the flames of ancient hate anew, Forever reconciled? Say, who began

The conflict? Speak —

First Chorus (Cajetan, Berengar).

My prince, we stood —

Second Chorus (ROGER, BOHEMUND) interrupting them.

They came —

Don Manuel (to the First Chorus).

Speak thou!

First Chorus (CAJETAN).

With wreaths adorned, in festal train, We bore the bridal gifts; no thought of ill Disturbed our peaceful way; composed forever With holy pledge of love we deemed your strife, And trusting came; when here in rude array Of arms encamped they stood, and loud defied us!

Dox M. Slave! Is no refuge safe? Shall discord thus
Profane the bower of virgin innocence,

The home of sanctity and peace?

To the Second Chorus.

Retire —

Your warlike presence ill beseems; away!

I would be private. [They hesitate.

In your master's name

I give command; our souls are one, our lips Declare each other's thoughts; begone!

[To the First Chorus.

Remain —

And guard the entrance.

Bonemund. So! What next? Our masters Are reconciled; that's plain; and less he wins Of thanks than peril, that with busy zeal In princely quarrel stirs; for when of strife His mightiness aweary feels, of guilt He throws the red-dyed mantle unconcerned On his poor follower's luckless head, and stands Arrayed in virtue's robes! So let them end E'en as they will their brawls, I hold it best That we obey.

[Exit Second Chorus. The first withdraws to the back of the stage; at the same moment Beatrice rushes forward, and throws herself into Don

Manuel's arms.

BEATRICE. 'Tis thou! Ah! cruel one,
Again I see thee—clasp thee—long appalled,
To thousand ills a prey, trembling I languish
For thy return: no more—in thy loved arms
I am at peace, nor think of dangers past,
Thy breast my shield from every threatening
harm.

Quick! Let us fly! they see us not! - away!

Nor lose the moment.

Ha! Thy looks affright me! Thy sullen, cold reserve! Thou tear'st thyself

Impatient from my circling arms, I know thee No more! Is this Don Manuel? My beloved? My husband?

DON MANUEL. Beatrice!

BEATRICE. No words! The moment

Is precious! Haste.

Don Manuel. Yet tell me —

BEATRICE. Quick! Away

Ere those fierce men return.

Don Manuel. Be calm, for naught

Shall trouble thee of ill.

Beatrice. Oh, fly! alas,

Thou know'st them not!

DON MANUEL. Protected by this arm

Canst thou fear aught?

Beatrice. Oh, trust me; mighty men

Are here!

DON MANUEL. Beloved! mightier none than I!

BEAT. And wouldst thou brave this warlike host alone?

Don M. Alone! the men thou fear'st ——

BEATRICE. Thou know'st them not,

Nor whom they serve.

DON MANUEL. Myself! I am their lord!
BEAT. Thou art—a shudder creeps through all my

frame!

Don M. Far other than I scemed; learn at last
To know me, Beatrice. Not the poor knight
Am I, the stranger and unknown, that loving
Taught thee to love; but what I am — my race—

My power ——
BEATRICE. And art thou not Don Manuel? Speak —

Who art thou?

Don Manuel. Chief of all that bear the name, I am Don Manuel, Prince of Messina!

BEAT. Art thou Don Manuel, Don Cæsar's brother?

DON M. Don Cæsar is my brother.

BEATRICE. Is thy brother!

Don M. What means this terror? Know'st thou, then, Don Cæsar?

None other of my race?

Beatrice. Art thou Don Manuel,
That with thy brother liv'st in bitter strife

Of long inveterate hate?

Don Manuel. This very sun Smiled on our glad accord! Yes, we are brothers! Brothers in heart!

DON M. What stirs this wild disorder? Hast thou known

Aught but our name? Say, hast thou told me all? Is there no secret? Hast thou naught concealed? Nothing disguised?

BEATRICE. Thy words are dark; explain,

What shall I tell thee?

Don Manuel. Of thy mother naught Hast thou e'er told; who is she? If in words I paint her, bring her to thy sight ——

BEATRICE. Thou know'st her!

And thou wert silent!

Don Manuel. If I know thy mother, Horrors betide us both!

BEATRICE. Oh, she is graeious
As the sun's orient beam! Yes! I behold her;
Fond memory wakes; — and from my bosom's depths
Her godlike presence rises to my view!
I see around her snowy neek descend
The tresses of her raven hair, that shade
The form of seulptured loveliness; I see
The pale, high-thoughted brow; the darkening

glanee

Of her large lustrous orbs; I hear the tones Of soul-fraught sweetness!

Don Manuel. 'Tis herself!

Perehanee had give me to her arms, and knit
Our souls in everlasting love;—such bliss
I have renounced, yes! I have lost a mother

For thee!

Don Manuel. Console thyself, Messina's princess

Henceforth shall eall thee daughter; to her feet
I lead thee; come—she waits.

BEATRICE. What hast thou said?
Thy mother and Don Cæsar's? Never! never!

Don M. Thou shudderest! Whenee this horror? Hast

My mother? Speak ----

BEATRICE. O grief! O dire misfortune!
Alas! that e'er I live to see this day!

Don M. What troubles thee? Thou know'st me, thou hast found,

In the poor stranger knight, Messina's prince

BEAT. Give me the dear unknown again! With him On earth's remotest wilds I could be blest!

DON CESAR (behind the scene).

Away! What rabble throng is here?

That voice! BEATRICE.

Oh heavens! Where shall I fly!

Know'st thou that voice? DON MANUEL. No! thou hast never heard it; to thine ear

'Tis strange -

Oh, come - delay not -BEATRICE. Wherefore I fly? DON MANUEL.

It is my brother's voice! He seeks me - how

He tracked my steps-

By all the holy saints! BEATRICE. Brave not his wrath! oh quit this place - avoid

Meet not thy brother here!

My soul! thy fears DON MANUEL. Confound; thon hear'st me not; our strife is o'er. Yes! we are reconciled.

Protect me, heaven, BEATRICE.

In this dread hour!

A sudden dire presage DON MANUEL. Starts in my breast - I shudder at the thought: If it be true! Oh, horror! Could she know That voice! Wert thou - my tongue denies to utter The words of fearful import — Beatrice! Say, wert thou present at the funeral rites Of my dead sire?

Alas! BEATRICE.

Thou wert! DON MANUEL.

Forgive me! BEATRICE.

Don M. Unhappy woman!—

I was present! BEATRICE. DON MANUEL.

Horror! BEAT. Some mighty impulse nrged me to the scene -

Oh, be not angry - to thyself I owned The ardent fond desire; with darkening brow Thou listened'st to my prayer, and I was silent, But what misguiding inauspicious star Allured, I know not: from my inmost soul

The wish, the dear emotion spoke; and vain Aught else: —Diego gave consent — oh, pardon me!

I disobeyed thee.

[She advances towards him imploringly; at the same moment Don Cæsar enters, accompanied by the whole Chorus.

BOTH BROTHERS, BOTH CHORUSES, BEATRICE.

Second Chorus (Bohemund) to Don Casar.

Thou believ'st us not —

Believe thine eves!

Don Cæsar (rushes forward furiously, and at the sight of his brother starts back with horror.

Some hell-born magic cheats

My senses; in her arms! Envenomed snake! Is this thy love? For this thy treacherous heart Could lure with guise of friendship! Oh, from heav Breathed my immortal hate! Down, down to hell, Thou soul of falsehood!

[He stabs him, Don Manuel falls.

Don Manuel. Beatrice! — my brother!
I die! [Dies. Beatrice sinks lifeless at his side.
First Chorus (Cajetan).

Help! Help! To arms! Avenge with blood

The bloody deed!

Second Chorus (Bohemund). The fortune of the day Is ours! The strife forever stilled: — Messina Obeys one lord.

First Chorus (Cajetan, Berengar, Manfred).
Revenge! The murderer

Shall die! Quick, offer to your master's shade Appeasing saerifiee!

Second Chorus (Bohemund, Roger, Hippolyte).

My prince! fear nothing,

Thy friends are true.

Don Cæsar (steps between them, looking around).

Be still! The foe is slain

That practised on my trusting, honest heart With snares of brother's love. Oh, direful shows The deed of death! But righteous heaven hath judged.

First Chorus (CAJETAN).

in a semicircle.

Alas to thee, Messina! Woe forever! Sad city! From thy blood-stained walls this deed Of nameless horror taints the skies; ill fare Thy mothers and thy children, youth and age, And offspring yet unborn!

Don Cæsar. Too late your grief—
Here give your help. [Pointing to Beatrice]

Call her to life, and quick

Depart this scene of terror and of death.

I must away and seek my sister: — Hence!

Conduct her to my mother —

And tell her that her son, Don Cæsar, sends her!

[Exit.]
[The senseless Beatrice is placed on a litter and carried away by the Second Chorus. The First Chorus remains with the body, round which the boys who bear the bridal presents range themselves

Chorus (CAJETAN).

List, how with dreaded mystery
Was signed to my prophetic soul,
Of kindred blood the dire decree:
Hither with noiseless, giant stride
I saw the hideous fiend of terror glide!
'Tis past! I strive not to control
My shuddering awe—so swift of ill
The Fates the warning sign fulfil.
Lo! to my sense dismayed,
Sudden the deed of death has shown
Whate'er my boding fears portrayed.
The visioned thought was pain;
The present horror curdles every vein!

One of the Chorus (Manfred).

Sound, sound the plaint of woe!
Beautiful youth!
Outstretched and pale he lies,
Untimely cropped in early bloom;

The heavy night of death has sealed his eyes; -





In this glad hour of nuptial joy,
Snatched by relentless doom,
He sleeps — while echoing to the sky,
Of sorrow bursts the loud, despairing cry!

A second (Cajetan).

We come, we come, in festal pride,
To greet the beauteons bride;
Behold! the nuptial gifts, the rich attire:
The banquet waits, the guests are there;
They bid thee to the solemn rite
Of hymen quick repair.
Thou hear'st them not—the sportive lyre,

The frolic dance, shall ne'er invite;

Nor wake thee from thy lowly bed,

For deep the slumber of the dead!

The whole Chorus.

No more the echoing horn shall cheer Nor bride with tones of sweetness charm his ear. On the cold earth he lies, In death's eternal slumber closed his eyes.

A third (CAJETAN).

What are the hopes, and fond desires
Of mortals' transitory race?
This day, with harmony of voice and soul,
Ye woke the long-extinguished fires
Of brothers' love — you flaming orb
Lit with his earliest beams your dear embrace
At eve, upon the gory sand
Thou liest — a reeking corpse!
Stretched by a brother's murderous hand.
Vain projects, treacherous hopes,
Child of the fleeting hour are thine;
Fond man! thou rear'st on dust each bold design,

Chorus (Berengar).

To thy mother I will bear
The burden of unutterable woe!
Quick shall you cypress, blooming fair,
Bend to the axe's murderous blow

Then twine the mournful bier!
For ne'er with verdant life the tree shall smile
That grew on death's devoted soil;
Ne'er in the breeze the branches play,
Nor shade the wanderer in the noontide ray;
'Twas marked to bear the fruits of doom,
Cursed to the service of the tomb.

First (Cajetan).

Woe to the murderer! Woe!
That sped exulting in his pride,
Behold! the parched earth drinks the crimson tide.
Down, down it flows, unceasingly,

To the dim caverned halls below,

Where through in kindred gloom the sister train,

Of Themis progeny severe,
Brood in their songless, silent reign!
Stern minister of wrath's decree,
They catch in swarthy cups thy streaming gore,
And pledge with horrid rites for vengeance evermore.

Second (Berengar).

Though swift of deed the traces fade
From earth, before the enlivening ray;
As o'er the brow the transient shade

Of thought, the hues of fancy flit away:

Yet in the mystic womb unseen,

Of the dark ruling hours that sway Our mortal lot, whate'er has been,

With new creative germ defies decay.

The blooming field is time

For nature's ever-teeming shoot, And all is seed, and all is fruit.

The Chorus goes away, bearing the corpse of Don Manuel on a bier.

Scene — The hall of pillars. It is night.

The stage is lighted from above by a single large lamp.

Donna Isabella and Diego advance to the front.

Isab. As yet no joyful tidings, not a trace Found of the lost one!

Diego. Nothing have we heard,
My mistress; yet o'er every track, unwearied,
Thy sons pursue. Ere long the rescued maid
Shall smile at dangers past.

Isabella. Alas! Diego,
My heart is sad; 'twas I that caused this woe!

Diego. Vex not thy anxious bosom; naught escaped
Thy thoughtful care.

Isabella. Oh! had I earlier shown

The hidden treasure!

Diego. Prudent were thy counsels, Wisely thou left'st her in retirement's shade; So, trust in heaven.

Isabella. Alas! no joy is perfect — Without this chance of ill my bliss were pure.

Diego. Thy happiness is but delayed; enjoy The concord of thy sons.

Isabella. The sight was rapture Supreme, when, locked in one another's arms,

They glowed with brothers' love.

Diego. And in the heart It burns; for ne'er their princely souls have stooped To mean disguise.

Isabella. Now, too, their bosoms wake
To gentler thoughts, and own their softening sway
Of love. No more their hot, impetuous youth
Revels in liberty intained, and spuris
Restraint of law, attempered passion's self,
With modest, chaste reserve.

To thee, Diego,
I will unfold my secret heart; this hour
Of feeling's opening bloom, expected long,
Wakes boding fears: thon know'st to sudden rage
Love stirs tumultuous breasts; and if this flame
With jealousy should rouse the slumbering fires
Of ancient hate — I shudder at the thought!
If these discordant souls perchance have thrilled
In fatal unison! Enough; the clouds
That black with thundering menace o'er me hung
Are past; some angel sped them tranquil by,
And my enfranchised spirit breathes again.

Diego. Rejoice, my mistress; for thy gentle sense
And soft, prevailing art more weal have wrought
Than all thy husband's power. Be praise to thee
And thy auspicious star!

Isabella. Yes, fortune smiled;
Nor light the task, so long with apt disguise
To veil the cherished secret of my heart,
And cheat my ever-jealous lord: more hard
To stifle mighty nature's pleading voice,
That, like a prisoned fire, forever strove
To rend its confines.

Diego. All shall yet be well;
Fortune, propitious to our hopes, gave pledge
Of bliss that time will show.

I praise not yet
My natal star, while darkening o'er my fate
This mystery hangs: too well the dire mischanee
Tells of the fiend whose never-slumbering rage
Pursnes our house. Now list what I have done,
And praise or blame me as thou wilt; from thee
My bosom guards no secret: ill I brook
This dull repose, while swift o'er land and sea
My sons nnwearied, track their sister's flight,
Yes, I have sought; heaven counsels oft, when vain
All mortal aid.

Diego. What I may know, my mistress, Declare.

A reverend hermit dwells, — benamed of old
The mountain seer, — who to the realms of light
More near abiding than the toilsome race
Of mortals here below, with purer air
Has eleansed each earthly, grosser sense away;
And from the lofty peak of gathered years,
As from his mountain home, with downward glance
Surveys the crooked paths of worldly strife.
To him are known the fortunes of our house;
Oft has the holy sage besought response
From heaven, and many a curse with earnest prayer
Averted: thither at my bidding flew,
On wings of youthful haste, a messenger,

To ask some tidings of my child: each hour I wait his homeward footsteps.

Diego.

Deceive me not, he comes; and well his speed
Has earned thy praise.

Messenger, Isabella, Diego.

Isabella (to Messenger).

Now speak, and nothing hid.

Of weal or woe; be truth upon thy lips!

What tidings bear'st thou from the mountain seer?

MESS. His answer: "Quick! retrace thy steps; the lost one

Is found."

Of peace and joy! thus ever to my vows.

Thrice honored sage, thy kindly message spoke!

But say, which heaven-directed brother traced

My daughter?

Messenger. 'Twas thy eldest born that found

The deep-secluded maid.

Isabella. Is it Don Masuel
That gives her to my arms? Oh, he was ever
The child of blessing! Tell me, hast thou borne
My offering to the aged man? the tapers
To burn before his saint? for gifts, the prize
Of wordly hearts, the man of God disdains.

MESS. He took the torches from my hands in silence And stepping to the altar—where the lamp Burned to his saint—illumed them at his fire, And instant set in flames the hermit cell,

Where he has honored God these ninety years!
ISAB. What hast thou said? What horrors fright my

Mess. And three times shricking "Woe!" with downward course,

He fled; but silent with uplifted arm Beekoned me not to follow, nor regard him So hither I have hastened, terror-sped.

ISAB. Oh, I am tossed amid the surge again

Of doubt and anxious fears; thy tale appals
With ominous sounds of ill. My daughter found—
Thou sayest; and by my eldest born, Don Manuel?
The tidings ne'er shall bless, that heralded
This deed of woe!

Messenger. My mistress! look around
Behold the hermit's message to thine eyes
Fulfilled. Some charm deludes my sense, or hither
Thy daughter comes, girt by the warlike train
Of thy two sons!

[Beatrice is carried in by the Second Chorus on a litter, and placed in the front of the stage. She is still without perception, and motionless.

ISABELLA, DIEGO, MESSENGER, BEATRICE.

Chorus (Bohemund, Roger, Hippolyte, and the other nine followers of Don Cæsar.)

Chorus (Bonemund). Here at thy feet we lay The maid, obedient to our lord's command:

'Twas thus he spoke — "Conduct her to my mother; And tell her that her son, Don Cæsar, sends her!

Isabella (is advancing towards her with outstretched arms, and starts back in horror).

Heavens! she is motionless and pale!

Chorus (Bonemund). She lives,

She will awake, but give her time to rouse

From the dread shock that holds each sense enthralled Isab. My daughter! Child of all my cares and pains!

And is it thus I see thee once again?
Thus thou returnest to thy father's halls!
Oh, let my breath relume thy vital spark;
Yes! I will strain thee to a mother's arms
And hold thee fast—till from the frost of death
Released thy life-warm current throbs again.

[To the Chorus.

Where hast thou found her? Speak! What dire mischance

Has caused this sight of woe?

Chorus (Bonemund). My lips are damb! Ask not of me: thy son will tell thee all—

Don Cæsar — for 'tis he that sends her.

Isabella 'Tell me

Would'st thou not say Don Manuel?

Chorus (Bohemund). 'Tis Don Cæsar

That sends her to thee.

Isabella (to the Messenger). How declared the Seer? Speak! Was it not Don Manuel?

Messenger. 'Twas he!

Thy elder born.

Isabella. Be blessings on his head
Which e'er it be; to him I owe a daughter,
Alas! that in this blissful hour, so long
Expected, long implored, some envious fien!
Should mar my joy! Oh, I must stem the tide
Of nature's transport! In her childhood's home
I see my daughter; me she knows not — heeds
not —

Nor answers to a mother's voice of love!

Ope, ye dear eyelids — hands be warm — and hea
Thou lifeless bosom with responsive throbs
To mine! 'Tis she! Diego, look! 'tis Beatrice!
The long-concealed — the lost — the rescued one!
Before the world I claim her for my own!

(horus (Bohemund).

New signs of terror to my boding soul
Are pictured; — in amazement lost I stand!

What light shall pierce this gloom of mystery?

ISABELLA (to the Chorus, who exhibit marks of confusion.)

and embarrassment).

Oh, ye hard hearts! Ye rude unpitying men! A mother's transport from your breast of steel Rebounds, as from the rocks the heaving surge! I look around your train, nor mark one glance Of soft regard. Where are my sons? Oh, tell mo Why come they not, and from their beaming eyes Speak comfort to my soul? For here environed I stand amid the desert's raging brood, Or monsters of the deep!

Diego. She opes her eyes!

She moves! She lives!

Isabella. She lives! On me be thrown Her earliest glance!

BEATRICE.

DIEGO. See! They are closed again --She shudders! Isabella (to the Chorus). Quick! Retire — your aspect frights her. [Chorus steps back. Well pleased I shun her sight. Вонем. With outstretched eyes, Diego. And wonderstruck, she seems to measure thee. Beat. Not strange those lineaments — where am I? ISABELLA. Slowly Her sense returns. Behold! upon her knees DIEGO. She sinks. Oh, angel visage of my mother! BEATRICE. Isab. Child of my heart! BEATRICE. See! kneeling at thy feet The guilty one! I hold thee in my arms! ISABELLA. Enough — forgotten all! DIEGO. Look in my face, Canst thou remember me? The reverend brows Of honest old Diego! Faithful guardian ISABELLA. Of thy young years. And am I onee again BEATRICE. With kindred? Naught but death shall part us more! Beat. Will thou ne'er send me to the stranger? ISABELLA. Never! Fate is appeared. And am I next thy heart? BEATRICE. And was it all a dream — a hideous dream? My mother! at my feet he fell! I know not What brought me hither — yet 'tis well. Oh, bliss! That I am safe in thy protecting arms; They would have ta'en me to the princess, mother — Sooner to death! My daughter, calm thy fears; Messina's princess -

Name her not again!

At that ill-omened sound the chill of death Creeps through my trembling frame.

ISABELLA. My child! but hear me ——
BEAT. She has two sons by mortal hate dissevered,

Don Manuel and Don Casar —

Isabella. 'Tis myself!

Behold thy mother!

BEATRICE. Have I heard thee? Speak!

ISAB. I am thy mother, and Messina's princess!

BEAT. Art thou Don Manuel's and Don Cæsar's mother? Isab. And thine! They are thy brethren whom thou namest.

BEAT. Oh, gleam of horrid light!

Isabella. What troubles thee?

Say, whence this strange emotion?

BEATRICE. Yes! 'twas they!

Now I remember all; no dream deceived me, They met—'tis fearful truth! Unhappy men! Where have ye hid him?

[She rushes towards the Chorus; they turn away from her. A funeral march is heard in the distance.

CHORUS. Horror! Horror!

Isabella. Hid!

Speak — who is hid? and what is true? Ye stand

In silent dull amaze — as though ye fathomed Her words of mystery! In your faltering tones — Your brows — I read of horrors yet unknown, That would refrain my tongue! What is it? Toll

That would refrain my tongue! What is it? Tell me!

I will know all! Why fix ye on the door That awe-struck gaze? What mournful music sounds?

[The march is heard neurer.

Chorus (Bohemund).

It comes! it comes! and all shall be declared With terrible voice. My mistress! steel thy heart, Be firm, and bear with courage what awaits thee—For more than women's soul thy destined griefs Demand.

ISABELLA. What comes? and what awaits me? Hark!

With fearful tones the death-wail smites mine ear—
It echoes through the house! Where are my sons?
[The first Semi-chorus brings in the body of Don Manuel on a bier, which is placed at the side of the stage. A black pall is spread over it.

ISABELLA, BEATRICE, DIEGO.

Both Choruses.

First Chorus (Cajetan).

With sorrow in his train,
From street to street the King of Terror glides;
With stealthy foot, and slow,
He creeps where'er the fleeting race
Of man abides!
In turn at every gate
Is heard the dreaded knock of fate,
The message of unutterable woe!

BERENGAR.

When, in the sere And autumn leaves decayed, The mournful forest tells how quickly fade The glories of the year! When in the silent tomb oppressed, Frail man, with weight of days, Sinks to his tranquil rest; Contented nature but obeys Her everlasting law, — The general doom awakes no shuddering awe! But, mortals, oh! prepare For mightier ills; with ruthless hand Fell murder cuts the holy band — The kindred tie: insatiate death, With unrelenting rage, Bears to his bark the flower of blooming age!

CAJETAN.

When clouds athwart the lowering sky
Are driven — when bursts with hollow moan
The thunder's peal — our trembling bosoms own

The might of awful destiny! Yet oft the lightning's glare

Darts sudden through the cloudless air: -

Then in thy short delusive day

Of bliss, oh! dread the treacherous snare;

Nor prize the fleeting goods in vain,

The flowers that bloom but to decay! Nor wealth, nor joy, nor aught but pain,

Was e'er to mortal's lot seeure: Our first best lesson — to endure!

What shall I hear? What horrors lurk beneath JSAB. This funeral pall?

She steps towards the bier, but suddenly pauses, and

stands irresolute.

Some strange, mysterious dread Enthrals my sense. I would approach, and sudden The ice-cold grasp of terror holds me back!

[To Beatrice, who has thrown herself between her and

the bier.

Whate'er it be, I will unveil ——

On raising the pall she discovers the body of Don MANUEL.

Eternal Powers! it is my son!

[She stands in mute horror. Beatrice sinks to the ground with a shriek of anguish near the bier. Cnorus. Unhappy mother! 'tis thy son. Thy lips

Have uttered what my faltering tongue denied.

ISAB. My soul! My Manuel! Oh, eternal grief! And is it thus I see thee? Thus thy life Has bought thy sister from the spoiler's rage? Where was thy brother? Could no arm be found To shield thee? Oh, be cursed the hand that dug These gory wounds! A curse on her that bore The murderer of my son! Ten thousand eurses On all their race!

Woe! Woe! Chorus.

And is it thus ISABELLA. Ye keep your word, ye gods? Is this your truth? Alas for him that trusts with honest heart Your soothing wiles! Why have I hoped and trembled?

And this the issue of my prayers! Attend, Ye terror-stricken witnesses, that feed Your gaze upon my anguish; learn to know How warning visions cheat, and boding seers But mock our credulous hopes; let none believe The voice of heaven!

When in my teeming womb
This daughter lay, her father, in a dream,
Saw from his nuptial couch two laurels grow,
And in the midst a lily all in flames,
That, catching swift the boughs and knotted stems,
Burst forth with crackling rage, and o'er the house
Spread in one mighty sea of fire. Perplexed
By this terrific dream my husband sought
The counsels of the mystic art, and thus
Pronounced the sage: "If I a daughter bore,
The murderess of his sons, the destined spring
Of ruin to our house, the baleful child
Should see the light."

Chorus (Cajetan and Bohemund).
What hast thou said, my mistress?

Woe! Woe!

Isabella. For this her ruthless father spoke
The dire behest of death. I rescued her,
The innocent, the doomed one; from my arms
The babe was torn; to stay the curse of heaven,
And save my sons, the mother gave her child;
And now by robber hands her brother falls;
My child is guiltless; Oh, she slew him not!

Chorus. Woe! Woe!

Isab. No trust the fabling readers of the stars
Have e'er deserved. Hear how another spoke
With comfort to my soul, and him I deemed
Inspired to voice the secrets of the skies!
"My daughter should unite in love the hearts
Of my dissevered sons;" and thus their tales
Of curse and blessing on her head proclaim
Each other's falsehood. No, she ne'er has brought
A curse, the innocent; nor time was given
The blessed promise to fulfil; their tongues
Were false alike; their boasted art is vain;

With trick of words they cheat our credulous ears, Or are themselves deceived! Naught ye may know Of dark futurity, the sable streams Of hell the fountain of your hidden lore, Or you bright spring of everlasting light!

First Chorus (CAJETAN).

Woe! Woe! thy tongue refrain!
Oh, pause, nor thus with impious rage
The might of heaven profane;
The holy oracles are wise——
Expect with awe thy coming destinies!

Isab. My tongue shall speak as prompts my swelling heart;

My griefs shall cry to heaven. Why do we lift Our suppliant hands, and at the sacred shrines Kneel to adore? Good, easy dupes! What win we From faith and pious awe? to touch with prayers The tenants of you azure realms on high, Were hard as with an arrow's point to pierce The silvery moon. Hid is the womb of time, Impregnable to mortal glance, and deaf The adamantine walls of heaven rebound The voice of anguish:—Oh, 'tis one, whate'er The flight of birds—the aspect of the stars! The book of nature is a maze—a dream The sage's art—and every sign a falsehood!

Second Chorus (Boilemund).

Woe! Woe! Ill-fated woman, stay
Thy maddening blasphemies;
Thou but disown'st, with purblind eyes,
The flaming orb of day!
Confess the gods, — they dwell on high —
They circle thee with awful majesty!

All the Knights.

Confess the gods—they dwell on high—They eircle thee with awful majesty!

BEATRICE.

Why hast thou saved thy daughter, and defied The curse of heaven, that marked me in thy womb The child of woe? Short-sighted mother! — vain Thy little arts to cheat the doom declared By the all-wise interpreters, that knit The far and near; and, with prophetic ken, See the late harvest spring in times unborn. Oh, thou hast brought destruction on thy race, Withholding from the avenging gods their prey; Threefold, with new embittered rage, they ask The direful penalty; no thanks thy boon Of life deserves — the fatal gift was sorrow!

Second Chorus (Berengar) looking towards the door with signs of agitation.

Hark to the sound of dread!
The rattling, brazen din I hear!
Of hell-born snakes the hissing tones are near!
Yes—'tis the furies' tread!

CAJETAN.

In crumbling ruin wide,
Fall, fall, thou roof, and sink, thou trembling floor
That bear'st the dread, unearthly stride!
Ye sable damps arise!

Mount from the abyss in smoky spray, And pall the brightness of the day! Vanish, ye guardian powers! They come! The avenging deities!

DON CASAR, ISABELLA, BEATRICE. The Chorus.

[On the entrance of Don Cæsar the Chorus station themselves before him imploringly. He remains standing alone in the centre of the stage.

Beat. Alas! 'tis he — Isabella (stepping to meet him).

My Cæsar! Oh, my son!
And is it thus I meet the? Look! Behold!
The crime of hand accursed!

[She leads him to the corpse.

First Chorus (Cajetan, Berengar).

Break forth once more

Ye wounds! Flow, flow, in swarthy flood, Thou streaming gore!

Isab. Shuddering with earnest gaze, and motionless,
Thou stand'st: — yes! there my hopes repose, and all
That earth has of thy brother; in the bud
Nipped is your concord's tender flower, nor ever
With beauteous fruit shall glad a mother's eyes,

Don C. Be comforted; thy sons, with honest heart, To peace aspired, but heaven's decree was blood!

Isab. I know thou lovedst him well; I saw between ye, With joy, the bands old Nature sweetly twined; Thou wouldst have borne him in thy heart of hearts With rich atonement of long wasted years! But see — fell murder thwarts thy dear design, And naught remains but vengeance!

Don Cæsar. Come, my mother, This is no place for thee. Oh, haste and leave

This sight of woe. [He endeavors to drag her away.

Isabella (throwing herself into his arms).

Thou livest! I have a son!

Beat. Alas! my mother!

Don Cæsar. On this faithful bosom Weep out thy pains; nor lost thy son, — his love Shall dwell immortal in thy Cæsar's breast.

First Chorus (Cajetan, Berengar, Manfred).

Break forth, ye wounds! Dumb witness! the truth proclaim; Flow fast, thou gory stream!

Isabella (clasping the hands of Don Cæsar and Beatrice).

My children!

Don Cæsar. Oh, 'tis ecstasy! my mother,
To see her in thy arms! henceforth in love
A daughter — sister ——

ISABELLA (interrupting him).

Thou hast kept thy word. My son; to thee I owe the rescued one;

Yes, thou hast sent her —

Don Cæsar (in astonishment).

Whom, my mother, sayst thou,

That I have sent?

Isabella. She stands before thine eyes —

Thy sister.

Don Cæsar. She! My sister?

Isabella, Ay, what other?

Don C. My sister!

Isabella, Thou hast sent her to me!

Don Cæsar. Horror

His sister, too!

Chorus. Woe! woe!

Beatrice. Alas! my mother!

Isab. Speak! I am all amaze!

Don Cæsar. Be cursed the day

When I was born!

Isabella. Eternal powers!

Don Cæsar. Accursed
The womb that bore me; cursed the secret arts,

The spring of all this woe; instant to crush thee,
Though the dread thunder swept—ne'er should this

arm

Refrain the bolts of death: I slew my brother!
Hear it and tremble! in her arms I found him;
She was my love, my chosen bride; and he—
My brother—in her arms! Thou hast heard all!
If it be true—oh, if she be my sister—
And his! then I have done a deed that mocks
The power of sacrifice and prayers to ope
The gates of mercy to my soul!

Chorus (Bohemund).

The tidings on thy heart dismayed

Have burst, and naught remains; behold!

'Tis come, nor long delayed,

Whate'er the warning seers foretold:
They spoke the message from on high,
Their lips proclaimed resistless destiny!
The mortal shall the curse fulfil
Who seeks to turn predestined ill.

Isab. The gods have done their worst; if they be true Or false, 'tis one — for nothing they can add To this — the measure of their rage is full. Why should I tremble that have naught to fear? My darling son lies murdered, and the living I eall my son no more. Oh! I have borne And nourished at my breast a basilisk That stung my best-beloved child. My daughter, haste, And leave this house of horrors — I devote it To the avenging fiends! In an evil hour 'Twas crime that brought me hither, and of crime The victim I depart. Unwillingly I eame - in sorrow I have lived - despairing I quit these halls; on me, the innocent, Descends this weight of woe! Enough - 'tis shown That Heaven is just, and oracles are true!

BEATRICE, DON CASAR, the Chorus.

Exit, followed by Diego.

DON CASAR (detaining BEATRICE).

My sister, wouldst thou leave me? On this head A mother's curse may fall — a brother's blood Cry with accusing voice to heaven — all nature Invoke eternal vengeance on my soul —

But thou — oh! eurse me not — I cannot bear it!

[Beatrice points with averted eyes to the body. I have not slain thy lover! 'twas thy brother,

And mine that fell beneath my sword; and near
As the departed one, the living owns

The ties of blood: remember, too, 'tis I

That most a sister's pity need — for pure

His spirit winged its flight, and I am guilty!

Weep! I will blend my tears with thine — nay,

I will avenge thy brother; but the lover— Weep not for him—thy passionate, yearning tears My inmost heart. Oh! from the boundless depths Of our affliction, let me gather this, The last and only comfort—but to know That we are dear alike. One lot fulfilled Has made our rights and wretchedness the same. Entangled in one snare we fall together, Three hapless victims of unpitying fate, And share the mournful privilege of tears. But when I think that for the lover more Than for the brother bursts thy sorrow's tide, Then rage and envy mingle with my pain, And hope's last balm forsakes my withering soul? Nor joyful, as beseems, can I requite This injured shade:—yet after him content To mercy's throne my contrite spirit shall fly, Sped by this hand — if dying I may know That in one urn our ashes shall repose, With pious office of a sister's care.

He throws his arms around her with passionate tenderness.

I loved thee, as I ne'er had loved before, When thon wert strange; and that I bear the curse Of brother's blood, 'tis but because I loved thee With measurcless transport: love was all my guilt, But now thon art my sister, and I claim Soft pity's tribute.

[He regards her with inquiring glances, and an air of painful suspense — then turns away with vehemence.

No! in this dread presence
I cannot bear these tears — my courage flies
And doubt distracts my soul. Go, weep in secret —
Leave me in error's maze — but never, never,
Behold me more: I will not look again
On thee, nor on thy mother. Oh! how passion
Laid bare her secret heart! She never loved me!
She mourned her best-loved son — that was her cry
Of grief — and naught was mine but show of fondness!

And thou art false as she! make no disguise—Recoil with horror from my sight—this form Shall never shock thee more—begone forever!

[Exit.]
[She stands irresolute in a tumult of conflicting passions—then tears herself from the spot.

Chorus (Cajetan).

Happy the man — his lot I prize — That far from pomps and turmoil vain, Childlike on nature's bosom lies Amid the stillness of the plain. My heart is sad in the princely hall, When from the towering pride of state, I see with headlong rain fall, How swift! the good and great! And he — from fortune's storm at rest — Smiles, in the quiet haven laid Who, timely warned, has owned how blest The refuge of the eloistered shade; To honor's race has bade farewell, Its idle joys and empty shows; Insatiate wishes learned to quell, And fulled in wisdom's calm repose:— No more shall passion's maddening brood Impel the busy scenes to try, Nor on his peaceful cell intrude The form of sad humanity! 'Mid erowds and strife each mortal ill Abides — the grisly train of woe Shuns like the pest the breezy hill, To haunt the smoky marts below.

BERENGAR, BOHEMUND, and MANFRED.

On the mountains is freedom! the breath of decay Never sullies the fresh flowing air; Oh, Nature is perfect wherever we stray; 'Tis man that deforms it with care.

The whole Chorus repeats.

On the mountains is freedom, etc., etc.

DON CASAR, the Chorus.

Don Cæsar (more collected).

I use the princely rights—'tis the last time—
To give this body to the ground, and pay
Fit honors to the dead. So mark, my friends.

My bosom's firm resolve, and quick fulfil
Your lord's behest. Fresh in your memory lives
The mournful pomp, when to the tomb ye bore
So late my royal sire; scaree in these halls
Are stilled the echoes of the funeral wail;—
Another corpse succeeds, and in the grave
Weighs down its fellow-dust — almost our torch
With borrowed lustre from the last, may pierce
The monumental gloom; and on the stair,
Blends in one throng confused two mourning trains
Then in the sacred royal dome that guards
The ashes of my sire, prepare with speed
The funeral rites; unseen of mortal eye,
And noiseless be your task — let all be graced,
As then, with circumstances of kingly state.

Bohem. My prince, it shall be quickly done; for still Upreared, the gorgeous catafalque recalls The dread solemnity; no hand disturbed

The edifiee of death.

DON CÆSAR. The yawning grave
Amid the haunts of life? No goodly sign
Was this: the rites fulfilled, why lingered yet
The trappings of the funeral show?

With fresh embittered hate o'er all Messina
Woke discord's maddening flames, and from the

Our eares withdrew — so resolute remained, And closed the sanctuary.

Don Cæsar. Make no delay;
This very night fulfil your task, for well
Beseems the midnight gloom! To-morrow's sun
Shall find this palaee eleansed of every stain,
And light a happier raee.

[Exit the Second Chorus, with the body of Don Manuel.

CAJETAN. Shall I invite
The brotherhood of monks, with rights ordained
By holy church of old, to celebrate
The office of departed souls, and hymn
The buried one to everlasting rest?

Don C. Their strains above my tomb shall sound forever

Amid the torches' blaze — no solemn rites Beseem the day when gory murder seares Heaven's pardoning grace.

Cajetan. Oh, let not wild despair Tempt thee to impious, rash resolve. My prince No mortal arm shall e'er avenge this deed; And penance calms, with soft, atoning power, The wrath on high.

Don Cesar. If for eternal justice
Earth has no minister, myself shall wield
The avenging sword; though heaven, with gracious
ear,

Inclines to sinners' prayers, with blood alone Atoned is murder's guilt.

Of dire misfortune, that with maddening rage
Bursts o'er your house, were nobler than to pile
Accumulated woe.

Don Cæsar. The curse of old
Shall die with me! Death self-imposed alone
Can break the ehain of fate.

A sovereign to this orphaned land, by thee
Robbed of its other lord!

Don Cæsar. The avenging gods
Demand their prey — some other deity
May guard the living!

CAJETAN. Wide as e'er the sun In glory beams, the realm of hope extends; But — oh remember! nothing may we gain From Death!

Don Cæsar Remember thou thy vassal's duty;
Remember and be silent! Leave to me
To follow, as I list, the spirit of power
That leads me to the goal. No happy one
May look into my breast: but if thy prince
Owns not a subject's homage, dread at least
The murderer!—the accursed!—and to the head
Of the unhappy—sacred to the gods—

Give honors due. The pangs that rend my soul—What I have suffered—what I feel—have left No place for earthly thoughts!

Donna Isabella, Don Cæsar, The Chorus.

Isabella (enters with hesitating steps, and looks irresolutely towards Don Cæsar; at last she approaches, and addresses him with collected tones).

I thought mine eyes should ne'er behold thee more; Thus I had vowed despairing! Oh, my son! How quickly all a mothers's strong resolves Melt into air! 'Twas but the ery of rage That stifled nature's pleading voice; but now What tidings of mysterious import eall me From the desolate chambers of my sorrow? Shall I believe it? Is it true? one day Robs me of both my sons?

Chorus.

Behold! with willing steps and free,

Thy son prepares to tread

The paths of dark eternity—

The silent mansions of the dead.

My prayers are vain; but thou, with power confessed,

Of nature's holiest passion, storm his breast!

Isab. I call the curses back — that in the frenzy
Of blind despair on thy beloved head
I poured. A mother may not curse the child
That from her nourishing breast drew life, and gave
Sweet recompense for all her travail past;
Heaven would not hear the impious vows; they fell
With quick rebound, and heavy with my tears
Down from the flaming vault!

Live! live! my son!

For I may rather bear to look on thee—
The murderer of one child—than weep for both!

Don C. Heedless and vain, my mother, are thy prayers
For me and for thyself; I have no place
Among the living: if thine eyes may brook
The murderer's sight abhorred—I could not bear
The mute reproach of thy eternal sorrow.

Isab. Silent or loud, my son, reproach shall never
Disturb thy breast — ne'er in these halls shall sound
The voice of wailing, gently on my tears
My griefs shall flow away: the sport alike
Of pitiless fate together we will mourn,
And veil the deed of blood.

Don Cæsar (with a faltering voice, and taking her hand).

Thus it shall be,

My mother — thus with silent, gentle woe
Thy grief shall fade: but when one common tomb
The murderer and his vietim closes round —
When o'er our dust one monumental stone
Is rolled — the eurse shall cease — thy love no more
Unequal bless thy sons: the precious tears
Thine eyes of beauty weep shall sanctify
Alike our memories. Yes! In death are quenched
The fires of rage; and hatred owns subdued,
The mighty reconciler. Pity bends
An angel form above the funeral urn,
With weeping, dear embrace. Then to the tomb
Stay not my passage: — Oh, forbid me not,
Thus with atoning sacrifice to quell
The curse of heaven.

Isabella. All Christendom is rich
In shrines of mercy, where the troubled heart
May find repose. Oh! many a heavy burden
Have sinners in Loretto's mansion laid;
And Heaven's peculiar blessing breathes around
The grave that has redeemed the world! The prayers
Of the devout are precious—fraught with store
Of grace, they win forgiveness from the skies;—
And on the soil by gory murder stained
Shall rise the purifying fane.

Don Cæsar. We pluck
The arrow from the wound — but the torn heart
Shall ne'er be healed. Let him who can, drag on
A weary life of penance and of pain,
To cleanse the spot of everlasting guilt;
I would not live the victim of despair;
No! I must meet with beaming eye the smile
Of happy ones, and breathe erect the air

Of liberty and joy. While yet alike We shared thy love, then o'er my days of youth Pale envy cast his withering shade; and now, Think'st thou my heart could brook the dearer ties That bind thee in thy sorrow to the dead? Death, in his undecaying palace throned, To the pure diamond of perfect virtue Sublimes the mortal, and with chastening fire Each gathered stain of frail humanity Purges and burns away: high as the stars Tower o'er this earthly sphere, he soars above me; And as by ancient hate dissevered long, Brethren and equal denizens we lived, So now my restless soul with envy pines, That he has won from me the glorious prize Of immortality, and like a god

In memory marches on to times unborn!

ISAB. My sons! Why have I called you to Messina

To find for each a grave? I brought ve hither

To calm your strife to peace. Lo! Fate has

turned

My hopes to blank despair.

Don Cæsar. Whate'er was spoke,
My mother, is fulfilled! Blame not the end
By Heaven ordained. We trode our father's halls
With hopes of peace; and reconciled forever,
Together we shall sleep in death.

Isabella. My son,
Live for thy mother! In the stranger's land,
Say, wouldst thou leave me friendless and alone,
To cruel scorn a prey—no filial arm
To shield my helpless age?

When all the world With heartless taunts pursues thee, to our grave For refuge fly, my mother, and invoke Thy sons' divinity — we shall be gods!

And we will hear thy prayers: — and as the twins Of heaven, a beaming star of comfort shine To the tossed shipman — we will hover near thee With present help, and soothe thy troubled soul!

Isab. Live — for thy mother, live, my son — Must I lose all?

[She throws her arms about him with passionate emotion. He gently disengages himself, and turning his face away extends to her his hand.

Don Cæsar. Farewell!

Too well my tortured bosom owns how weak
A mother's prayers: a mightier voice shall sound
Resistless on thy heart.

[She goes towards the entrance of the scene.

My daughter, come.

A brother ealls him to the realms of night; Perehanee with golden hues of earthly joy The sister, the beloved, may gently lure The wanderer to life again.

Beatrice appears at the entrance of the scene.

Donna Isabella, Don Cæsar, and the Chorus.

Don Cæsar (on seeing her, covers his face with his hands).

My mother!

What hast thou done?

IEABELLA (leading Beatrice forwards).

A mother's prayers are vain!

Kneel at his feet — conjure him — melt his heart!
Oh, bid him live!

Don Cæsar. Deceitful mother, thus
Thou triest thy son! And wouldst thou stir my soul
Again to passion's strife, and make the sun
Beloved once more, now when I tread the paths
Of everlasting night? See where he stands—
Angel of life!—and wondrous beautiful,
Shakes from his plenteous horn the fragrant store
Of golden fruits and flowers, that breathe around
Divinest airs of joy;—my heart awakes
In the warm sunbeam—hope returns, and life
Thrills in my breast anew.

Isabella (to Beatrice). Thou wilt prevail!

Or none! Implore him that he live, nor rob

The staff and comfort of our days.

The loved one BEATRICE.

A sacrifice demands. Oh, let me die To soothe a brother's shade! Yes, I will be The vietim! Ere I saw the light forewarned To death, I live a wrong to heaven! The curse Pursues me still:—'twas I that slew thy son— I waked the slumbering furies of their strife — Be mine the atoning blood!

Cajetan. Ill-fated mother! Impatient all thy children haste to doom, And leave thee on the desolate waste alone

Of joyous life.

Oh, spare thy precious days BEATRICE. For nature's band. Thy mother needs a son; My brother, live for her! Light were the pang To lose a daughter—but a moment shown, Then snatehed away!

Don Cæsar (with deep emotion). 'Tis one to live or die

Blest with a sister's love!

BEATRICE. Say — dost thou envy

Thy brother's ashes?

In thy grief he lives Don Cæsar.

A hallowed life! - my doom is death forever!

Beat. My brother!

Don Cæsar. Sister! are thy tears for me?

Beat. Live for our mother!

Don Cæsar (dropping her hand, and stepping back). For our mother?

Beatrice (hiding her head in his breast). Live For her and for thy sister!

Chorus (Bohemund). She has won! Resistless are her prayers. Despairing mother, Awake to hope again — his choice is made!

Thy son shall live!

At this moment an anthem is heard. The foldingdoors are thrown open, and in the church is seen the catafulque erected, and the coffin surrounded with candlesticks.

DON CESAR (turning to the coffin). I will not rob thee, brother!

The sacrifice is thine: - Hark! from the tomb,

Mightier than mother's tears, or sister's love,
Thy voice resistless eries: — my arms enfold
A treasure, potent with eelestial joys,
To deck this earthly sphere, and make a lot
Worthy the gods! but shall I live in bliss,
While in the tomb thy sainted innocence
Sleeps unavenged? Thou, Ruler of our days,
All just — all wise — let not the world behold
Thy partial care! I saw her tears! — enough —
They flowed for me! I am content: my brother!
I come!

[He stabs himself with a dagger, and falls dead at his sister's feet. She throws herself into her mother's arms.

Thorus, Cajetan (after a deep silence).

In dread amaze I stand, nor know If I should mourn his fate. One truth revealed Speaks in my breast;—no good supreme is life? But all of earthly ills the chief is—Guilt!









Schiller, Friedrich Historical dramas



